## **Individual and Consolidated Financial Statements**

Lojas Quero-Quero S.A.

December 31, 2024 with Independent Auditor's Report



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A free translation from Portuguese into English of Independent Auditor's Report on individual and consolidated financial statements prepared in Brazilian currency in accordance with the accounting practices adopted in Brazil and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB)

# Independent auditor's report on individual and consolidated financial statements

To the Shareholders, Board of Directors and Officers of **Lojas Quero-Quero S.A.** 

#### Opinion

We have audited the individual and consolidated financial statements of Lojas Quero-Quero S.A. (the "Company"), identified as Parent and Consolidated, respectively, which comprise the balance sheets as at December 31, 2024 and the statements of profit or loss, of comprehensive income (loss), of changes in equity, and of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the individual and consolidated financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2024, and its individual and consolidated financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting practices adopted in Brazil and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) (currently referred to by the IFRS Foundation as IFRS standards).

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the individual and consolidated financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company and its subsidiaries in accordance with the relevant ethical principles set forth in the Code of Professional Ethics for Accountants, the professional standards issued by Brazil's National Association of State Boards of Accountancy (CFC) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key audit matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the individual and consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide an individual opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter, including any commentary on the findings or outcome of our procedures, is provided in that context.



We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the individual and consolidated financial statements" section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

#### Revenue recognition

As disclosed in Note 26 to the individual and consolidated financial statements, a substantial portion of the Company's revenues are related to the retail, financial services, and credit card business activities. Retail-related revenues refer to goods sold in stores and comprise a large volume of low-value decentralized transactions, which are recognized when the goods are delivered to the customer. Revenue from financial services arise from the sale of financial products from partner companies, for which the Company receives commissions. Revenues from credit cards consist of an administration fee charged to accredited companies based on credit card transaction amounts and revenue from annual fees charged to credit card users. Revenue from financial services and credit cards is manually recognized by the accounting department at the end of the month. Due to the high degree of digitalization of the recognition process of the retail-related revenue, the large volume of billed items, the significance of the controls associated with the billing process, and measurement of financial services and credit card revenues, as well as the representativeness such revenues in the set of financial statements, this was considered a key audit matter.

#### How our audit addressed this matter

Our audit procedures included, among others: (a) the understanding of the sales process at the Parent Company and its subsidiaries, including the time of recognition of revenues and respective accounts receivable; (b) analysis of monthly changes in revenue balances recognized by the Company, in order to assess the existence of changes contrary to our expectations established based on our knowledge of the industry and of the Company; (c) reconciliation of gross revenue balances with auxiliary billing reports; (d) assessment of sales transactions occurring before or after the year-end closing date, to ensure that revenue has been recognized in the correct period; (e) assessment of manual entries made directly in the accounting system; (f) assessment of disclosures made by the Company in the notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements. Based on the result of the audit procedures carried out, we understand that the revenue recognition criteria adopted by the Executive Board, as well as the respective disclosures in the explanatory notes, are acceptable in the context of the financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Realization of deferred income tax and social contribution

As disclosed in Note 12, the Company and its subsidiaries record deferred tax assets in the amounts of R\$204,084 thousand and R\$208,741 thousand (R\$179,858 thousand and R\$183,303 thousand as of December 31, 2023), Parent and Consolidated, respectively, recognized on income tax/social contribution losses and deductible temporary differences. An analysis of the realization of the deferred tax asset is significant for our audit due to the magnitude of the amounts recorded in the individual and consolidated financial statements, and also due to the complexity and subjectivity involved in the process of preparing and reviewing the projections of future profit or loss that support the realization of the deferred tax asset. These projections are made based on assumptions that are affected by future expectations regarding economic and market conditions.



#### How our audit addressed this matter

Our audit procedures included, among others: (a) review of projections of future profit or loss based on the business plan prepared by management, including an assessment of the key assumptions and the methodology used; (b) review of the calculation bases for the deferred tax asset; (c) analysis of the disclosures made in Note 12 to the individual and consolidated financial statements. These procedures were carried out with the assistance of our tax specialists. Based on the result of the audit procedures carried out on the recoverability of the deferred tax asset, which is consistent with management's assessment, we consider that the criteria and assumptions adopted by management in the preparation of the projections that support the analysis of the realization of the deferred tax asset, as well as the respective disclosures in Note 12, are acceptable in the context of the individual and consolidated financial statements as a whole.

#### Other matters

#### Statements of value added

The individual and consolidated statements of value added (SVA) for the year ended December 31, 2024, prepared under the responsibility of the Company's executive board, the presentation of which is required as supplementary information under IFRS, have been subject to audit procedures in conjunction with the audit of the Company's individual and consolidated financial statements. For the purposes of forming our opinion, we evaluated whether these statements are reconciled with the financial statements and accounting records, as applicable, and whether their form and content are in accordance with the criteria provided for in Accounting Pronouncement CPC 09 - Statement of Value Added. In our opinion, these individual and consolidated statements of value added were fairly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the criteria set forth in CPC 09, and are consistent with the individual and consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

# Other information accompanying the individual and consolidated financial statements and the auditor's report

The executive board is responsible for such other information, which comprise the Management Report.

Our opinion on the individual and consolidated financial statements does not cover the Management Report and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with the audit of the individual and consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management Report and, in doing so, consider whether this report is materially inconsistent with the individual and consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the Management Report, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



# Responsibilities of the executive board and those charged with governance for the individual and consolidated financial statements

The executive board is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the individual and consolidated financial statements in accordance with the accounting practices adopted in Brazil and with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) (currently referred to by the IFRS Foundation as IFRS standards), and for such internal control as the executive board determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the individual and consolidated financial statements, the executive board is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the executive board either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's and its subsidiaries' financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the individual and consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the individual and consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identified and assessed risks of material misstatements of the individual and consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, designed and performed audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtained audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtained an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's and its subsidiaries' internal control.
- Evaluated the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the executive board.
- Concluded on the appropriateness of the executive board's use of the going concern basis of
  accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists
  related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue



as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the individual and consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluated the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the individual and consolidated financial statements represent the corresponding transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report, unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Porto Alegre, February 25, 2025.

ERNST & YOUNG Auditores Independentes S.S. Ltda. CRC SP-015199/F

Arthur Ramos Arruda

Accountant CRC-RS096102/O-0

#### MESSAGE FROM ADMINISTRATION

For Lojas Quero-Quero, 2024 was a remarkable year. We have made new achievements, expanded our presence in the market and strengthened our commitment to sustainability, innovation and social responsibility. We celebrated the company's 57th anniversary, reaffirming our mission to offer complete solutions for our customers' homes and generate a positive impact in the communities where we operate.

Despite our expectations of improvement, we once again faced a challenging macroeconomic environment, with food inflation putting pressure on discretionary income, a significant increase in interest rates and the impacts of the floods in Rio Grande do Sul, where most of our operations are concentrated. The floods represented a major challenge, but also an opportunity to reaffirm our values. From the first moment, we mobilized efforts to support affected communities and employees, donating more than 1,000 tons of essential items, turning our stores into collection points and offering special conditions for the purchase of products needed for reconstruction. Despite the operational and financial impacts, we managed to reform and reopen all the affected stores by June, demonstrating our capacity for fast response and operational resilience.

Even against this scenario, we maintained consistent results. With volumes stabilizing at the end of 2023 and prices recovering throughout 2024, the average ticket went up again, after a period of deflation since the end of 2022. The home appliances and furniture lines maintained a positive performance, driven by additional demand in the state of Rio Grande do Sul, while the building materials segment showed a gradual recovery, with clearer signs of recovery in 4Q24.

We posted growth of 11.2% in consolidated revenue and 6.3% in Same Store Sales (SSS), reaching 6.9% in 4Q24, maintaining the positive trajectory. In addition, we recorded a 48.3% increase in Adjusted EBITDA compared to the previous year, demonstrating the resilience of our business model and the efficiency of our strategy, even in a challenging economic context. We remain steadfast in our strategy of sustainable growth, with a focus on operating cash flow and financial discipline. We ended the year with practically the same net debt as in 2023, at R\$87 million, reinforcing our financial solidity and investment capacity, even in a demanding scenario. In December, we also approved the distribution of interest on equity and, at the same time, a private capital increase of an equivalent amount.

In addition, we continued to focus on our strategy of long-term investment and sustainable growth. In the last quarter, we opened 5 new stores, bringing the total to 22 openings by 2024 and reaching 573 units in operation. With 275 stores still in the maturity phase, that is, with less than 5 years of operation, we see great potential for growth, in line with the maturity curve observed over the last decade. This maturity ensures that growth is already contracted for the coming years, positively influencing the company's performance this year.

Financial Services continued to be one of Lojas Quero-Quero's main competitive differentiators. The volume of VerdeCard transactions grew by 18.8%, driven by increased use in partner establishments (off-us) and by customers' growing adherence to our financial solutions. Delinquencies over 90 days remained under control, at 10.9%, while we strengthened our credit structure with new issues of senior quotas of the FIDC VerdeCard, totaling R\$400 million, reaffirming the efficiency and sustainability of the model.

Throughout the year, we made progress in our environmental, social and governance (ESG) practices. We maintained the silver seal in the Public Emissions Register of the Brazilian GHG Protocol Program and were once again recognized by Institutional Investor as one of the most respected companies in Latin America in terms of corporate governance. We continued to promote sustainability initiatives, such as the operation of our six photovoltaic plants, which helped reduce  $CO_2$  emissions by more than 1,500 tons in the period.

We ended 2024 overcoming significant adversity, delivering consistent results and making a positive impact on the communities where we operate. The resilience of our business model and the growing performance of our maturing stores reaffirm our commitment to sustainability and generating value for all our stakeholders.

We thank our shareholders, employees, customers and partners for their continued trust and support. We are ready to continue on a path of sustainable growth, innovation and excellence, building an even more promising future together.



## **2024** EARNINGS RELEASE

Cachoeirinha, February 26, 2025.

# ADJUSTED EBITDA GROWS +48.3% IN 2024. SAME-STORE SALES GREW 6.3% IN THE YEAR.

Gross Revenue, Net of Returns and Rebates grew by 11.2% in 2024, totaling R\$3,054.9 million. The Same Store Sales (SSS) indicator grew by 6.3% in 2024.

Gross Profit totaled R\$928.1 million in the year, up 12.4% on the previous year. Gross margin (% of Gross Revenue) was 30.4% in the year (+0.3 p.p. vs. 2023). This increase is mainly attributable to the improvement in the retail margin.

**EBITDA Adjusted** for Stock Option Plan (SOP) expenses, the effects of IFRS-16 accounting and non-recurring items **grew 48.3% compared to the previous year, totaling R\$94.1 million**. In the year, the Adjusted EBITDA margin was 3.1%, an increase of 0.8 p.p. EBITDA totaled 236.9 million.

Reported Net Profit was R\$0.1 million for the year. Adjusted Net Income totaled a loss of R\$18.1 million for the year, excluding the impacts of SOP, the effects of IFRS-16 and non-recurring items.

#### **HIGHLIGHTS**

			% 2024
Consolidated Information (R\$ million)	2024	2023	vs 2023
Gross Revenue, Net of Returns and Rebates	3,054.9	2,747.9	11.2%
Net Operating Revenue <sup>1</sup>	2,666.3	2,398.1	11.2%
Gross profit	928.1	826.0	12.4%
Gross Margin (% Net Revenue)	34.8%	34.4%	0.4p.p.
Gross Margin (% Gross Revenue)	30.4%	30.1%	0.3p.p.
Operating expenses	(822.5)	(723.0)	(13.8%)
EBITDA	236.9	227.9	3.9%
EBITDA Margin (% Net Revenue)	8.9%	9.5%	(0.6)p.p.
EBITDA Margin (% Gross Revenue)	7.8%	8.3%	(0.5)p.p.
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>2</sup>	94.1	63.5	48.3%
Adjusted EBITDA Margin (% Net Revenue)	3.5%	2.6%	0.9p.p.
Adjusted EBITDA Margin (% Gross Revenue)	3.1%	2.3%	0.8p.p.
Net Income (Loss)	0.1	19.7	(99.3%)
Net Margin (% Net Revenue)	0.0%	0.8%	(0.8)p.p.
Net Margin (% Gross Revenue)	0.0%	0.7%	(0.7)p.p.
Adjusted Net Income (Loss) <sup>3</sup>	(18.1)	(16.9)	(7.3%)
Adjusted Net Margin (% Net Revenue)	(0.7%)	(0.7%)	0.0p.p.
Adjusted Net Margin (% Gross Revenue)	(0.6%)	(0.6%)	0.0p.p.
Same Store Sales Growth (SSS)	6.3%	(4.8%)	

<sup>(1)</sup> As of 4Q19, ROL (Net Operating Revenue) includes the effect of the change in ICMS-ST/RS legislation (decree 54.308/2018) and as of 1Q22 includes the effect of adherence to the tax option regime (ROT ST) for ICMS-ST/RS (decree 56.150/2021).

<sup>(2)</sup> Adjusted EBITDA is a non-accounting measure of the Company that corresponds to EBITDA plus non-recurring or non-operating items, deducting the impact of IFRS16/CPC06 (R2) from 2019.

<sup>(3)</sup> Adjusted Net Income is a non-accounting measure that corresponds to Net Income plus non-recurring or non-operating items, deducting the impact of IFRS16/CPC06 (R2) from 2019 onwards.

#### CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS

			% 2024
Consolidated Income Statements (R\$ million)	2024	2023	vs 2023
Gross Revenue, net of returns and rebates	3,054.9	2,747.9	11.2%
Taxes	(388.6)	(349.7)	(11.1%)
Net operating revenue	2,666.3	2,398.1	11.2%
Goods sold	1,797.1	1,652.4	8.8%
Services rendered	869.2	745.7	16.6%
Cost of sales and services	(1,738.2)	(1,572.1)	(10.6%)
Gross profit	928.1	826.0	12.4%
Operating income (expenses)	(822.5)	(723.0)	(13.8%)
Selling expenses	(581.2)	(535.3)	(8.6%)
General and administrative expenses	(267.8)	(242.0)	(10.6%)
Other operating expenses, net	26.5	54.3	(51.2%)
Operating profit (loss) before finance income (costs),	105.7	103.0	2.6%
Finance income (costs), net	(120.9)	(105.9)	(14.1%)
Finance costs	(202.8)	(182.7)	(11.0%)
Finance income	82.0	76.7	6.8%
Profit before income tax and social contribution	(15.2)	(2.9)	(424.0%)
Current and deferred income tax and social	15.4	22.6	(31.9%)
Net Income (Loss)	0.1	19.7	(99.3%)

#### **OPERATING PERFORMANCE**

The company ended 2024 with 573 stores, opening a total of 22 new stores and closing 1 store during the year. Compared to 2023, growth was 3.8% and 3.2% in the store base and sales area, respectively.

				% 2024
Operational Information	2	024	2023	vs 2023
Total stores		573	552	3.8%
Rio Grande do Sul		303	298	1.7%
Santa Catarina		87	86	1.2%
Paraná		152	143	6.3%
Mato Grosso do Sul		14	11	27.3%
São Paulo		17	14	21.4%
Sales area (000s m²)		381	369	3.2%

Of the total of 573 stores, 27 are in the traditional format, 368 Mais Construção I, 142 Mais Construção II and 36 Mais Construção III. Of the 573 stores, 340 stores (59%) have been in operation for more than 5 years; 183 stores (32%) between 2 and 5 years; and 50 stores (9%) have been in operation for less than 2 years.

#### FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

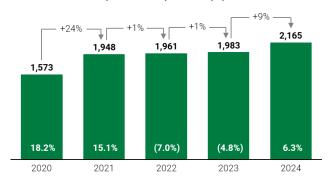
#### Gross Revenue, Net of Returns and Rebates (Gross Revenue)

In the year to date, Gross Revenue totaled R\$3,054.9 million, representing a positive variation of 11.2% compared to 2023. Revenue growth resulted from the positive performance of the 3 business activities.

			% 2024
Business Activities (R\$ million)	2024	2023	vs 2023
Gross Revenue, Net of Returns and Rebates	3,054.9	2,747.9	11.2%
Retail	2,164.7	1,983.3	9.1%
Financial services	797.5	683.1	16.8%
Credit card	92.7	81.5	13.7%

The Retail business activity grew by 9.1% compared to 2023, accounting for 70.9% of total revenues. Same Store Sales (SSS) grew by 6.3% in 2024. The improved performance of SSS over the year was driven by a gradual recovery in volumes and the reversal of the price deflation seen in the previous year to slight inflation this year. The floods in Rio Grande do Sul generated additional demand in the second and third quarters, as the affected communities sought to get back on their feet.

#### Retail Revenue (R\$ million) e SSS (%)

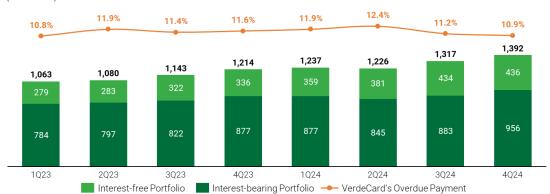


Gross Revenue from Financial Services totaled R\$797.5 million in 2024, an increase of 16.8% compared to the previous year. The net portfolio with interest (originated by VerdeCard cards) at the end of the period was R\$956 million, a growth of 9.0% compared to 2023. The overdue amount on the VerdeCard portfolio¹ was 10.9%, compared to an overdue amount of 11.6% at the end of 2023, a reduction of 0.5 p.p. The company's conservative stance on credit, combined with its collection operations, has allowed it to keep its delinquency indicators under control.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> VerdeCard gross portfolio with interest (FIDC and Partnerships) and interest-free overdue for more than 90 days divided by the VerdeCard gross portfolio with interest (FIDC and Partnerships) and interest-free up to 360 days, end-of-month positions.

#### **VerdeCard Net Portfolio**

(R\$ million)



The Credit Card activity showed revenue growth of 13.7% in 2024. The volume transacted with the Quero-Quero VerdeCard credit card in our stores (on-us) grew by 6.3% in 2024, compared to the previous year. On the other hand, the volume transacted with the card outside the store (off-us) grew by 27.4% in 2024. This increase is attributable to more customers activating the card.



(R\$ million)



#### **Net Operating Revenue**

Net Operating Revenue totaled R\$2,666.3 million in 2024, compared to R\$2,398.1 million in 2023, representing a growth of 11.2%.

#### **Gross Profit**

The company ended 2024 with a total Gross Profit of R\$928.1 million, an increase of 12.4% compared to 2023.

Due to accounting changes arising from changes in tax rules over the years, in our view, the best margin comparison is through gross margin over Gross Revenue. Under this criterion, the consolidated margin was 30.4% in 2024, 0.3 p.p. higher than the gross margin in 2023.

The Gross Margin over Retail Gross Revenue was 23.1% in 2024, an increase of 0.4 p.p. compared to the same period in 2023. The slight improvement in the margin partly reflects the

return of inflation from the second half of the year, which allowed for a more favorable pricing environment.

The margin of services provided over Gross Revenue was 48.0% in 2024, compared to 48.9% in 2023. As of September, we began to see pressure on the margin of services provided due to the increase in the Selic rate, which had an impact on the cost of capital, despite the stability of defaults over the last twelve months.

			% 2024
(In %)	2024	2023	vs 2023
Margins (% of Net Revenue)			
Gross Margin	34.8%	34.4%	0.4p.p.
Gross Margin - Goods sold	27.9%	27.3%	0.5p.p.
Gross Margin - Services provided	49.2%	50.2%	(1.0p.p.)
EBITDA Margin	8.9%	9.5%	(0.6p.p.)
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	3.5%	2.6%	0.9p.p.
Net Margin	0.0%	0.8%	(0.8p.p.)
Adjusted Net Margin	(0.7%)	(0.7%)	0.0p.p.
Margins (% Gross Revenue)			
Gross Margin <sup>1</sup>	30.4%	30.1%	0.3p.p.
Gross Margin - Goods sold <sup>2</sup>	23.1%	22.8%	0.4p.p.
Gross Margin - Services provided <sup>3</sup>	48.0%	48.9%	(0.9p.p.)
EBITDA Margin	7.8%	8.3%	(0.5p.p.)
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	3.1%	2.3%	0.8p.p.
Net Margin	0.0%	0.7%	(0.7p.p.)
Adjusted Net Margin	(0.6%)	(0.6%)	0.0p.p.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Gross Margin (% Gross Revenue) = Gross Profit/Gross Revenue. Used to maintain revenue comparability due to tax changes.

### **Operating Expenses**

In 2024, Operating Expenses totaled R\$822.5 million, representing an increase of 13.8% over the previous year.

			% 2024
Operating Expenses (R\$ million)	2024	2023	vs 2023
Operational expenses	(822.5)	(723.0)	(13.8%)
Selling expenses	(581.2)	(535.3)	(8.6%)
General and administrative expenses	(267.8)	(242.0)	(10.6%)
Other operating expenses, net	26.5	54.3	(51.2%)

**Sales expenses:** growth of 8.6% in the year. This performance is mainly attributable to the additional expenses resulting from organic expansion (21 new stores compared to the previous year, an increase of 3.8%) and expense inflation.

**General and Administrative Expenses:** an increase of 10.6% in 2024 compared to the previous year. This growth is mainly attributable to (i) the reflection of inflation in the period on the Company's expenses, and (ii) the increase in depreciation and amortization expenses on investments in line with the long-term organic growth strategy.

Other (income) operating expenses, net: totaled R\$26.5 million in revenue for the year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Gross Margin on the Sale of Goods (% Gross Revenue) = Gross Profit from the Sale of Goods/Gross Revenue of the Retail business activity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Gross Margin Services Provided (% Gross Revenue) = Gross Profit from Services Provided / (Gross Revenue from the Financial Services business activity + Gross Revenue from the Credit Card business activity).

At the end of the second quarter (2Q24), the balance of credits related to the Repetitive Theme No. 1,125 of the STJ totaled R\$150.8 million. The company's lawsuit on the subject was judged by the Federal Regional Court of the 4th Region, following the decision of the Repetitive Theme, and became final on August 2, 2024, making it possible to clear the credits for compensation still in the year. As a result, the credits enabled for use totaled R\$125.7 million at the end of 2024, which can be used over the next few quarters.

#### **Financial Result**

In 2024, the Net Financial Result represented a financial expense of R\$120.9 million, up from an expense of R\$105.9 million in 2023, corresponding to a growth of 14.1%.

			% 2024
Finance income (R\$ million)	2024	2023	vs 2023
Finance income (costs), net	(120.9)	(105.9)	(14.1%)
Finance costs	(202.8)	(182.7)	(11.0%)
Finance income	82.0	76.7	6.8%

#### **Net Profit**

The company recorded Net Accounting Income of R\$0.1 million in 2024.

As in the previous year, the company's net profit was positively influenced by the recognition of tax credits. In 2023, the company recorded R\$53.6 million in credits, while in 2024 this amount was R\$28.2 million. This difference, added to the macroeconomic scenario, contributed to the reduction in net income in the period.

Adjusted Net Income, excluding the effect of the Stock Option Plan, the effect of adopting IFRS-16 and non-recurring items, totaled a loss of R\$18.1 million for the year.

			% 2024
Adjusted Net Profit Reconciliation (\$ million)	2024	2023	vs 2023
Net Income (Loss)	0.1	19.7	(99.3%)
Net Margin (% Net Revenue)	0.0%	0.8%	(0.8)p.p.
Net Margin (% Gross Revenue)	0.0%	0.7%	(0.7)p.p.
(+) Stock Option Plan (SOP)	4.2	8.9	(52.9%)
(+) Impact of the IFRS16/CPC06's adoption	5.8	8.1	(28.7%)
(+) Non-recurring itens	(28.2)	(53.6)	47.3%
(=) Adjusted Net Income (Loss)	(18.1)	(16.9)	(7.3%)
Adjusted Net Margin (% Net Revenue)	(0.7%)	(0.7%)	0.0p.p.
Adjusted Net Margin (% Gross Revenue)	(0.6%)	(0.6%)	0.0p.p.

#### **EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA**

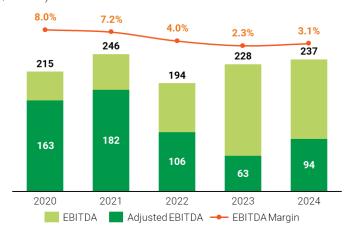
O EBITDA totaled R\$236.9 million for the year, an increase of 3.9% compared to 2023.

EBITDA Adjusted for Stock Option Plan (SOP) expenses, the effects of IFRS-16 accounting and non-recurring results, totaled R\$94.1 million for the year, a growth of 48.3% over the same period.

			% 2024
EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA reconciliation (R\$ million)	2024	2023	vs 2023
Net Income (Loss)	0.1	19.7	(99.3%)
(+) Income tax and social contribution	(15.4)	(22.6)	31.9%
(+) Finance income (costs), net	120.9	105.9	14.1%
(+) Depreciation and Amortization	131.3	124.9	5.1%
(=) EBITDA	236.9	227.9	3.9%
EBITDA Margin (% Net Revenue)	8.9%	9.5%	(0.6)p.p.
EBITDA Margin (% Gross Revenue)	7.8%	8.3%	(0.5)p.p.
(+) Stock Option Plan (SOP)	4.2	8.9	(52.9%)
(+) Non-recurring itens	(34.2)	(65.1)	47.5%
(-) Impact of the adoption of IFRS16 / CPC06	(112.8)	(108.2)	(4.2%)
(=) Adjusted EBITDA	94.1	63.5	48.3%
Adjusted EBITDA Margin (% Net Revenue)	3.5%	2.6%	0.9p.p.
Adjusted EBITDA Margin (% Gross Revenue)	3.1%	2.3%	0.8p.p.

### **EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA**





#### **Adjusted Net Debt**

On December 31, 2024, the company's Adjusted Net Debt was R\$87.2 million. The financial leverage indicator, Adjusted Net Debt divided by EBITDA for the last twelve months, was 0.4x.

During the second quarter, the 10th and 11th senior quotas of FIDC Verdecard were issued, totaling R\$400 million, with a brAAA (sf) rating from Standard & Poors Global Rating.

Due to the seasonality of working capital, we historically see cash consumption in the first half of the year and cash generation in the second.

Net Debt and Adjusted Net Debt (R\$ million)	4Q24	3Q24	2Q24	1Q24	4Q23	4Q22
Loans and financing	534.5	570.2	594.0	525.7	501.3	413.1
Current	196.1	179.5	155.7	106.5	111.3	64.1
No Current	338.4	390.7	438.4	419.2	390.0	348.9
(-) Cash and Financial Investments	(653.0)	(652.6)	(800.4)	(354.3)	(531.6)	(492.3)
Cash and cash equivalents	(489.9)	(482.3)	(631.2)	(246.1)	(421.4)	(416.8)
Short-term investments	(163.1)	(170.3)	(169.2)	(108.1)	(110.2)	(75.5)
Net debt	(118.5)	(82.4)	(206.4)	171.5	(30.3)	(79.2)
(+) Cash and Financial Investments FIDC	205.6	376.8	539.5	131.8	111.3	157.0
Cash and cash equivalents FIDC	42.5	218.0	381.5	34.6	11.7	84.5
Short-term investments FIDC	163.1	158.8	158.0	97.2	99.6	72.4
Adjusted Net Debt	87.2	294.5	333.1	303.3	81.1	77.8
Adjusted Net Debt / EBITDA LTM	0.4	1.1	1.3	1.0	0.4	0.4

#### Investments

In the year, investments totaled R\$51.5 million, an increase of 4.9% compared to 2023, including the opening of 22 new stores, the renovation and transformation of stores, and investments in logistics and IT.

			% 2024
Investments (R\$ million)	2024	2023	vs 2023
New stores	11.5	13.9	(17.4%)
Store Renovations and Projects	15.9	14.6	8.7%
Logistics, IT and Others	24.1	20.6	17.2%
Total Investments	51.5	49.2	4.9%

#### ABOUT QUERO-QUERO

Company founded in 1967, in the city of Santo Cristo, in the interior of Rio Grande do Sul.

Lojas Quero-Quero is the largest retailer specializing in construction materials in Brazil in terms of number of stores, totaling 573 stores in Rio Grande do Sul, Santa Catarina, Paraná, Mato Grosso do Sul and São Paulo. The Company offers its customers a complete solution in construction materials, complemented by household appliances and furniture. Furthermore, it offers financial services through the "VerdeCard" credit card.

Balance sheets December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais)

		Pa	rent	Consc	olidated			Pa	rent	Consc	olidated
_	Notes	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23		Notes	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23
Assets						Liabilities and equity					
Current assets						Current liabilities					
Cash and cash equivalents	6	257,642	196,972	489,905	421,357	Trade accounts payable	18	451,585	394,872	451,585	394,872
Short-term investments	7	-	10,583	163,107	110,209	Trade accounts payable - agreement	18	19,296	-	19,296	=
Trade accounts receivable	8	98,044	73,399	1,251,981	1,059,229	Loans and financing	19	196,132	111,282	196,132	111,282
Inventories	10	518,113	474,515	518,113	474,515	Senior shares - FIDC Verdecard	9	-	-	353,426	236,894
Recoverable taxes	11	163,209	96,674	163,422	98,122	Lease liabilities	32	78,136	71,010	78,136	71,010
Prepaid expenses		9,041	9,527	8,460	7,495	Payables to accredited establishments	31	-	-	333,432	245,039
Dividends receivable	14	2,464	5,781	· -	· -	Taxes and contributions payable	22	26,838	38,267	29,310	39,845
Other receivables	13	23,892	29,293	44,854	47,147	Payroll and vacation payable		90,000	82,936	95,727	88,225
Total current assets		1,072,405	896,744	2,639,842	2,218,074	Deferred revenue	23	8,800	78	9,302	405
			·			Dividends payable		21,580	28,963	21,580	28,963
Noncurrent assets						Onlending		23,996	24,702	23,996	24,702
Long-term assets						Other payables	24	59,003	48,678	83,007	65,919
Trade accounts receivable	8	21	7	75,190	77,345	Total current liabilities		975,366	800,788	1,694,929	1,307,156
Deferred income tax and social		=-	•	,	,				,	.,,	1,001,100
contribution	12	204,084	179.858	208.741	183,303						
Recoverable taxes	11	62,798	100,626	62,991	100,626						
Judicial deposits	• • •	7,795	9.346	8,890	10,042	Noncurrent liabilities					
Prepaid expenses		2,728	3,063	893	843	Loans and financing	19	338,390	390,008	338,390	390,008
Other receivables	13	2,720	527	-	527	Senior shares - FIDC Verdecard	9	-	-	590,926	534,935
FIDC Verdecard	9	246,372	291.987	_	-	Accounts payable for investment acquisition	20	11,642	15,137	11,642	15,137
Total long-term assets	Ü	523,798	585,414	356,705	372,686	Deferred revenue	23	3,067	10,107	20,045	17,511
rotariong-term assets		323,730	303,414	330,703	372,000	Lease liabilities	32	448,781	452,021	448,781	452,021
Investments	15	102,573	74,497	3	3	Provision for tax, labor and civil contingencies	21	12,336	16,615	14,635	20,604
Property and equipment	16	647,078	657,100	647,127	657,131	Other payables	24	36,902	34,549	36,902	34,549
Intangible assets	17	26,627	29,165	58,570	57,829	Total noncurrent liabilities	24	851,118	908,330	1,461,321	1,464,765
Total noncurrent assets	17	1,300,076	1,346,176	1,062,405	1,087,649	Total Holicultent habilities		031,110	900,330	1,401,321	1,404,703
Total honcurrent assets		1,300,076	1,340,176	1,002,403	1,007,049						
						Equity					
						Capital	25	482,160	450,563	482,160	450,563
						Capital reserve	25	17.683	13,494	17,683	13,494
						Legal reserve	25	8,218	8,211	8.218	8,211
						Tax incentive reserve	25	22,132	22,132	22,132	22,132
						Income reserve	25	15,734	39,402	15,734	39,402
						Other comprehensive income	25	70	33,402	70	33,402
						Total equity	25	545.997	533.802	545,997	533,802
						i otal equity		343,997	555,602	343,997	333,002
										A = 22 A 4 E	
Total assets		2,372,481	2,242,920	3,702,247	3,305,723	Total liabilities and equity		2,372,481	2,242,920	3,702,247	3,305,723

Statements of profit or loss Year ended December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais)

		Parent		Consolidated		
<u>-</u>	Notes	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23	
Operating revenue, net Goods sold Services rendered	26	<b>1,870,682</b> 1,797,135 73,547	<b>1,728,008</b> 1,652,448 75,560	<b>2,666,330</b> 1,797,135 869,195	<b>2,398,127</b> 1,652,448 745,679	
Cost of goods sold and services rendered	27 and 29	(1,318,979)	(1,215,847)	(1,738,193)	(1,572,115)	
Gross profit		551,703	512,161	928,137	826,012	
Operating income (expenses) Selling expenses General and administrative expenses Share of income (loss) of subsidiaries Other operating income (expenses), net	29 29 15 28 and 29	(572,065) (157,261) 10,540 24,356	(529,839) (134,728) 23,249 55,833	(581,238) (267,760) - 26,516	(535,301) (242,017) - 54,312	
		(694,430)	(585,485)	(822,482)	(723,006)	
Operating income (loss) before finance income (costs), net		(142,727)	(73,324)	105,655	103,006	
Finance income (costs), net Finance costs Finance income Total finance income (costs), net	30 30	(207,236) 329,057 <b>121,821</b>	(185,982) 243,989 <b>58,007</b>	(202,837) 81,950 <b>(120,887)</b>	(182,661) 76,748 (105,913)	
Loss before income tax and social contribution		(20,906)	(15,317)	(15,232)	(2,907)	
Current income tax and social contribution Deferred income tax and social contribution	12 12	- 21,052	49 34,947	(6,885) 22,263	(12,737) 35,323	
Net income for the year		146	19,679	146	19,679	
Attributable to: Controlling shareholders		146	19,679	146	19,679	
Earnings per share Basic (reais per share) Diluted (reais per share)		0.00075 0.00075	0.10507 0.10507	0.00075 0.00075	0.10507 0.10507	

Statements of comprehensive income Year ended December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais)

	Parent		Conso	lidated
	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23
Items not recognized in profit or loss Cash flow hedge	<b>70</b> 106	- -	<b>70</b> 106	- -
Deferred taxes related to cash flow hedge	(36)	-	(36)	-
Net income for the year	146	19,679	146	19,679
Total comprehensive income		40.070	040	40.070
attributable to shareholders of Lojas Quero-Quero S.A.	216	19,679	216	19,679

Statements of changes in equity Year ended December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais)

	Capital reserves						Income reserve	- Datained		
	Capital	Capital reserve	Stock option plan reserve	Share issue costs	Legal reserve	Tax incentive reserve	Investment and expansion reserve	Retained earnings (accumulated losses)	Other comprehensive income	Total equity
Balances at January 1, 2023	450,563	592	24,906	(20,902)	7,227	11,243	63,193	-	-	536,822
Stock option plan Net income for the year	-	-	8,898	-	-	-	-	- 19,679		8,898 19,679
Allocation: Legal reserve Tax incentive reserve 2022	-	-	-	-	984	- 5,100	-	(984) (5,100)	-	-
Tax incentive reserve 2023 Interest on equity	-	-	-	-	-	5,789	- (29,645)	(5,789) (1,952)	-	- (31,597)
Investment and expansion reserve		-	-	-	-	-	5,854	(5,854)	-	- -
Balances at December 31, 2023	450,563	592	33,804	(20,902)	8,211	22,132	39,402	-	-	533,802
Capital increase	31,597	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,597
Stock option plan	-	-	4,189	-	-	-	-		-	4,189
Net income for the year Allocation:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	146	-	146
Legal reserve	-	-	-	-	7	-		(7)	-	
Interest on equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	(23,772)	(35)	-	(23,807)
Investment and expansion reserve Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	104 -	(104) -	70	- 70
Balances at December 31, 2024	482,160	592	37,993	(20,902)	8,218	22,132	15,734	-	70	545,997

Statements of cash flows - Indirect method Year ended December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais)

Part
Net income for the year   Adjustments to reconcile income for the year to cash and   Cash aquivalents used in operating activities:   Depreciation and amortization   16 and 17   127,286   121,732   131,277   124,941   Tax credits - lease liabilities   32   2,456   2,325   2,456   2,4
Adjustments to reconcile income for the year to cash and cash equivalents used in operating activities:
Page
Depreciation and amortization   16 and 17   127,286   121,732   131,277   124,948
Reversal of tax credits - depreciation and amortization   4,989   4,821   4,989   4,
Stimuted loss on doubtful debts
Share of income (loss) of subsidiaries   15
Coss on investments
Gain on disposal and/or cost of property and equipment and intangible assets written off sasets written off financial charges on accounts payable for investment acquisition 20 1,137 639 1,137 639         649 (1,007 financial charges on accounts payable for investment acquisition 20 1,137 639 1,137 639         639 1,137 639         649 639 639         1,137 639         649 649         649 649         649 649         649 64
Seases written off
Financial charges on accounts payable for investment acquisition   20
Financial charges on loans, financing and intercompany loans
Adjustment to present value of lease liabilities 32 45,891 45,125 45,891 45,125 Stock option plan 4,189 8,898 4,189 8,898 Provision for tax, labor and civil contingencies 28 (3,968) (6,334) (5,658) (4,677 Estimated losses on inventories 10 (188) 1,028 (188) 1,028 Allocation of deferred revenue 210,000 (211) (78) (569) (315 (3523)
Stock option plan         4,189         8,898         4,189         8,898           Provision for tax, labor and civil contingencies         28         (3,968)         (6,334)         (5,658)         (4,677           Estimated losses on inventories         10         (188)         1,028         (188)         1,028           Allocation of deferred revenue         (211)         (78)         (569)         (315           Deferred income tax and social contribution         12         (21,052)         (34,947)         (22,263)         (35,323           Adjusted income         221,276         196,246         258,164         247,371           (Increase) decrease in operating assets:         Trade accounts receivable and related-party receivables         (26,046)         73,592         (218,782)         (176,838           Inventories         (26,046)         73,592         (218,782)         (176,838           Inventories         (43,410)         (4,726)         (43,410)         (4,726)           Other receivables and related-party receivables         (23,928)         (64,790)         (28,230)         (68,146)           Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:         Trade accounts payable         74,145         (4,143)         74,145         (4,143)           Senior shares - FID
Estimated losses on inventories   10 (188)   1,028 (188)   1,028   1
Allocation of deferred revenue
Deferred income tax and social contribution   12   (21,052)   (34,947)   (22,263)   (35,323)   (35,323)   (35,323)   (34,947)   (22,263)   (35,323)   (34,947)   (22,263)   (35,323)   (34,947)   (22,263)   (34,947)   (22,263)   (34,947)   (22,263)   (34,947)   (22,263)   (34,947)   (22,263)   (34,947)   (22,263)   (34,947)   (22,263)   (34,947)   (22,263)   (34,947)   (22,263)   (34,947)   (22,263)   (34,947)   (22,263)   (34,947)   (22,263)   (34,947)   (22,263)   (34,947)   (34,947)   (34,948)   (34,948)   (34,941)   (4,726)   (43,410)   (4,726)   (43,410)   (4,726)   (43,410)   (4,726)   (43,410)   (4,726)   (43,410)   (4,726)   (43,410)   (4,726)   (43,410)   (4,726)   (43,410)   (4,726)   (4
Adjusted income       221,276       196,246       258,164       247,371         (Increase) decrease in operating assets:       Trade accounts receivable and related-party receivables       (26,046)       73,592       (218,782)       (176,838         Inventories       (43,410)       (4,726)       (43,410)       (4,726)       (43,410)       (4,726)       (43,410)       (4,726)       (43,410)       (4,726)       (43,410)       (4,726)       (43,410)       (4,726)       (43,410)       (4,726)       (43,410)       (4,726)       (43,410)       (4,726)       (43,410)       (4,726)       (43,424)       -

Statements of value added Year ended December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais)

	Parent		Consolidated		
	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23	
Revenues					
Sales of goods, products and services	2,234,482	2,057,021	3,041,917	2,737,312	
Other operating income	48,856	85,237	49,785	86,671	
Estimated loss on doubtful debts, net of reversals	(1,387)	(601)	(28, 185)	(27,177)	
Losses on receivables	-	` <u>-</u>	(148,764)	(117,581)	
Bought-in inputs from third parties					
Costs of products, goods and services sold	(1,436,981)	(1,306,014)	(1,688,165)	(1,521,506)	
Materials, energy, third-party services and other	(91,744)	(73,373)	(162,155)	(146,602)	
Loss and recovery of assets	188	(1,028)	188	(1,028)	
Gross value added	753,414	761,242	1,064,621	1,010,089	
Depreciation and amortization	(127,286)	(121,732)	(131,277)	(124,941)	
Net value added produced by the Company	626,128	639,510	933,344	885,148	
Value added received in transfer					
Share of income (loss) of subsidiaries	10,540	23,249	=	-	
Finance income	329,057	243,989	81,950	76,748	
Total value added to be distributed	965,725	906,748	1,015,294	961,896	
Distribution of value added					
Personnel and charges:					
Direct compensation	346,175	316,375	367,880	335,818	
Benefits	28,818	31,033	34,235	35,925	
Severance Pay Fund (FGTS)	29,286	26,956	31,353	28,863	
	404,279	374,364	433,468	400,606	
Taxes, charges and contributions:					
Federal	114,450	99,369	132,695	122,921	
State	182,654	170,879	182,654	170,879	
Local	6,016	6,041	8,390	8,145	
	303,120	276,289	323,739	301,945	
Debt remuneration:					
Interest	207,236	185,982	202,837	182,661	
Rental	23,063	22,182	24,182	23,237	
Other	27,881	28,252	30,922	33,768	
	258,180	236,416	257,941	239,666	
Equity remuneration:					
Dividend and interest on equity	23,807	31,597	23,807	31,597	
Retained profits	(23,661)	(11,918)	(23,661)	(11,918)	
	146	19,679	146	19,679	
Value added distributed	965,725	906,748	1,015,294	961,896	

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## 1. Operations

Lojas Quero-Quero S.A. (the "Company") is a publicly-held corporation since August 2020, listed at the Novo Mercado special segment of B3 S.A. - Brasil, Bolsa, Balcão, under ticker symbol LJQQ3, with head office in the city of Cachoeirinha, at Avenida General Flores da Cunha, 1943, Rio Grande do Sul State. It is mainly engaged in retail trade activities in general, primarily offering building materials, household appliances and furniture, and related activities such as import, rendering of correspondent bank services and intermediation of extended warranty sales, on its own account or through subsidiaries Quero-Quero VerdeCard Instituição de Pagamento S.A. ("Verde") and Sentinela dos Pampas - Administradora e Corretora de Seguros Ltda. ("Sentinela dos Pampas").

The Company has entered into a non-exclusive partnership agreement with third-party financial institutions, which provide financing for interest-bearing installment purchases made by its customers, and it receives compensation from such institutions on using the customer base, channels and operational infrastructure to provide financial products based on a percentage rate calculated on income obtained, as well as to provide services involving the use of the Company's funds.

#### 2. Presentation of financial statements

#### 2.1. Basis of preparation

The individual and consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), the accounting practices adopted in Brazil, Law No. 6404/76, and the Accounting Pronouncements issued by the Brazilian Financial Accounting Standards Board (CPC), approved by the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM).

The individual and consolidated financial statements are presented in Brazilian reais (R\$), which is the Company's and its subsidiaries' functional currency, unless otherwise stated.

The individual and consolidated financial statements were prepared based on the historical cost, except for certain financial instruments measured at their fair values. All significant information specific to the financial statements, and only such information, is being disclosed and corresponds to the information used to manage the Company's operations.

Notes to financial statements
December 31, 2024
(In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## 2. Presentation of financial statements (Continued)

#### **2.1.** Basis of preparation (Continued)

The individual and consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern, which includes the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

The financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 were analyzed by the Audit Committee and Supervisory Board, and approved by the Company's Board of Directors on February 25, 2025.

#### 2.2. Basis of consolidation and investments in subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries Verde and Sentinela dos Pampas.

In the Company's individual financial statements, the subsidiaries' financial statements are recognized under the equity method.

All intercompany transactions, balances, income and expenses are fully eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

The Company also consolidates the financial statements of FIDC Verdecard, since it represents a special-purpose entity whose activities are substantially conducted according to the operational and financial needs of the Company, which is exposed to most of the risks and rewards associated with the Fund, through ownership of all subordinated shares. In the FIDC Verdecard consolidation process, the assets and liabilities, as well as gains and losses on transactions between the Company and FIDC Verdecard, were eliminated.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## 3. Summary of material accounting policies

#### 3.1. Revenue recognition

The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with IFRS 15/CPC 47, establishing a model that evidences whether the recognition criteria have been met, observing the following steps: (1) identify the contract with a customer, (2) identify the performance obligations, (3) determine the transaction price, (4) allocate the transaction price, and (5) recognize revenue when a performance obligation is satisfied.

Considering the aspects above, revenues are recorded at the amount that reflects the expectation of the consideration to be received for the products and financial services offered to the customers.

Gross revenue is stated net of rebates and discounts, in addition to the elimination of revenues between related parties and the adjustment to present value.

Revenue from goods sold corresponds to retail sales, and is recognized in profit or loss at fair value and when the control over the goods is transferred to the buyer.

The Company's main sources of revenue from services rendered are the intermediation of financial services with commercial partners and third-party financial institutions, credit card administration and annual fees, and correspondent bank services. Revenue from services rendered is recognized in profit or loss according to the effective provision of services. Revenue is not recognized when there is significant uncertainty about its realization.

Interest income on financial assets is recognized when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company, and the amount of income can be reliably measured, using the straight-line method based on timing and the effective interest rate on the principal amount outstanding, which exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts over the estimated life of the financial asset to the net book value at the date of initial recognition of that asset.

#### 3.2. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash, bank deposits and highly liquid short-term investments that are readily convertible into a known amount of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Notes to financial statements
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## 3. Summary of material accounting policies (Continued)

#### 3.3. Trade accounts receivable

Trade accounts receivable correspond to receivables from customers for sale of goods or provision of services in the ordinary course of the Company's business. They are stated at nominal values, adjusted to present value on the balance sheet date, when applicable. Estimated losses on doubtful debts were recognized based on a historical analysis of the customer portfolio, in the amount of the lifetime expected credit loss.

Accounts receivable from VerdeCard cardholders are financial assets, with fixed or determinable receipts. They are recorded as current assets, with a maturity of less than 12 months from the balance sheet date, and installments exceeding 12 months are recorded as noncurrent. These amounts refer to the amounts of transactions carried out by VerdeCard credit card holders. The balance of trade accounts receivable is recorded at the original transaction amount adjusted to present value.

Receivables of FIDC Verdecard with a maturity of less than 12 months from the balance sheet date are recorded as current, and installments exceeding 12 months are recorded as noncurrent. These amounts refer to financing of interest-bearing customer purchases acquired by FIDC Verdecard through permanent assignment of receivables originated by third-party financial institutions, as well as to financing of non-interest-bearing customer purchases acquired by FIDC Verdecard through permanent assignment of receivables originated by Verde.

#### 3.4. Inventories

Inventories are measured at average acquisition cost, less estimate to adjust them to probable realizable values. Estimated losses on inventories comprise estimated loss for realization of inventories, which corresponds to the estimated selling price of inventories, less all costs required to complete the sale.

The average acquisition cost includes storage and handling costs, as these costs are necessary to bring inventories to their condition for sale in stores, less bonuses for meeting growth targets received from suppliers.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## 3. Summary of material accounting policies (Continued)

#### 3.5. Bonuses

Bonuses received from suppliers are measured and recognized based on commercial agreements entered into, and recorded in profit or loss under cost of goods sold as the corresponding inventories are sold.

### 3.6. Property and equipment

Property and equipment balances are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable, or whenever there is indication that their carrying amount may not be recovered. An impairment loss is recognized for the excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

A property and equipment item is disposed of upon sale or when no future economic benefits arise from the continuing use of the asset. Any gains or losses on sale or disposal of a property and equipment item are determined by the difference between amounts received on sale and the book value of the asset and recognized in P&L.

#### 3.7. Intangible assets

Recorded at acquisition, buildup or construction cost, less accumulated amortization.

The amortization of intangible assets with finite useful lives is calculated using the straightline method based on the rates mentioned in Note 17, which take into consideration the estimated economic useful lives of assets and rights.

The cost of intangible assets related to software development and implementation of management systems is capitalized when it is probable that their future economic benefits will exceed their cost, considering their economic and technological viability, and are amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful life. Expenditures related to software maintenance are recorded in P&L for the year when incurred.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## 3. Summary of material accounting policies (Continued)

#### 3.7. Intangible assets (Continued)

The balances of intangible assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable/recovered. An impairment loss is recognized for the excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

For intangible assets with a finite useful life, the impairment loss is subsequently reversed if there is no indication that its carrying amount may not be recoverable.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, and are recognized in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

#### 3.8. Trade accounts payable - agreement

These transactions are an alternative to support our commercial suppliers, they are not carried out on a mass basis and preserve the normal commercial characteristics of the business, both in price and average terms and, therefore, preserving the essence of the transaction.

#### 3.9. Payables to accredited establishments

Accounts payable to accredited establishments are liabilities arising from transactions carried out by VerdeCard credit card holders at establishments accredited with the payment institution. The balance is recorded at the original value of the transactions, less the administration fee, which is recognized in profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

#### 3.10. Other rights and obligations

The other rights and obligations, classified as current and noncurrent, comply with the realization or payment terms and are stated at cost or realization value and at known and calculable amounts, respectively, including, when applicable, income, charges, monetary variation and exchange differences.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## 3. Summary of material accounting policies (Continued)

#### 3.11. Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, the settlement of which is expected to result in an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits. Provisions are recorded based on the best estimates of the risk involved. When funds used to settle a provision are expected to be recovered, an asset is recognized if, and only if, reimbursement is virtually certain and the amount can be reliably measured.

#### 3.12. Income tax and social contribution

Income tax and social contribution are calculated based on the legal rates in force, and consider the offset of income tax and social contribution losses, limited to 30% of taxable profit, as permitted by the legislation.

Deferred taxes on temporary differences and on income tax and social contribution losses are recognized to the extent their realization is probable.

Deferred taxes recognized on income tax and social contribution losses are supported by projections of future taxable profit, based on technical feasibility studies, submitted annually to the Company's management bodies. The other credits, which are based on temporary differences, were recognized according to their expected realization.

#### 3.13. Tax incentives

The Company benefitted from tax incentives used as a reduction in the calculation or in the deduction of income tax and social contribution due, such as expenses with technological innovation, *Programa Empresa Cidadã*, projects related to the Culture Incentive Law and Worker's Meal Program (PAT).

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## 3. Summary of material accounting policies (Continued)

#### 3.14. Adjustments to present value

Installment purchase and sale transactions are reduced to their present value on the transaction date, based on their terms and on discount rates that reflect the best market valuations as to the time value of money and the risks specific to assets and liabilities at their original dates.

The adjustment to present value of installment sales is matched against accounts receivable account and its realization is recorded under finance income (costs) according to use over the maturity period of the accounts receivable.

The adjustment to present value of installment purchases is matched against trade accounts payable and its realization is recorded under finance income (costs) according to the maturity terms of trade accounts payable.

#### **3.15. Leases**

As a lessee, the Company recognizes the liabilities assumed against the respective right-ofuse assets. Lease liabilities correspond to future payment flows adjusted to present value, discounted by the incremental interest rate on loans, and right-of-use assets are stated at amortized cost.

The Company applies the recognition exemption to (i) short-term leases, that is, leases with a remaining term of up to 12 months; and (ii) leases for which the underlying asset is considered of low value, that is, obligations of up to R\$24 per year.

When evaluating the contracts, the Company identified two types of lease assets: right-ofuse assets referring to rents ("Right of Use") and leases of machinery and equipment ("Machinery and Equipment").

Rent payment flows, gross of potential PIS and COFINS credits, were adjusted to present value, considering the remaining term of each contract, and applying an incremental borrowing rate, obtained through surveys of operations with a similar term and guarantee with financial institutions. Due to the diversity of lease agreement depreciation terms, rates were considered according to the term of each lease agreement.

Notes to financial statements
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## 3. Summary of material accounting policies (Continued)

#### 3.16. Stock option plan

With the purpose of aligning the Company's medium and long-term interests with those of its main managing officers, the Company established a stock option program that seeks to encourage the generation of business value, sharing value gains with the program beneficiaries.

Stock options are offered to professionals selected by the Board of Directors, providing them with the future right to acquire Company shares under established terms and conditions. The amount determined on the date the stock options are granted is recorded in the financial statements at fair value.

#### 3.17. Deferred revenues

Deferred revenues are recognized in the statement of profit or loss for the year as the service is rendered.

#### 3.18. Statement of value added

This statement is aimed at evidencing the wealth created by the Company, how it is distributed over a certain period and presented by the Company, as required by Brazilian Corporation Law, as part of the individual financial statements and as supplementary information to the consolidated financial statements, since such statement is not provided for or mandatory under IFRS.

The SVA was prepared based on information obtained from the accounting records that serve as the basis for preparing the financial statements, supplementary records, and in accordance with the provisions contained in accounting pronouncement CPC 09 - Statement of Value Added.

#### 3.19. Financial instruments

#### 3.19.1. Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are measured, at initial recognition, at fair value. Sales and purchases of financial assets that require the delivery of goods are recognized on the transaction date.

Notes to financial statements
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## 3. Summary of material accounting policies (Continued)

#### 3.19. Financial instruments (Continued)

#### 3.19.1. Financial assets (Continued)

*Initial recognition and measurement* (Continued)

The Company's financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, trade accounts receivable and related-party receivables, and other accounts receivable.

Subsequent measurement

#### Financial assets measured at amortized cost

These represent assets acquired for short-term realization purposes, whose objective is to receive contractual cash flows, and in situations where the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise to cash flows that constitute payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. After initial recognition, they are measured at amortized cost under the effective interest rate method. Interest income, monetary restatement and exchange differences, less impairment losses, are recognized in the statement of profit or loss for the year as finance income or costs, when incurred.

#### Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

These represent other financial assets that are not measured at amortized cost. Interest rates, monetary variation, exchange differences and changes arising from fair value measurement are recognized in the statement of profit or loss for the year as finance income or costs, when incurred.

#### Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

The rights to receive cash flows expire;

Notes to financial statements
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## 3. Summary of material accounting policies (Continued)

#### 3.19. Financial instruments (Continued)

## 3.19.1. Financial assets (Continued)

Derecognition of financial assets (Continued)

• The Company and its subsidiaries have transferred their rights to receive cash flows from the asset or assumed an obligation to fully pay cash flows received to a third party through a "pass-through" arrangement, and (a) the Company has substantially transferred all risks and rewards of the asset or (b) the Company has neither substantially transferred nor maintained all risks and rewards relating to the asset, but has transferred the control over it.

When the Company and its subsidiaries assign their rights to receive cash flows from an asset or enter into a "pass-through" arrangement, without having transferred or retained substantially all the risks and rewards related to the asset or transferred control over the asset, the asset is maintained and a corresponding liability is recognized. The transferred asset and the corresponding liability are measured in order to reflect the rights and obligations retained by Company and its subsidiaries.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Company adopted the expected loss method and measurement based on the entire lifetime of the financial assets. A simplified approach is used for groups of financial assets, which considers credit analysis, the history of changes and losses. Based on the regular monitoring of credit risk indicators, the Company's management did not identify factors that would increase the expected loss compared to historical behavior.

Notes to financial statements
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## 3. Summary of material accounting policies (Continued)

#### 3.19. Financial instruments (Continued)

## 3.19.1. Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

The amount of loss is measured based on the expected default of the portfolio, which is obtained through historical loss amounts by delay range since the initial recognition of the receivable. The six-month historical loss average is applied according to recent historical behavior, and thus a credit risk percentage is assigned. The credit risk percentage is applied to each maturity range under the total amount of the contracts. The product between the expected loss percentages and the maturity range amounts results in the expected loss amount that is recognized in the statement of profit or loss for the year.

If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the impairment loss is reduced and the reduction can be objectively associated with an event occurring after the provision was recognized (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the impairment loss previously recognized is accounted for in the statement of profit or loss for the year. If a write-off is subsequently recovered, the recovery is also recognized in the statement of profit or loss for the year.

#### 3.19.2. Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Upon initial recognition, financial liabilities are classified as financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss or at amortized cost.

Financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value and, in the case of loans and financing and accounts payable, include directly attributable transaction costs for the issue of securities and debts. These costs are appropriated to profit or loss corresponding to the financing period, as a supplement to the borrowing cost, thus adjusting the effective interest rate of the transaction.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade accounts payable, trade accounts payable - agreement, accounts payable for investment acquisition, loans and financing, senior shares - FIDC Verdecard, lease liabilities, and payables to accredited establishments.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## 3. Summary of material accounting policies (Continued)

#### 3.19. Financial instruments (Continued)

#### 3.19.2. Financial liabilities (Continued)

Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, loans and financing subject to interest are subsequently measured at amortized cost by the effective interest rate method.

Gains and losses are recognized in the statement of profit or loss when liabilities are derecognized, and over the amortization process using the effective interest rate method.

Derecognition (write-off) of financial liabilities

A financial liability is written off when the obligation under the liability is discharged or canceled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in P&L.

### 3.19.3. Financial instruments - net presentation

Financial assets and liabilities are stated net in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a current enforceable legal right to offset the amounts recognized and if there is the intention to offset or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## 3. Summary of material accounting policies (Continued)

#### 3.19. Financial instruments (Continued)

#### 3,19,4. Derivative financial instruments

The Company is occasionally exposed to market risks arising from its operations and uses derivative financial instruments, such as interest rate swap derivative contracts, to protect itself from currency rate and interest rate risks.

In the financial statements, the Company qualifies these transactions as cash flow hedges, measuring the financial instruments at fair value. The variations in gains or losses resulting from the fair value measurement of the hedging instrument are recognized in other comprehensive income, in equity, and are reclassified to profit or loss when the hedged item affects profit or loss. The ineffective portion, when applicable, is recognized immediately in profit or loss for the period.

If the hedging relationship no longer meets the hedge ratio criteria, but the risk management objective remains unchanged, the Company must rebalance the hedge ratio to ensure that the qualification criteria are maintained. The discontinuation of hedge accounting will occur only when the hedging relationship no longer meets the qualification criteria, taking into account any rebalancing that has been performed.

Derivative financial instruments are classified as short-term or long-term or segregated into current or noncurrent portions based on an assessment of the contracted cash flows, and according to the characteristics associated with the contracts. The Company presents the amounts of such derivative contracts net along with the original transaction.

#### 3.20. Presentation of information by segments

The Company does not prepare information by segment, since it operates and reports its information to the Board of Directors, the main decision maker, through a single operating segment, with evaluation of the revenues obtained from retail activities, financial services and credit cards on a segregated basis. However, the entire structure of costs and expenses is controlled in a unified manner.

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#### 4. Critical accounting judgments and sources of estimation uncertainties

The application of accounting policies requires management to exercise judgment and make estimates, which are based on past experience and subjective risk assessment. As a result, the actual effects of estimated events could differ from estimates, thus requiring continuous reassessment.

The effects of accounting estimate reviews are recognized in the year in which estimates are reviewed.

Significant assets and liabilities subject to those estimates and assumptions include the provision for impairment, estimated loss on doubtful debts, estimated loss for adjustment to realizable value of inventories, deferred income tax, and provision for tax, labor and civil contingencies.

#### 4.1. Effects of the climatic event that occurred in the Rio Grande do Sul State

The second quarter of 2024 was marked by the climatic events that hit the state of Rio Grande do Sul (floods). The floods caused severe damage to local economy. However, the impact of this event on the operations of our stores was limited. A total of 12 stores located in Rio Grande do Sul were directly affected by the floods, representing 5% of the stores in the state and 3% of the chain. The structures of the distribution centers and the headquarters were not affected. In addition, the operations of 29 stores were indirectly impacted due to the lack of telecommunication, electricity supply and/or displacement of employees. All these stores resumed their normal operations throughout the second quarter.

The key initiatives carried out by management to assist the affected communities are described below: (i) use of the logistics network to transport donations; (ii) availability of stores as donation collection points; and (iii) direct financial support to employees who had their homes affected by the floods.

The Company performed an analysis of the assets and liabilities subject to accounting estimates, such as provision for impairment, expected credit losses, provision for adjustment to realizable value of inventories, provision for contingencies, and fair value measurement.

According to management's analyses and estimates, there are no significant impacts that require specific disclosure in the Company's individual and consolidated financial statements, nor are there effects on the Company's continuity and/or estimates that would require changes in the conclusions on these individual and consolidated financial statements.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

#### 5. New and revised standards and interpretations

#### 5.1. New and revised standards and interpretations already issued but not yet adopted

#### Amendments to CPC 18 (R3) and ICPC 09

In September 2024, the Brazilian FASB (CPC) issued amendments to Accounting Pronouncement CPC 18 (R3) and Accounting Interpretation ICPC 09 (R3), aiming to align Brazilian accounting standards with the international standards issued by the IASB.

The amendment to Accounting Pronouncement CPC 18 includes the application of the equity method (EM) for measuring investments in subsidiaries in the Individual Financial Statements, reflecting the change in the international standards that now allow this practice in the Separate Financial Statements. This convergence aligns the accounting practices adopted in Brazil with the international standards, without generating material impacts in relation to the currently effective regulation, focusing only on wording adjustments and the updating of regulatory references.

ICPC 09, in turn, does not have a direct correspondence with IASB standards and, as such, was outdated, requiring amendments to align the wording enabling its adjustment to updates made after its issue and currently observed in the documents issued by the CPC. The amendments are effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. The Company does not expect any impacts from adoption of this standard on its financial statements.

#### IFRS S1

Establishes the general requirements for a company to disclose information about sustainability-related risks and opportunities. This standard provides for the preparation and disclosure of a sustainability-related financial information report for years beginning on or after January 1, 2026. The Company is assessing the impacts of this amendment, but does not expect significant effects arising from its adoption.

#### IFRS S2

Establishes the requirements for companies to disclose information about climate-related risks and opportunities. This standard provides for the preparation and disclosure of a sustainability-related financial information report for years beginning on or after January 1, 2026. The Company is assessing the impacts of this amendment, but does not expect significant effects arising from its adoption.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

# 5.1. New and revised standards and interpretations already issued but not yet adopted (Continued)

#### IFRS 18

In April 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 18, which replaces IAS 1, equivalent to CPC 26 (R1) - Presentation of Financial Statements. IFRS 18 introduces new requirements for presentation within the statement of profit or loss. Income and expenses must be classified into one of five categories: operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations. It also requires disclosure of management-defined performance measures, and aggregation and disaggregation of financial information based on the identified "roles" of the primary financial statements (PFS) and the notes.

Narrow-scope amendments have been made to IAS 7, equivalent to CPC 03 (R2) - Statement of Cash Flows, which include changing the starting point for determining cash flows under the indirect method, and removing the optionality around classification of cash flows from dividends and interest. IFRS 18 is effective from January 1, 2027 with early application permitted, except in Brazil, and will be applied retrospectively. The Company is assessing the impacts of the amendments on the financial statements.

## 6. Cash and cash equivalents

		Parent		Consolidated	
	Remuneration	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23
Cash and banks		14,088	6,420	29,923	18,557
	•	14,088	6,420	29,923	18,557
Cash equivalents:					
	1% to 12% of the				
Interest-bearing bank account	CDI	21,036	9,813	46,455	28,725
	70% to 117% of the				
Bank Deposit Certificates	CDI	222,518	180,739	261,505	300,187
Financial Treasury Bills (LFT)	100% of SELIC	-	-	109,484	62,184
Repurchase agreements (a)	12% p.a.	-	-	42,538	11,704
		243,554	190,552	459,982	402,800
Total	• •	257,642	196,972	489,905	421,357

<sup>(</sup>a) This refers to repurchase agreements executed by FIDC Verdecard, in which the fund purchases government securities with a resale commitment on a defined future date, and defined profitability or pre-established remuneration parameter.

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#### 7. Short-term investments

	Parent		ent	Consolidated	
	Remuneration	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23
Bank Deposit Certificates	117% of the CDI	-	10,583	-	10,583
Financial Treasury Bills (LFT)	100% of SELIC		-	163,107	99,626
Total		-	10,583	163,107	110,209

As at December 31, 2024, the Company did not have short-term investments, whereas as at December 31, 2023, short-term investments in Bank Deposit Certificates ("CDB"), in the amount of R\$10,583, are related to collaterals issued to ensure compliance with a private operating agreement entered into with business partners. In relation to Financial Treasury Bills (LFT), the purpose is to ensure the return on FIDC Verdecard's cash, with no expected immediate use, which can be redeemed in case of the fund's cash requirement; otherwise, the investment must be held to maturity.

## 8. Trade accounts receivable and related-party receivables

	Parent		Consolidated	
- -	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23
Credit cards - own (VerdeCard)	56,052	31,741	-	-
Credit cards - third parties (a)	25,361	26,269	25,361	26,269
Other credits and financing	57	84	57	84
Own financing - stores (b)	22,984	22,152	88,851	71,444
Own financing - VerdeCard accredited establishments (c)	-	-	239,229	93,400
Receivables - FIDC Verdecard (d)	-	-	1,150,723	1,095,972
Accounts receivable for the sale of financial products	1,848	1,809	1,849	1,918
	106,302	82,055	1,506,070	1,289,087
Estimated loss on doubtful debts	(5,397)	(5,580)	(176,059)	(149,444)
Adjustment to present value	(2,840)	(3,069)	(2,840)	(3,069)
Total _	98,065	73,406	1,327,171	1,136,574
Current				
Trade accounts receivable	42,009	41,665	1,251,981	1,059,229
Related-party receivables (Note 14)	56,035	31,734	-	-
	98,044	73,399	1,251,981	1,059,229
Noncurrent				
Trade accounts receivable	4	-	75,190	77,345
Related-party receivables (Note 14)	17	7	-	-
	21	7	75,190	77,345

<sup>(</sup>a) This refers to financing of customer purchases made at the store chain using third-party credit cards.

<sup>(</sup>b) This refers to financing of customer purchases made at the store chain without contractual charges. In the Consolidated financial statements, the amount of own financing - stores includes financing by Verde through VerdeCard credit card, referring to customer purchases made at the store chain. These accounts receivable have installments with maturities exceeding 12 months from the date of these financial statements, which correspond to the amount of R\$555 (R\$669 as at December 31, 2023), included in noncurrent assets.

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## 8. Trade accounts receivable and related-party receivables (Continued)

- (c) This refers to financing of customer purchases made at the chain of accredited establishments using VerdeCard credit card. These accounts receivable have installments with maturities exceeding 12 months from the date of these financial statements, which correspond to the amount of R\$558 (R\$183 as at December 31, 2023), included in noncurrent assets.
- (d) These amounts refer to financing of interest-bearing customer purchases acquired by FIDC Verdecard through permanent assignment of receivables originated by third-party financial institutions, as well as to financing of non-interest-bearing customer purchases acquired by FIDC Verdecard through permanent assignment of receivables originated by Verde. These accounts receivable have installments with maturities exceeding 12 months from the date of these financial statements, which correspond to the amount of R\$74,077 (R\$76,493 as at December 31, 2023), included in noncurrent assets. The receivables portfolio of FIDC Verdecard is disclosed as Receivables FIDC Verdecard, while the allowance for losses on this portfolio is presented in the estimated loss on doubtful debts, in the Company's individual and consolidated financial statements.

The table below shows the aging list of receivables.

	Parent		Conso	lidated
	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23
Falling due	94,135	73,830	1,204,322	1,032,081
Overdue within 30 days	5,974	2,188	82,664	71,191
Overdue from 31 to 60 days	357	247	37,596	30,600
Overdue from 61 to 90 days	189	157	27,431	23,740
Overdue from 91 to 180 days	530	434	59,492	54,142
Overdue from 181 to 360 days	284	215	87,509	71,110
Overdue above 360 days	4,833	4,984	7,056	6,223
Total	106,302	82,055	1,506,070	1,289,087

The Company measures the estimated losses in an amount equivalent to the expected credit losses on realization of receivables. The credit losses on trade accounts receivable are estimated using a matrix based on past default experience (history of loss) and considers economic factors to recognize the allowance for expected credit losses. The Company adopts the criterion of recording 100% of the estimated losses for receivables past due over 180 days. The table below shows the aging list of estimated losses.

	Par	ent	Consolidated	
	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23
Falling due	40	47	1,545	758
Overdue within 30 days	42	82	6,336	4,619
Overdue from 31 to 60 days	33	40	13,415	10,554
Overdue from 61 to 90 days	25	32	14,659	13,283
Overdue from 91 to 180 days	140	180	45,539	42,897
Overdue from 181 to 360 days	284	215	87,509	71,110
Overdue above 360 days	4,833	4,984	7,056	6,223
Total	5,397	5,580	176,059	149,444

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

### 8. Trade accounts receivable and related-party receivables (Continued)

The credit risk concentration is limited because the customer base is broad; furthermore, the Company's sales, made using VerdeCard credit card, are financed by partner financial institutions, as disclosed in Note 31.1.a.

The Company understands that the estimation model currently used for measuring expected losses is able to capture the default risks assumed by the Company, since the model already includes implicitly in its estimates the recent consumer behavior, relating to unemployment, income or payment situation. Therefore, there was no change in estimation techniques or significant assumptions made over the current reporting period.

Changes in the estimated loss on doubtful debts for the year were as follows:

	Parent		Consc	lidated
	12/31/24 12/31/23		12/31/24	12/31/23
Opening balance	(5,580)	(5,398)	(149,444)	(122,686)
Set-ups	-	(182)	(175,577)	(144,344)
Reversals	183	-	148,962	117,586
Closing balance	(5,397)	(5,580)	(176,059)	(149,444)

Adjustment to present value of trade accounts receivable:

	Parent and Consolidated		
	12/31/24	12/31/23	
Balance at beginning of period	(3,069)	(4,360)	
Adjustment to present value on installment			
sales and/or installment credit card	(14,063)	(13,014)	
Realization of adjustment to present value	14,292	14,305	
Balance at end of period	(2,840)	(3,069)	

The Company calculated the adjustment to present value of trade accounts receivable using the monthly rate of 1.02% (0.87% as at December 31, 2023).

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## 9. Receivables Investment Fund ("FIDCs")

In March 2018, the Receivables Investment Fund (FIDC Verdecard) was incorporated as a closed-end fund, the purpose of which is investing in receivables. It is governed by Resolution No. 2907 of the Central Bank of Brazil, CVM Ruling No. 356, its Regulation and other applicable laws and regulations, primarily engaged in acquiring receivables from customer purchases made using VerdeCard credit card. FIDC Verdecard will be operational until March 28, 2038, which may be extended at the discretion of the Fund's Shareholders at the Annual Shareholders' Meeting. Nevertheless, the shares will be subject to amortization over the Fund's duration period.

On May 3, 2024, FIDC Verdecard issued the 10<sup>th</sup> and 11<sup>th</sup> series of senior shares amounting to R\$400,000, equivalent to 400,000 (four hundred thousand) senior shares, with three- and five-year terms, respectively. Accordingly, the Company paid in R\$100,000 in subordinated fund shares.

At the General Shareholders' Meeting held on November 26, 2024, the amendment to the Fund's regulations was approved, without reservations, for alignment with the provisions of CVM Resolution No. 175, dated December 23, 2022. Under such amendment, the corporate name was changed from Fundo de Investimento em Direitos Creditórios - Verdecard to Verdecard Fundo de Investimento em Direitos Creditórios Responsabilidade Limitada, as well as other improvements, in accordance with the full text of the new version submitted to the shareholders.

As at December 31, 2024, FIDC Verdecard's equity structure is broken down as follows:

Shares	Remuneration	(%) Fund's equity	Number of shares 12/31/24	Amount 12/31/24
Subordinated shares Senior shares – 6th	(*)	20.61%	317,226	246,372
series Senior shares – 7 <sup>th</sup>	CDI + 2.35% p.a.	7.91%	200,000	94,499
series Senior shares – 8 <sup>th</sup>	CDI + 1.40% p.a.	1.15%	55,000	13,757
series Senior shares – 9 <sup>th</sup>	CDI + 1.80% p.a.	17.09%	245,000	204,274
series Senior shares –	CDI + 2.30% p.a.	19.76%	300,000	236,181
10 <sup>th</sup> series Senior shares –	CDI + 1.60% p.a.	7.53%	90,000	90,046
11 <sup>th</sup> series	CDI + 2.10% p.a.	25.95%	310,000	310,167
		Total _	1,517,226	1,195,296

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

# 9. Receivables Investment Fund ("FIDCs") (Continued)

Shares	Remuneration	(%) Fund's equity	Number of shares 12/31/23	Amount 12/31/23
Subordinated				
shares	(*)	27.31%	238,414	291,987
Senior shares – 3 <sup>rd</sup> series Senior shares – 4 <sup>th</sup>	IPCA + 7.00% p.a.	0.94%	120,000	10,000
series	CDI + 0.90% p.a.	1.82%	100,000	19,445
Senior shares – 5 <sup>th</sup> series Senior shares – 6 <sup>th</sup>	CDI + 1.85% p.a.	1.95%	100,000	20,833
series	CDI + 2.35% p.a.	15.07%	200,000	161,111
Senior shares – 7 <sup>th</sup> series Senior shares – 8 <sup>th</sup>	CDI + 1.40% p.a.	3.86%	55,000	41,250
series	CDI + 1.80% p.a.	21.00%	245,000	224,584
Senior shares – 9 <sup>th</sup> series	CDI + 2.30% p.a.	28.06% <b>Total</b>	300,000 <b>1,358,414</b>	300,000 <b>1,069,210</b>

<sup>(\*)</sup> The Company's exposure to the activities of FIDC VerdeCard is limited to the amount of subordinated shares subscribed; therefore, the exposure of subordinated shareholders as at December 31, 2024 is limited to the amount of R\$246,372 (R\$291,987 as at December 31, 2023). The Fund's Regulation defines that subordinated shares must represent at least 25% of the senior shares.

The Company operates as a collecting agent in the event of default in receivables, and constantly manages the FIDC Verdecard portfolio.

At December 31, 2024, FIDC Verdecard's balance sheet and statement of profit or loss are broken down as follows:

	12/31/24	12/31/23
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	42,541	11,713
Short-term investments	163,107	99,626
Trade accounts receivable	986,395	954,053
Prepaid expenses	-	3
Other receivables	8,091	5,250
Total assets	1,200,134	1,070,645
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	4,838	1,435
Equity	1,195,296	1,069,210
Total liabilities and equity	1,200,134	1,070,645

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

# 9. Receivables Investment Fund ("FIDCs") (Continued)

Statement of profit or loss for the period	12/31/24	12/31/23
Receivables from substantial acquisition of risks and rewards	375,332	319,343
Revenues (expenses)	514,709	462,595
Provision for impairment	(22,408)	(25,611)
Losses on receivables	(116,969)	(117,641)
Federal government securities	33,310	20,660
Investments in repurchase agreements	18,749	10,480
Income from fixed income securities	14,561	10,180
Total revenues	408,642	340,003
Other expenses	(11,495)	(10,379)
Net income for the period of shareholders classified in equity	397,147	329,624

Senior shareholders' yield on FIDC Verdecard's income for the year ended December 31, 2024 was R\$117,764 (R\$102,841 in 2023), recorded as cost of operation in the Company's consolidated financial statements.

#### Senior shares - FIDC Verdecard

			Conso	lidated
		Final maturity	12/31/24	12/31/23
Senior shares - FIDC Verdecard (a)	7.00% p.a. + IPCA	2024	-	10,000
Senior shares - FIDC Verdecard (a)	0.90% p.a. + CDI	2024	-	19,445
Senior shares - FIDC Verdecard (a)	1.85% p.a. + CDI	2024	-	20,833
Senior shares - FIDC Verdecard (a)	1.40% p.a. + CDI	2025	13,757	41,250
Senior shares - FIDC Verdecard (a)	2.35% p.a. + CDI	2026	94,499	161,111
Senior shares - FIDC Verdecard (a)	1.80% p.a. + CDI	2027	204,274	224,583
Senior shares - FIDC Verdecard (a)	2.30% p.a. + CDI	2026	236,181	300,000
Senior shares - FIDC Verdecard (a)	1.60% p.a. + CDI	2027	90,046	-
Senior shares - FIDC Verdecard (a)	2.10% p.a. + CDI	2029	310,167	-
Structuring costs - FIDC Verdecard (b)		2029	(4,572)	(5,393)
Total			944,352	771,829
Current			353,426	236,894
Noncurrent			590,926	534,935

<sup>(</sup>a) These represent the balance of senior shares issued by FIDC Verdecard with priority of amortization and redemption in relation to the subordinated shares.

<sup>(</sup>b) These represent the balance of costs incurred on structuring FIDC Verdecard, which will be allocated to profit or loss over the Fund's operational period, according to the scheduled amortization of senior shares.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

# 9. Receivables Investment Fund ("FIDCs") (Continued)

The amounts of the senior shares, less structuring costs, represent payables to other shareholders of the fund, and are recorded in liability accounts in these consolidated financial statements.

Noncurrent portions of senior shares of FIDC Verdecard mature as follows:

	Consolidated				
Year of maturity	12/31/24	12/31/23			
2025	-	310,469			
2026	301,797	183,818			
2027	155,250	40,648			
2028	100,387	-			
2029	33,492	-			
Total	590,926	534,935			

#### 10. Inventories

	Parent and Consolidated		
	12/31/24	12/31/23	
Goods for resale	515,484	472,550	
Inventory for demonstration	548	622	
Inventory for own use and consumption	6,024	4,828	
Imports in transit	165	811	
Estimated losses on slow-moving inventories	(4,108)	(4,296)	
Total	518,113	474,515	

The cost of inventories recognized in P&L for the year ended December 31, 2024 totaled R\$1,296,232 (R\$1,200,531 in 2023).

The amount of the provision for estimated inventory losses refers to probable losses for inventory devaluation. Changes in this provision are as follows:

	Parent and Consolidated
Balance at December 31, 2022	(3,269)
Estimated losses recorded  Balance at December 31, 2023	(1,027) <b>(4,296)</b>
Reversal of estimated losses  Balance at December 31, 2024	188 (4,108)

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

#### 11. Recoverable taxes

		Parent		Conso	lidated
	-	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23
Current	-				
ICMS	(a)	14,988	27,217	14,988	27,217
Income tax and social contribution	(b)	58,543	45,722	58,756	47,170
COFINS	(c)	73,681	19,502	73,681	19,502
PIS	(c)	15,997	4,233	15,997	4,233
	_	163,209	96,674	163,422	98,122
Noncurrent					
ICMS	(d)	20,016	5,769	20,016	5,769
COFINS	(e)	33,791	77,936	33,791	77,936
PIS	(e)	7,336	16,921	7,336	16,921
INSS	(f)	1,655	-	1,848	-
	•	62,798	100,626	62,991	100,626
Total	-	226,007	197,300	226,413	198,748

- (a) The balances of State VAT (ICMS) recoverable arise from portions not yet offset, generated mainly on the purchase of goods.
- (b) The balances of income tax and social contribution recoverable derive mainly from withholding taxes on financial operations. These credits are being realized through offsetting with other federal taxes.
- (c) As of December 31, 2024, the recoverable balances of PIS (Contribution Tax on Gross Revenue for Social Security Financing) and COFINS (Contribution Tax on Gross Revenue for Social Integration Program) mainly originate from the current portion of the matter discussed in Topic 1125, decided by the STJ on December 13, 2023, regarding the possibility of excluding ICMS ST from the tax bases of PIS and COFINS owed by the substituted taxpayer under the tax substitution regime. On August 2, 2024, a final decision was awarded on the Company's individual lawsuit, with subsequent approval of the request for validation of the credits with the Brazilian Federal Revenue Service, enabling the Company to start offsetting these credits against federal taxes administered thereby.
- (d) The ICMS balances refer substantially to portions arising from acquisition of goods to be offset in the long term, and also to long-term portions levied on the acquisition of property and equipment, to be offset in 1/48 monthly installments.
- (e) The PIS and COFINS recoverable balances classified as noncurrent assets refer mainly to the matter discussed in Topic 1125, decided by the STJ on December 13, 2023, regarding the possibility of excluding ICMS ST from the tax bases of PIS and COFINS owed by the substituted taxpayer under the tax substitution regime.
- (f) On June 12, 2024, the Full Court of the STF decided, in Topic 985, for the constitutionality of the levy of the social security tax (INSS) on the one-third vacation bonus, limiting the effects of the decision only for periods after September 15, 2020. The Company identified credits related to the amounts unduly paid referring to the accrual periods of 2019 and 2020 as regards this tax, recognizing this item in these financial statements. The credits will be realized through offset in the calculation of social security taxes, after the final decision on the Company's individual lawsuit is handed down.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

# 12. Deferred income tax and social contribution

Changes in the balances of deferred income tax and social contribution over the period were as follows:

	Parent				
	Balance at December 31, 2022	Set-up (realization)	Balance at December 31, 2023	Set-up (realization)	Balance at December 31, 2024
Income tax and social contribution losses Temporary differences	112,770	25,479	138,249	30,002	168,251
Recognized in profit or loss					
Adjustment to present value of trade accounts receivable	1,481	(438)	1,043	(78)	965
Estimated losses on slow-moving inventories	1,118	355	1,473	(61)	1,412
Adjustment to present value of inventories	4,706	349	5,055	512	5,567
Provision for collective bargaining agreement  Provision for restatement of accounts payable for investment	223	(22)	201	(24)	177
acquisition	4,929	217	5,146	(1,188)	3,958
Provision for tax, labor and civil contingencies	7,697	(2,154)	5,543	(1,349)	4,194
Adjustment to present value of trade accounts payable	(4,257)	1,065	(3,192)	(1,859)	(5,051)
Lease	14,568	4,179	18,747	2,981	21,728
Estimated loss on doubtful debts	588	97	685	500	1,185
Cash flow hedge	-	-	-	(6,077)	(6,077)
Other provisions	1,088	5,820	6,908	903	7,811
Total	32,141	9,468	41,609	(5,740)	35,869
Recognized in other comprehensive income					
Cash flow hedge	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(36)	(36)
Total	-	-	_	(36)	(36)
Total	144,911	34,947	179,858	24,226	204,084

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

# 12. Deferred income tax and social contribution (Continued)

			Consolidated		
	Balance at December 31, 2022	Set-up (realization)	Balance at December 31, 2023	Set-up (realization)	Balance at December 31, 2024
Income tax and social contribution losses	114,449	24,142	138,591	29,979	168,570
Temporary differences				-	
Recognized in profit or loss	4 404	(400)	4.040	(70)	005
Adjustment to present value of trade accounts receivable	1,481	(438)	1,043	(78)	965
Estimated losses on slow-moving inventories	1,118	355	1,473	(61)	1,412
Adjustment to present value of inventories	4,706	349	5,055	512	5,567
Provision for collective bargaining agreement	223	(22)	201	(24)	177
Provision for restatement of accounts payable for investment			5,146	(1,188)	
acquisition	4,929	217			3,958
Provision for tax, labor and civil contingencies	8,648	(1,510)	7,138	(2,025)	5,113
Adjustment to present value of trade accounts payable	(4,257)	1,065	(3,192)	(1,859)	(5,051)
Lease	14,568	4,179	18,747	2,981	21,728
Estimated loss on doubtful debts	1,009	454	1,463	2,256	3,719
Cash flow hedge	-	-	-	(6,077)	(6,077)
Other provisions	1,106	6,532	7,638	1,058	8,696
Total	33,531	11,181	44,712	(4,505)	40,207
Recognized in other comprehensive income	,	·	·	, , ,	·
Cash flow hedge	-	-	-	(36)	(36)
Total	-	-	-	(36)	(36)
Total	147,980	35,323	183,303	25,438	208,741

Accumulated tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely, in accordance with the Brazilian tax legislation.

The use of the income tax and social contribution loss balance is limited to 30% of taxable profit computed in each period.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

# 12. Deferred income tax and social contribution (Continued)

The recovery of tax credits is based on taxable income projections as per the studies carried out that indicate expected taxable profit generation for the next years:

	Parent Consolidate		
	12/31/24	12/31/24	
Year	Amount	Amount	
2026	1,459	1,477	
2027	9,535	9,556	
2028	15,683	15,706	
2029	23,896	23,923	
2030	34,203	34,234	
2031	45,562	45,597	
2032	54,814	54,854	
After 2032	18,932	23,394	
Total	204,084	208,741	

Reconciliation of the expense calculated by applying the combined tax rates and the income tax and social contribution expenses charged to P&L is as follows:

	Parent		Consolidated	
	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23
Loss before income tax and social contribution	(20,906)	(15,317)	(15,232)	(2,907)
Combined tax rate	34%	34%	34%	34%
Income tax and social contribution: Combined tax rate Equity pickup effect Permanent (additions) exclusions:	7,108 3,584	5,208 7,905	5,179 -	988
Nondeductible expenses	(5,179)	(5,067)	(5,552)	(5,209)
Interest on taxes paid in error	7,409	12,700	7,454	12,700
Tax incentives	-	1,968	1,086	3,914
Portion exempt from 10% surtax	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	24	24
Effect of interest on equity	8,094	10,743	8,094	10,743
Other	36	1,539	(907)	(574)
Income tax and social contribution	21,052	34,996	15,378	22,586
Income tax and social contribution in P&L for the year	21,052	34,996	15,378	22,586
Income tax and social contribution Current Income tax and social contribution	-	49	(6,885)	(12,737)
Deferred	21,052	34,947	22,263	35,323

Notes to financial statements
December 31, 2024
(In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

#### 13. Other receivables

	Parent		Conso	lidated
_	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23
Current				
Receivables from suppliers (a)	19,898	21,766	20,082	23,500
Advances to employees	3,611	3,022	4,173	3,697
Receivables from former controlling				
shareholders (b)	-	-	108	64
Transactions related to payments				
receivable (c)	-	-	19,050	12,953
Other	383	4,505	1,441	6,933
Subtotal	23,892	29,293	44,854	47,147
Noncurrent Receivables from former controlling				
shareholders (b)	-	310	-	310
Other	-	217	-	217
Subtotal	-	527	-	527
Total	23,892	29,820	44,854	47,674

- (a) Agreed-upon balances relating to the reimbursement of joint advertising amounts and bonuses from suppliers.
- (b) Receivables from the Company's former founding controlling shareholders, due to reimbursement of amounts paid and/or accrued by the Company, which are under the responsibility of those shareholders, due to their accrual period, pursuant to the agreement entered into between the parties. The remaining balances classified in current assets are expected to be settled within the next 12 months, and the amounts provisioned in noncurrent assets will only be realized after the effective settlement of the lawsuits that are in progress up to the date of these financial statements.
- (c) Accounts receivable related to correspondent bank services and third-party financial institutions referring to payment transactions of VerdeCard card.

# 14. Transactions with related parties

Transactions referring to rendering of services as well as occasional financial transactions involving borrowings and fundraising between the Company, its subsidiaries and other related parties are conducted in accordance with the conditions established in contract between the parties.

The Company has a Stakeholder Relations Policy, in addition to a structure of internal controls to support the identification, monitoring and approvals of transactions between related parties.

The following table shows the transactions carried out and the outstanding balances between the Company and its related parties, and also the description of the transaction nature and condition.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## 14. Transactions with related parties (Continued)

	Parent			
	Balances		Transa	actions
	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23
Quero-Quero VerdeCard Instituição de Pagamento S.A.				
Accounts receivable	56,052	31,741	-	-
Dividends receivable	2,464	5,781	-	-
Dividends received	-	-	5,781	20,403
Selling and administrative expenses	-	-	(52,826)	(57,752)
Finance costs	-	-	7,152	4,801
Sentinela dos Pampas - Adm.Corretora de Seg. Ltda.				
Selling and administrative expenses	-	-	141	143
FIDC Verdecard				
Accounts receivable	246,372	291,987	-	-
Finance income	-	-	279,384	193,114

Receivables from Verde corresponds to sales made by the Company using VerdeCard credit card. These sales are not subject to interest rates and most of them are settled within less than 12 months. Dividends receivable refer to the mandatory minimum dividend for 2024. The amounts of selling and administrative expenses refer to the reimbursement of expenses paid to Parent Company Lojas Quero-Quero. Finance costs refer to costs paid by the Company to the subsidiary Verde in 2024 referring to intercompany loans and prepayment of amounts receivable from sales made through the VerdeCard card.

The amounts of selling and administrative expenses paid to subsidiary Sentinela dos Pampas refer to the reimbursement of expenses paid by Parent Company Lojas Quero-Quero.

Receivables from FIDC Verdecard, as detailed in Note 9, refer to the amounts of subordinated shares subscribed by the Company and their profitability not yet received, while the amount of finance income refers to the profitability of subordinated shares for the year.

All balances and transactions were eliminated in the consolidation of these financial statements. There is no balance or transaction with other related parties to be stated in the consolidation.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

### 14. Transactions with related parties (Continued)

The benefits provided by the Company in the form of compensation to managing officers were as follows:

	Consolidated			
	12/31/24	12/31/23		
Compensation	14,519	13,738		
Benefits	1,755	1,605		
Total	16,274	15,343		

In addition to the benefits shown in the table above, the Company offers a stock option plan, under which managing officers can acquire shares pursuant to the terms and conditions set out in the plan, as described in Note 25.3. The amount of the expense relating to the 2020 Plan options recorded in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 was R\$2,622 (R\$5,166 as of December 31, 2023).

The Company does not offer post-employment benefits, severance pay, or other long-term benefits. The Company's internal policy determines the payment of annual bonus to its managing officers, according to the attainment of preset goals.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

#### 15. Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are broken down as follows:

	Quero-Quero Instituição de F	o VerdeCard Pagamento S.A.	Sentinela dos F Corretora de	•	Tot	al
	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23
Information on investments:						
Shares/units of interest	56,250,000	49,750,000	10,000	10,000	-	-
Interest held in capital (%)	100%	100%	99%	99%	-	-
Total assets	540,455	400,719	1,265	1,098	-	-
Equity	101,234	73,451	1,218	1,053	-	-
Net income for the year	10,376	23,123	165	127	-	-
Changes in investments:						
Balance at beginning of year	73,453	71,413	1,044	918	74,497	72,331
Capital increase	20,000	-	-	-	20,000	-
Dividends	(2,464)	(21,083)	-	-	(2,464)	(21,083)
Share of income (loss) of subsidiaries	10,376	23,123	164	126	10,540	23,249
Total Parent	101,365	73,453	1,208	1,044	102,573	74,497
Other investments	3	3	-	-	3	3
Total Consolidated	3	3	-	-	3	3

At the Special General Meeting held on January 5, 2024, capital increase at the subsidiary Verde was resolved, in the amount of R\$20,000, increasing capital from R\$36,250 to R\$56,250, through the issue of 6,500,000 new registered common shares with no par value.

The subsidiaries' shares are not traded on the stock exchange.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

# 16. Property and equipment

	Depreciation	Parent		Consolidated	
	rates	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23
Machinery and equipment	10%	3,243	3,242	3,289	3,269
Furniture and fixtures	10%	72,592	73,286	72,595	73,290
Vehicles	20%	444	753	444	753
Computers and peripherals	20%	18,130	20,725	18,130	20,725
Leasehold improvements	10% to 30%	70,212	71,307	70,212	71,307
Construction in progress	-	16,836	17,376	16,836	17,376
<u>Leases</u>					
Rights of use - Property rent	5% to 67%	459,644	464,348	459,644	464,348
Machinery and equipment	10%	5,977	6,063	5,977	6,063
Total property and equipment		647,078	657,100	647,127	657,131

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

# 16. Property and equipment (Continued)

						Pare	ent				
Changes in property and		Buildings	Machinery and	Furniture		Computers and	Leasehold	Construction	Right-of-use lease - property	Lease - machinery and	
equipment	Land	and facilities	equipment	and fixtures	Vehicles	peripherals	improvements	in progress	rent	equipment	Total
Cost											
Balance at December 31, 2022	67	108	6,251	97,621	5,496	56,057	132,467	21,986	760,649	9,497	1,090,199
Additions	-	-	501	8,005	-	5,062	13	27,647	54,272	-	95,500
Remeasurements	-	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,424	-	4,424
Write-offs	(67)	(108)	(16)	(672)	(6)	(309)	(2,042)	(8)	(8,842)	-	(12,070)
Transfers	-	-	18	6,429	-	6	25,527	(32,249)	=	-	(269)
Balance at December 31, 2023	_	-	6,754	111,383	5,490	60,816	155,965	17,376	810,503	9,497	1,177,784
Additions	-	-	490	6,473	· -	5,194	· -	27,987	44,735	909	85,788
Remeasurements	-	-	-	· -	-	· -	-	-	31,297	-	31,297
Write-offs	-	-	(29)	(932)	-	(363)	(1,208)	(24)	(6,236)	-	(8,792)
Transfers	-	-	18	4,103	-	151	24,239	(28,503)	<u>-</u>	-	8
Balance at December 31, 2024	_	-	7,233	121,027	5,490	65,798	178,996	16,836	880,299	10,406	1,286,085
Accumulated depreciation											
Balance at December 31, 2022	_	(93)	(3,031)	(28,579)	(4,346)	(32,879)	(64,723)	_	(274,689)	(2,484)	(410,824)
Additions	-	(3)	(487)	(9,746)	(397)	(7,420)	(21,436)	-	(80,308)	(950)	(120,747)
Write-offs	-	96	6	228	6	208	1,501	-	8,842	-	10,887
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at December 31, 2023		-	(3,512)	(38,097)	(4,737)	(40,091)	(84,658)	-	(346,155)	(3,434)	(520,684)
Additions	-	-	(489)	(10,780)	(309)	(7,894)	(25,126)	-	(80,736)	(995)	(126,329)
Write-offs	-	-	` 11 <sup>′</sup>	442	-	317	1,000	-	6,236	` <u>-</u>	8,006
Balance at December 31, 2024		-	(3,990)	(48,435)	(5,046)	(47,668)	(108,784)	-	(420,655)	(4,429)	(639,007)
Residual value at 12/31/2022	67	15	3,220	69,042	1,150	23,178	67,744	21,986	485,960	7,013	679,375
Residual value at 12/31/2022	-	- 13	3,242	73.286	753	20,725	71,307	17,376	464,348	6,063	657,100
Residual value at 12/31/2023	_	-	3,243	72,592	733 444	18,130	70,212	16,836	459,644	5,977	647,078
Nosidual value at 12/3 1/2024	-	-	3,273	12,552		10,130	10,212	10,000	455,044	3,311	077,070

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

# 16. Property and equipment (Continued)

						Conso	lidated				
Changes in property and equipment	Land	Buildings and facilities	Machinery and equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Computers and peripherals	Leasehold improvements	Construction in progress	Right-of-use lease - property rent	Lease - machinery and equipment	Total
Cost											
Balance at December 31, 2022 Additions Remeasurements Write-offs Transfers	67 - - (67)	108 - - (108) -	<b>6,262</b> 529 - (16) 18	<b>97,701</b> 8,005 - (672) 6,429	5,496 - - (6)	<b>56,522</b> 5,062 - (309) 6	132,468 13 - (2,042) 25,527	<b>21,986</b> 27,647 - (8) (32,249)	<b>760,649</b> 54,272 4,424 (8,842)	9,497 - - - -	1,090,756 95,528 4,424 (12,070) (269)
Balance at December 31, 2023 Additions Remeasurements Write-offs Transfers	- - - - -	- - - -	<b>6,793</b> 518 - (29) 18	111,463 6,473 - (932) 4,103	5,490 - - - -	<b>61,281</b> 5,194 - (363) 151	155,966 - - (1,208) 24,239	17,376 27,987 - (24) (28,503)	810,503 44,735 31,297 (6,236)	<b>9,497</b> 909 - -	1,178,369 85,816 31,297 (8,792) 8
Balance at December 31, 2024	-	-	7,300	121,107	5,490	66,263	178,997	16,836	880,299	10,406	1,286,698
Accumulated depreciation Balance at December 31, 2022 Additions Write-offs Transfers	- - -	<b>(93)</b> (3) 96	( <b>3,038)</b> (492) 6	<b>(28,654)</b> (9,747) 228	( <b>4,346)</b> (397) 6	(33,344) (7,420) 208	(64,724) (21,436) 1,501	- - - -	(274,689) (80,308) 8,842	<b>(2,484)</b> (950) -	<b>(411,372)</b> (120,753) 10,887
Balance at December 31, 2023 Additions Write-offs	- - -	- - -	<b>(3,524)</b> (498) 11	<b>(38,173)</b> (10,781) 442	<b>(4,737)</b> (309)	<b>(40,556)</b> (7,894) 317	(84,659) (25,126) 1,000	- - -	(346,155) (80,736) 6,236	<b>(3,434)</b> (995)	<b>(521,238)</b> (126,339) 8,006
Balance at December 31, 2024		-	(4,011)	(48,512)	(5,046)	(48,133)	(108,785)	-	(420,655)	(4,429)	(639,571)
Residual value at 12/31/2022 Residual value at 12/31/2023 Residual value at 12/31/2024	67 - -	15 - -	3,224 3,269 3,289	69,047 73,290 72,595	1,150 753 444	23,178 20,725 18,130	67,744 71,307 70,212	21,986 17,376 16,836	485,960 464,348 459,644	7,013 6,063 5,977	679,384 657,131 647,127

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

### **16. Property and equipment** (Continued)

The average depreciation rate of right-of-use lease - store rents is 12.56% (12.85% as of December 31, 2023) stated in P&L for the year, net of tax credits amounting to R\$4,989 (R\$4,821 as of December 31, 2023), as disclosed in Note 32.

As at December 31, 2024, the Company has assessed and did not identify any factors that would indicate that the assets held by the Company will not generate future economic benefits in an amount sufficient to recover their carrying amount and, therefore, these assets were not tested for impairment.

## 17. Intangible assets

	Amortization	Par	ent	Consolidated	
	rates	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23
Goodwill on acquisition of points of					
sale	10%	50	132	50	132
Software	10% to 20%	14,507	18,662	14,526	18,734
VerdeCard Project	10%	-	-	-	94
Systems developed	10%	5,115	4,593	33,372	27,961
Other intangible assets	10% to 20%	6,955	5,778	10,622	10,908
Total intangible assets	- -	26,627	29,165	58,570	57,829

The amounts recorded in "Other intangible assets" refer to other projects applied in developing the Company's activities.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

# 17. Intangible assets (Continued)

			Parent		
	Goodwill on			Other	
	acquisition of		Systems	intangible	
Changes in intangible assets	points of sale	Software	developed	assets	Total
Cost					
Balance at December 31, 2022	10,947	55,139	7,457	8,660	82,203
Additions	-	1,762	335	38	2,135
Write-offs	-	(6)	-	-	(6)
Transfers	-	(77)	77	269	269
Balance at December 31, 2023	10,947	56,818	7,869	8,967	84,601
Additions	-	179	1,206	2,036	3,421
Write-offs	-	(5)	-	-	(5)
Transfers	-	(8)	-	-	(8)
Balance at December 31, 2024	10,947	56,984	9,075	11,003	88,009
Accumulated amortization					
Balance at December 31, 2022	(10,732)	(33,951)	(2,618)	(2,329)	(49,630)
Additions	(83)	(4,205)	(658)	(860)	(5,806)
Balance at December 31, 2023	(10,815)	(38,156)	(3,276)	(3,189)	(55,436)
Additions	(82)	(4,321)	(684)	(859)	(5,946)
Balance at December 31, 2024	(10,897)	(42,477)	(3,960)	(4,048)	(61,382)
Residual value at 12/31/2022	215	21,188	4,839	6,331	32,573
Residual value at 12/31/2023	132	18,662	4,593	5,778	29,165
Residual value at 12/31/2024	50	14,507	5,115	6,955	26,627
		•	•	•	

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

# 17. Intangible assets (Continued)

	Consolidated						
Changes in intangible assets	Goodwill on acquisition of points of sale	Software	VerdeCard Project	Systems developed	Other intangible assets	Total	
Cost	-						
Balance at December 31, 2022	10,947	58,577	6,485	36,904	13,572	126,485	
Additions	-	1,787	-	335	6,992	9,114	
Write-offs	-	(6)	-	-	-	(6)	
Transfers	-	(77)	-	6,812	(6,466)	269	
Balance at December 31, 2023	10,947	60,281	6,485	44,051	14,098	135,862	
Additions	-	179	-	1,206	9,296	10,681	
Write-offs	-	(5)	-	-	-	(5)	
Transfers	-	(8)	-	8,723	(8,723)	(8)	
Balance at December 31, 2024	10,947	60,447	6,485	53,980	14,671	146,530	
Accumulated amortization Balance at December 31, 2022 Additions	<b>(10,732)</b> (83)	<b>(37,293)</b> (4,254)	<b>(6,297)</b> (94)	<b>(12,372)</b> (3,718)	<b>(2,330)</b> (860)	<b>(69,024)</b> (9,009)	
Balance at December 31, 2023	(10,815)	(41,547)	(6,391)	(16,090)	(3,190)	(78,033)	
Additions	(82)	(4,374)	(94)	(4,518)	(859)	(9,927)	
Balance at December 31, 2024	(10,897)	(45,921)	(6,485)	(20,608)	(4,049)	(87,960)	
Residual value at 12/31/2022 Residual value at 12/31/2023 Residual value at 12/31/2024	215 132 50	21,284 18,734 14,526	188 94 -	24,532 27,961 33,372	11,242 10,908 10,622	57,461 57,829 58,570	

As at December 31, 2024, the Company has assessed and did not identify any factors that would indicate that the assets held by the Company will not generate future economic benefits in an amount sufficient to recover their carrying amount.

Notes to financial statements
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## 18. Trade accounts payable and trade accounts payable - agreement

	Parent and Consolidated		
	12/31/24	12/31/23	
Trade accounts payable (a) Adjustment to present value Total trade accounts payable	466,440 (14,855) <b>451,585</b>	404,259 (9,387) <b>394,872</b>	
Trade accounts payable - agreement (b)	19.296	-	
Total trade accounts payable - agreement	19,296	-	

- (a) This represents the balance payable to suppliers for installment purchases of goods, stated at present value on the transaction date, with days purchase outstanding of 119 days (106 days as at December, 31, 2023). It also includes direct financing by certain suppliers, amounting to R\$43,467 (R\$32,927 at December 31, 2023) with days purchase outstanding of 136 days (125 days as at December 31, 2023) bearing market interest rates.
- (b) These refer to balances payable to suppliers for installment purchase of goods, reverse factoring transactions carried out on a non-mass basis, which were prepaid through financial institutions with which the Company has a partnership, maintaining the normal commercial characteristics of the business and preserving the essence of the transaction. Due to the characteristics inherent in the commercial negotiation of terms between the Company and suppliers, these balances were included under prepayment programs using the Company's credit facilities held with financial institutions. The Company identified that such transaction has a specific nature and classified it separately from "Trade accounts payable" in the balance sheet. The Company observed the qualitative aspects on this matter and concluded that the amounts do not change its capital structure and do not compromise the Company's financial leverage. At December 31, 2023, there were no outstanding trade accounts payable agreement.

The table below presents a summary of the maturity profile of the Company's outstanding obligations as of December 31, 2024, related to trade accounts payable and trade accounts payable - agreements, based on undiscounted payments and provided for in contracts:

	Parent and Consolidated					
	Contractual cash flow	Within 30 days	From 31 to 60 days	From 61 to 90 days	From 91 to 180 days	More than 180 days
Trade accounts payable -	466,440	231,214	100,014	65,317	55,994	13,901
agreement	19,296	6,226	4,379	3,848	4,843	-

#### Changes in adjustment to present value

	Parent and Consolidated			
	12/31/24	12/31/23		
Balance at beginning of period Adjustment to present value	(9,387) (43,749)	(12,524) (12,415)		
Realization of adjustment to present value	38,281	15,552		
Balance at end of period	(14,855)	(9,387)		

The Company used the monthly rate of 1.02% (0.87% as at December 31, 2023) to calculate the adjustment to present value.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## 19. Loans and financing

In local currency			Parent and C	Consolidated
	Interest rate	Final maturity	12/31/24	12/31/23
	Interest from 2.30% to 2.35%			
Working capital	p.a. + CDI	2024 to 2027	90,272	66,711
1 <sup>st</sup> issue debentures (a)	Interest of 1.50% p.a. + CDI	2024	,	34,276
2 <sup>nd</sup> issue debentures (b)	Interest of 1.75% p.a. + CDI	2029	130,355	153,453
3 <sup>rd</sup> issue debentures (c)	Interest of 1.95% p.a. + CDI	2027	74,876	99,667
4 <sup>th</sup> issue debentures (d)	Interest of 2.26% p.a. + CDI	2027	148,646	147,176
Consortium		2024	-	7
Subtotal		_	444,149	501,290
In foreign currency			Parent and C	Consolidated
,	Interest rate	Final maturity	12/31/24	12/31/23
Working capital (e)	Interest of 6.95% p.a. + dollar	2028	61,614	_
Swap agreement	Interest of 2.06% p.a. + CDI	2028	(11,419)	_
Working capital (f)	Interest of 5.59% p.a. + euro	2025	46,737	-
Swap agreement	Interest of 1.54% p.a. + CDI	2025	(6,559)	-
Subtotal	·	-	90,373	-
Total		-	534,522	501,290
Current		-	196,132	111,282
Noncurrent			338,390	390,008
CDI - Interbank Deposit Certificate				
Index		-	2024	2023
CDI (12 months)			10.83%	12.99%

- (a) This represents the balance of the 1st issue of non-privileged single-series unsecured nonconvertible junior debentures, with security interest and personal guarantee. The issue took place on December 16, 2019 in the registered and book-entry form, without the issue of sureties and certificates, corresponding to 120,000 (one hundred and twenty thousand) debentures.
- (b) This represents the balance of the 2<sup>nd</sup> issue of non-privileged single-series unsecured nonconvertible junior debentures, with personal guarantee. The issue took place on January 10, 2022 in the registered and book-entry form, in the amount of R\$150,000, equivalent to 150,000 (one hundred and fifty thousand) debentures.
- (c) This represents the balance of the 3<sup>rd</sup> issue of non-privileged single-series unsecured nonconvertible junior debentures, with personal guarantee. The issue took place on December 14, 2022 in the registered and book-entry form, in the amount of R\$100,000, equivalent to 100,000 (one hundred thousand) debentures.
- (d) This represents the balance of the 4<sup>th</sup> issue of non-privileged single-series unsecured nonconvertible junior debentures, with security interest and personal guarantee. The issue took place on December 14, 2022 in the registered and book-entry form, in the amount of R\$150,000, equivalent to 150,000 (one hundred and fifty thousand) debentures.
- (e) Represents the balance of a loan taken out in U.S. dollars, pegged to swap, with the objective of exchanging currency risks for an interest rate of 2.06% p.a. + CDI.
- (f) Represents the balance of a loan taken out in euro, pegged to swap, with the objective of exchanging currency risks for an interest rate of 1.54% p.a. + CDI.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

# **19. Loans and financing** (Continued)

Loan and financing installments mature as follows:

	Year of maturity	12/31/24	12/31/23
2024		_	111,282
2025		196,132	107,718
2026		153,483	122,054
2027		144,504	122,782
2028		32,904	29,955
2029		7,499	7,499
Total		534,522	501,290

Loans and financing mainly refer to the working capital used to fund the Company's operations.

Changes in cash flows from financing activities are as follows:

	Parent and Consolidated
Balance at December 31, 2023 Amounts raised	<b>413,065</b> 150,000
Monetary variation and interest Interest amortization	54,063 (65,068)
Amortization of principal  Balance at December 31, 2023	(50,770) <b>501,290</b>
Amounts raised Monetary variation and interest	161,806 67,923
Interest amortization	(65,364)
Amortization of principal  Balance at December 31, 2024	(131,133) <b>534,522</b>

#### Covenants in financing agreements

Under the financing agreements outstanding as at December 31, 2024, the Company is subject to the compliance with certain financial covenants, which are annually measured, as follows:

Net debt-to-EBITDA ratio  $\leq 2.0x$ ; Net financial debt-to-EBITDA ratio  $\leq 3.0x$ ;

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### **19. Loans and financing** (Continued)

Covenants in financing agreements (Continued)

Net debt corresponds to the sum of all loans and financing, less cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments.

Net financial debt corresponds to the sum of all loans and financing, less cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments, excluding cash equivalents and short-term investments of FIDC Verdecard.

EBITDA is contractually defined as operating Income/Loss before finance income (costs), net, plus depreciation and amortization.

All covenants referring to financing agreements outstanding at December 31, 2024 and at December 31, 2023 have been complied with and there are no default events.

#### Collaterals in financing agreements

The Company has taken out loan agreements from financial institutions, all of which have been complied with, in connection with the following collaterals:

- (i) Trade notes and/or collection bills relating to non-interest-bearing payment transactions in cash or in installments, held in an escrow account with financial institutions;
- (ii) Income from subordinated shares of FIDC Verdecard:
- (iii) Assignment of receivables of Visa, Mastercard and Elo credit card brands:
- (iv) Standby Letters of Credit Promissory Notes in the amount of R\$\$9,991 and €9,000;
- (v) Credit rights from swap agreement;
- (vi) Bank Deposit Certificates (CDB) in the amount of R\$7,500.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

### 20. Accounts payable for investment acquisition

Accounts payable for investment acquisition refer to the contractual retention to secure the performance of obligations assumed by the Company's former founding shareholders according to the Debt Assumption Agreement and Other Covenants entered into on October 5, 2010. The liability was assumed by the Company due to the corporate reorganization carried out in February 2016. The debt is subject to restatement based on 100% of the Interbank Deposit (DI) rate.

Changes in the balance of accounts payable are as follows:

	Parent and Consolidated
Balance at December 31, 2022	14,498
Restatement	1,793
Amortization	(1,154)
Balance at December 31, 2023	15,137
Restatement	1,137
Amortization	(4,632)
Balance at December 31, 2024	11,642

In 2024, an agreement was entered into between the Company and former founding controlling shareholders, offsetting part of the accounts payable for investment acquisition with receivables from these shareholders, for reimbursement of amounts paid and/or accrued by the Company for which they are liable.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

### 21. Provision for tax, labor and civil contingencies

The Company and its subsidiaries are parties to legal and administrative proceedings filed with various courts and governmental agencies, arising in the ordinary course of their business, involving tax, labor, civil and other matters. The provisions set up for lawsuits assessed as probable loss are as follows:

				Parent			
Nature	Closing balance 12/31/2022	Addition to provision	Reversals	Closing balance 12/31/2023	Addition to provision	Reversals	Closing balance 12/31/2024
Civil (a)	1,208	660	(741)	1,127	2,348	(2,206)	1,269
Labor (b)	4,562	1,989	(2,239)	4,312	7,653	(3,175)	8,790
Tax (c)	17,027	94	(5,945)	11,176	78	(8,977)	2,277
Total provisions	22,797	2,743	(8,925)	16,615	10,079	(14,358)	12,336

				Consolidated			
Nature	Closing balance 12/31/2022	Addition to provision	Reversals	Closing balance 12/31/2023	Addition to provision	Reversals	Closing balance 12/31/2024
Civil (a)	3,315	3,099	(1,874)	4,540	4,478	(6,448)	2,570
Labor (b)	4,787	2,377	(2,276)	4,888	8,682	(3,782)	9,788
Tax (c)	17,027	94	(5,945)	11,176	78	(8,977)	2,277
Total provisions	25,129	5,570	(10,095)	20,604	13,238	(19,207)	14,635

<sup>(</sup>a) This refers to sundry civil proceedings mainly involving customer complaints, whose likelihood of loss is assessed as possible by the Company, and there is no significant specific proceeding.

<sup>(</sup>b) This refers to disputes mainly involving overtime and severance pay complaints.

<sup>(</sup>c) According to the STF's decision that limited the effects in time of decisions handed down as of September 15, 2020 on the constitutionality of the levy of the social security tax on the one-third vacation bonus, the Company carried out the reversal of the provision previously recognized for this issue, covering the periods from 2008 to 2020. The remaining balance as of December 31, 2024 refers mostly to FGTS on labor charges, the constitutionality of which is under discussion in court by the Company.

Notes to financial statements
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### 21. Provision for tax, labor and civil contingencies (Continued)

The provisions for losses that may arise from these proceedings are estimated and restated by management, based on the opinion of the Company's legal department and external legal advisors.

As mentioned in Note 13, the Company has entered into an agreement with former founding controlling shareholders for the reimbursement of payments made as a result of contingencies established prior to the Company's sale date. The Company recognizes a provision, in liabilities, for all contingencies whose likelihood of loss is assessed as probable.

The breakdown of proceedings in relation to lawsuits whose likelihood of loss is assessed as possible by the Company, as supported by its legal advisors, which are not subject to reimbursement by the former founding controlling shareholders, is as follows:

Nature	12/31/24	12/31/23
Labor (a)	5,919	4,123
Civil (b)	8,407	7,688
Tax (c)	2,642	2,896
Total	16,968	14,707

<sup>(</sup>a) This refers to sundry labor claims mainly involving claims on overtime and severance pay.

# 22. Taxes and contributions payable

Parent		Conso	lidated
12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23
6,742	6,985	7,060	7,277
1,175	1,861	1,373	2,004
5,337	8,500	6,416	9,260
-	-	445	3
12,316	19,650	12,316	19,650
279	328	711	705
989	943	989	943
-	-	-	3
26,838	38,267	29,310	39,845
	12/31/24 6,742 1,175 5,337 - 12,316 279 989	12/31/24     12/31/23       6,742     6,985       1,175     1,861       5,337     8,500       -     -       12,316     19,650       279     328       989     943	12/31/24         12/31/23         12/31/24           6,742         6,985         7,060           1,175         1,861         1,373           5,337         8,500         6,416           -         -         445           12,316         19,650         12,316           279         328         711           989         943         989

<sup>(</sup>b) This refers to sundry civil proceedings mainly involving customer complaints.

<sup>(</sup>c) This mainly refers to assessment notices for collection of FGTS debt, and discussions involving the imposition of a provisional antidumping measure on imported porcelain tiles.

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#### 23. Deferred revenues

In 2022, the subsidiary Verde received an advance as incentives related to signing and exclusivity bonus arising from a contract entered into with a business partner, referring to the use of the business partner's payment arrangement involving payment instruments related to the credit and debit card operations of Verde, which will be recognized in profit or loss as the agreed upon services are provided.

In 2024, the Company entered into a contract with a business partner for sale of an insurance product, receiving an advance payment for the assignment of the distribution channel linked to the achievement of established targets. The Company also received an advance as compensation for the agreement entered into with the partner bank, relating to processing of the employee payroll. The advances received will be recognized in the statement of profit or loss as the established targets are met or as the services are provided.

Management expects that deferred revenue will be earned and recognized in profit or loss for the year as follows:

	Par	Parent		lidated
	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23
2024	-	78	-	405
2025	8,800	-	9,302	458
2026	800	-	1,503	641
2027	800	-	1,784	897
2028	800	-	2,177	1,257
2029 to 2033	667	-	14,581	14,258
Total	11,867	78	29,347	17,916

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

### 24. Other payables

	Parent		Conso	lidated
	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23
Payables to customers (a)	58,486	48,379	69,671	54,977
Transfer of financial products operation	51	65	2,570	3,511
Payables to former controlling shareholders (b)	37,221	34,735	37,221	34,735
Other payables	147	48	10,447	7,245
	95,905	83,227	119,909	100,468
Current	59,003	48,678	83,007	65,919
Noncurrent	36,902	34,549	36,902	34,549

<sup>(</sup>a) These refer to sales of goods not yet delivered, and also customers' credit balances that may be used as payment for purchases in the Company.

## 25. Equity

#### a) Capital

The Company is not directly or indirectly controlled by another legal entity or individual.

On March 5, 2024, the Company's capital was increased through private subscription by R\$31,597, with the issue of 7,782,442 common, registered, book-entry shares with no par value.

As at December 31, 2024, the Company's fully subscribed and paid-up capital is represented by 195,072,711 (187,290,269 at December 31, 2023) registered common shares, without par value, in the amount of R\$482,160 (R\$450,563 at December 31, 2023).

#### b) Capital reserve

As at December 31, 2024, the amounts recorded as capital reserve are equivalent to the amounts recognized as stock option plan, and the share issue costs as a result of the initial public offering.

<sup>(</sup>b) These refer substantially to the amount to be transferred to the Company's former founding controlling shareholders, as agreed between the parties, corresponding to the net amount fully offset by the Company in connection with the final decision regarding exclusion of ICMS from the PIS and COFINS tax bases, covering the period from 2002 to 2008.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

### **25. Equity** (Continued)

#### c) Legal reserve

As at December 31, 2024, the Company recorded in "Legal reserve" the amount of R\$8,218 (R\$8,211 as at December 31, 2023). The legal reserve is annually recognized as allocation of 5% of net income for the year and cannot exceed 20% of the capital, pursuant to the legislation currently in force.

#### d) Tax incentive reserve

The Company benefited from ICMS tax incentives related to the reduction in tax base, with impacts on profit or loss until the year ended December 31, 2023. In view of the publication of Supplementary Law No. 160/17 and in accordance with Law No. 6404/76, management allocated such incentives to the tax incentive reserve. As at December 31, 2024, the outstanding balance totals R\$22,132.

#### e) Investment and expansion reserve

As established in the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the remaining balance of net income after allocations to set up the legal reserve, tax incentives reserve, and proposed dividends will be allocated to the income reserve named Investment and expansion reserve, whose purpose is to finance the expansion of the Company's and/or its subsidiaries' activities. The balance of this reserve, considered together with the balance of the legal reserve, cannot exceed an amount equivalent to the Company's capital. As at December 31, 2024, the balance of the investment and expansion reserve totals R\$15,734 (R\$39,402 as at December 31, 2023.

#### f) Other comprehensive income

This refers to unrealized income with cash flow hedge, corresponding to equity adjustments related to the swap transaction of loans taken out in foreign currency. The accumulated gain at December 31, 2024, net of taxes, totals R\$70.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

### **25. Equity** (Continued)

#### 25.1. Dividends

The Company's Articles of Incorporation determine that, as proposed by the Executive Board and approved by the Board of Directors, the Company may pay or credit interest to the shareholders in the form of equity remuneration, in compliance with the applicable legislation.

On February 8, 2024, the Company made the payment of interest on equity in the amount of R\$28,963, net of income tax, declared in 2023 and approved by the Board of Directors on December 22, 2023.

On December 19, 2024, the Board of Directors approved the distribution of R\$23,807 (R\$21,580 net of income tax) referring to interest on equity (IOE) for the year ended December 31, 2024 to be attributed to the minimum dividends for the year. The mandatory minimum dividends calculated in 2024, as well as IOE declared in 2024, are as follows:

	12/31/2024
Net income for the year Legal reserve (5% of net income for the year)	<b>146</b> 7
Dividend calculation base	139
Mandatory minimum dividend (25%) <b>Total</b>	35 <b>35</b>
Dividends and IOE credited to shareholders (net of income tax)	21,580

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

### **25. Equity** (Continued)

#### 25.2. Earnings per share

#### a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing income attributable to the Company's shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares existing in the period. The weighted average used in the calculation of earnings (loss) per share is as follows:

#### Weighted number of common shares - 12/31/24

#### Weighted number of common shares - 12/31/23

01/01/23 to 12/31/23 187,290,269

	12/31/24	12/31/23
Basic earnings		
Income attributable to the Company shareholders	146	19,679
Weighted average number of common shares (in thousands)	193,712	187,290
Basic earnings per common share	0.00075	0.10507

#### b) Diluted earnings per share

The Company's diluted earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2024 consider the diluting increase in common shares due to the 2020 stock option plan.

	12/31/24	12/31/23
<u>Diluted earnings</u>		
Income attributable to the Company shareholders	146	19,679
Weighted average number of common shares (in thousands)	193,712	187,290
Increase in common shares due to the stock option plan (in		
thousands)	73	-
Diluted earnings per common share	0.00075	0.10507

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## 25. Equity (Continued)

#### 25.3. Stock option plan

#### 25.3.1. 2020 Plan

At the Special General Meeting held on June 16, 2020, the shareholders approved the Company's stock option plan ("2020 Plan"). The 2020 Plan establishes the general conditions for the grant of stock options for purchase of common shares issued by the Company ("Shares"), pursuant to article 168, paragraph 3, of the Brazilian Corporation Law. Those eligible to the 2020 Plan are managing officers, executive officers, employees and service providers of the Company and its subsidiaries, selected at the sole discretion of the Board of Directors to receive stock options that entitle their holders to purchase Shares, strictly according to the terms and conditions established in the 2020 Plan ("Participants" and "Options", respectively). The Board of Directors will appoint, among those eligible, the Participants (those to which Options will be offered) and will approve the distribution of Options between the Participants.

Each Option will entitle the Participant to purchase 1 (one) Share, subject to the terms and conditions established in the respective Stock Option Plan Private Instrument. The Options that can be granted under the 2020 Plan shall entitle to a number of Shares not exceeding 7% of the total Shares representing the Company's capital immediately after the Company's IPO on B3 S.A. - Brasil, Bolsa, Balcão, considering a fully diluted base and taking into consideration the new Shares to be issued in the exercise of Options under the terms of the Plan. The Shares linked to Options forfeited or canceled before they are fully exercised will be again released for future grant of Options.

The Board of Directors will define, in each Program and regarding each class of Option, the period from which the Option granted to the Participants will become potentially vested as well as the strike price.

For the exercise of the Options granted, the participants of 2020 Plan shall pay a strike price per Option, which will correspond to the Share issue price or purchase price. The strike price will be set based on (i) the Share price defined at the pricing date of the Company's initial public offering (IPO), for Options granted up to the 6th month from the IPO date; or (ii) the weighted average price of Shares in a certain number of sessions prior the grant date to be defined by the Board of Directors ("Strike Price").

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## 25. Equity (Continued)

#### 25.3. Stock option plan (Continued)

#### 25.3.1. <u>2020 Plan</u> (Continued)

It will be incumbent upon the Board of Directors to define in each Option Program and/or Agreement whether the Strike Price will be restated by a restatement index and/or adjusted by dividends distributed by the Company to the shareholders. For the six existing programs, the price is restated by inflation and adjusted for dividends distributed.

Information on the 2020 Plan grants is shown below:

	1 <sup>st</sup> program	2 <sup>nd</sup> program	3 <sup>rd</sup> program	4 <sup>th</sup> program	5 <sup>th</sup> program	6 <sup>th</sup> program
Grant date	08/07/20	01/27/21	01/27/22	09/26/23	08/29/24	10/29/24
Total options granted (a)	80,555	34,000	6,000	1,380,964	6,405,944	5,415,640
Strike price	12.65 + IPCA	12.65 + IPCA	9.93 + IPCA	5.40 + IPCA	4.14 + IPCA	3.36 + IPCA
Volatility	22.00%	23.90%	30.60%	46.70%	50.70%	53.20%
·	DI vs. Fixed					
Risk-free interest rate	rate	rate	rate	rate	rate	rate
Term in which they will	10 / 00 //	40 4 00 41	40 4 00 41	40 / 40 //	10 / 10 //	10 / 10 //
become exercisable Options exercisable at	12 to 60 months	12 to 60 months	12 to 60 months	12 to 48 months	12 to 48 months	12 to 48 months
December 31, 2024	80,555	34,000	6,000	345,241	-	-

<sup>(</sup>a) This corresponds to the total amount granted, not yet expired and not exercised.

The fair value for the programs is calculated in accordance with the Black & Scholes pricing model, considering an expected distribution of dividends equal to zero. The accumulated impact for the year ended December 31, 2024 totaled R\$4,189 (R\$8,898 as of December 31, 2023), recognized as expense in P&L for the year.

The options granted have a 6-month blackout period from the exercise for 40% of the amount exercised.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

# 26. Operating revenue, net

	Pai	rent	Consolidated		
	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23	
Gross operating revenue	2,326,168	2,144,321	3,146,719	2,835,275	
Goods sold	2,241,853	2,057,911	2,241,853	2,057,911	
Services rendered	84,315	86,410	904,866	777,364	
(-) Sales taxes	(363,801)	(329,013)	(388,579)	(349,730)	
(-) Returns and rebates	(91,685)	(87,300)	(91,810)	(87,418)	
•	1,870,682	1,728,008	2,666,330	2,398,127	

Gross revenue from each business activities, net of total returns and rebates, is as follows:

	Pa	rent	Consolidated		
	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23	
Retail	2,164,676	1,983,253	2,164,676	1,983,253	
Financial services	69,807	73,768	797,524	683,063	
Credit cards	-	-	92,709	81,541	
Total	2,234,483	2,057,021	3,054,909	2,747,857	

# 27. Cost of goods sold and services rendered

	Parent		Consolidated		
-	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23	
Cost of goods sold and services rendered					
Cost of goods sold	1,296,232	1,200,531	1,296,232	1,200,531	
Cost of services rendered	22,747	15,316	441,961	371,584	
	1,318,979	1,215,847	1,738,193	1,572,115	

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## 28. Other operating income (expenses), net

	Parent		Conso	lidated
	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23
Other operating income (expenses), net				
Disposal of property and equipment	(649)	1,007	(649)	1,007
Provision for tax, labor and civil contingencies	3,968	6,334	5,658	4,677
Structuring costs - FIDC Verdecard	(3,551)	(2,953)	(3,848)	(3,576)
Stock option plan	(4,189)	(8,898)	(4,189)	(8,898)
Losses on claims	(1,883)	(1,069)	(1,883)	(1,069)
Recovery of tax credits	45,366	80,685	45,547	80,685
Attorney's fees - recovery of tax credits	(4,592)	(7,808)	(4,592)	(7,808)
	(10,114			
Other operating expenses, net	)	(11,465)	(9,528)	(10,706)
	24,356	55,833	26,516	54,312

With regard to topic 1124 on exclusion of ICMS ST from the PIS and COFINS tax bases, as mentioned in Note 11 (e), and in line with the judgment published on June 26, 2024 on limitation of the effects of the decision in time, establishing March 15, 2017 as beginning of the time frame, the Company carried out the reversal in the second quarter of R\$27,211 of principal credits net of costs incurred. In the ended December 31, 2024, the impact of recovery of principal credits from previous years, net of costs incurred recorded in these financial statements, is R\$34,193.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

# 29. Expenses by nature

The Company presented its statement of profit or loss using a classification of expenses by function. Information on the nature of operating expenses recorded in the statement of profit or loss is as follows:

	Parent		Consolidated	
	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23
Cost of goods sold	1,296,232	1,200,531	1,296,232	1,200,531
Cost of services rendered	22,747	15,316	441,961	371,584
Personnel expenses	491,722	450,903	527,461	483,098
Third-party service expenses	56,618	49,215	65,222	56,400
Expense with lease of stores, equipment and other	14,308	13,957	17,287	16,273
Depreciation and amortization expense	132,275	126,553	136,266	129,762
Tax credits - depreciation and amortization	(4,989)	(4,821)	(4,989)	(4,821)
Losses on receivables	2,999	1,880	8,344	3,290
Sharing of expenses between Group companies	(52,685)	(57,609)	-	-
Other	64,722	28,656	72,891	39,004
Total expenses	2,023,949	1,824,581	2,560,675	2,295,121
Cost of goods sold and services rendered	1,318,979	1,215,847	1,738,193	1,572,115
Selling expenses	572,065	529,839	581,238	535,301
General and administrative expenses	157,261	134,728	267,760	242,017
Other operating income (expenses), net	(24,356)	(55,833)	(26,516)	(54,312)
Total expenses	2,023,949	1,824,581	2,560,675	2,295,121

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## 30. Finance income (costs)

_	Parent		Consolidated	
	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23
Finance income				
Cash and cash equivalents and short-term				
investment yields	6,163	5,038	26,371	22,424
Monetary variation gains	21,033	4,902	21,245	5,301
Monetary variation on recovery of tax credits	18,658	33,088	18,658	33,210
Adjustment to present value	14,292	14,305	14,292	14,305
Income from FIDC Verdecard shares	279,384	193,114	-	-
PIS/COFINS on finance income	(14,479)	(11,201)	(2,773)	(3,277)
Other	4,006	4,743	4,157	4,785
Subtotal	329,057	243,989	81,950	76,748
Finance costs				
Interest on loans and arrears interest	(71,796)	(59,692)	(71,823)	(59,736)
Interest on lease liabilities	(45,891)	(45,125)	(45,891)	(45,125)
Monetary variation losses	(32,429)	(15,802)	(25,277)	(11,001)
Monetary variation - former controlling				
shareholders	(3,501)	(6,977)	(3,501)	(6,977)
Adjustment to present value	(38,281)	(44,268)	(38,281)	(44,268)
Tax on Financial Transactions (IOF)	(1,507)	(1,828)	(1,567)	(1,828)
Discounts granted	(436)	(335)	(2,746)	(1,208)
Other	(13,395)	(11,955)	(13,751)	(12,518)
Subtotal	(207,236)	(185,982)	(202,837)	(182,661)
Finance income (costs)	121,821	58,007	(120,887)	(105,913)

The Company's finance income (cost) is related to the current interest rate, specifically the CDI rate, since this indicator directly affects the most significant accounts of the group of accounts that make up the finance income (cost), such as profitability of financial investments, interest on loans, interest on lease liabilities, and adjustment to present value. The amounts recorded as at December 31, 2024 were based on the average CDI rate for the period of 0.86% p.m. (1.03% p.m. as at December 31, 2023).

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## 31. Financial instruments and risk management

The main financial instruments and related amounts reported in the financial statements, by category, are as follows:

	Par	rent	Consolidated		
	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23	
	Carrying	Carrying	Carrying	Carrying	
	amount	amount	amount	amount	
Financial assets					
Amortized cost:					
Cash and cash equivalents	257,642	196,972	489,905	421,357	
Trade accounts receivable	98,065	73,406	1,327,171	1,136,574	
Other receivables	23,892	29,820	44,854	47,674	
Fair value through profit or loss:					
Short-term investments	-	10,583	163,107	110,209	
Financial liabilities					
Financial liabilities at amortized cost:					
Trade accounts payable	451,585	394,872	451,585	394,872	
Trade accounts payable - agreement (a)	19,296	-	19,296	-	
Payables to accredited establishments (b)	-	-	333,432	245,039	
Lease liabilities	526,917	523,031	526,917	523,031	
Accounts payable for investment acquisition	11,642	15,137	11,642	15,137	
Other payables	36,902	34,549	36,902	34,549	
Loans and financing	534,522	501,290	534,522	501,290	
Senior shares - FIDC Verdecard	-	-	944,352	771,829	

<sup>(</sup>a) These refer to balances payable to suppliers for installment purchase of goods, payables related to reverse factoring transactions, which were prepaid through financial institutions with which the Company has a partnership, as described in Note 18.

The financial instruments measured at amortized cost, whose fair values differ from their carrying amounts, are disclosed in Note 31.3.

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, trade accounts receivable, other receivables, short-term investments, trade accounts payable, trade accounts payable - agreement, payables to accredited establishments, accounts payable for investment acquisition, lease liabilities, and Senior Shares - FIDC Verdecard are equivalent to their carrying amounts.

<sup>(</sup>b) These refer to amounts payable to accredited establishments relating to VerdeCard credit card transactions.

Notes to financial statements
December 31, 2024
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### **31. Financial instruments and risk management** (Continued)

# 31.1. Considerations on risk factors that may affect the Company's and its subsidiaries' business

#### a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of a counterparty not fulfilling its contractual obligations, resulting in financial losses to the Company.

The Company is exposed to credit risk due to its cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments held with financial institutions and the position of trade accounts receivable generated from its business transactions.

- (\*) Cash equivalents and short-term investments: in order to minimize the credit risk underlying these investments, investments in financial institutions are analyzed, which takes into consideration monetary limits and ratings of the financial institutions.
- (\*) Accounts receivable: the Company's sales policies seek to minimize this risk through careful selection of customers' portfolio according to their payment capacity (credit rating analysis) and diversification of its sales (risk dilution).

The credit risk arising from trade accounts receivable is minimized as most sales are made using own or third-party credit cards. In transactions with own credit cards, the Company definitively transfers past due receivables, without right of reimbursement to the partner financial institution, thus leading to the derecognition of these accounts receivable. In transactions with third-party credit cards, the financial institution issuing the customer credit card assumes the credit risk.

The Company recognized an estimated loss on doubtful debts for own funding, in the amount of R\$176,059 (R\$149,444 as at December 31, 2023), as shown in Note 8.

#### b) Market risk - interest rates

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows from a financial instrument may fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to risk of changes in market interest rates refers mainly to its long- and short-term obligations subject to variable interest rates, mainly the CDI rate.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

### **31. Financial instruments and risk management** (Continued)

# 31.1. Considerations on risk factors that may affect the Company's and its subsidiaries' business (Continued)

#### c) Exchange rate risk

The Company occasionally carries out certain transactions in foreign currency and, therefore, it is exposed to exchange rate changes. Exposures to foreign exchange risks are managed pursuant to the provisions set out in the approved policies, using futures currency contracts.

The foreign exchange risk arises from future and current business transactions and/or working capital loans denominated in U.S. dollar and euro.

As at December 31, 2024, there were no derivative transactions for foreign exchange hedging purposes, as shown in Note 19.

#### d) Capital management risk

The main objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure maintenance of a strong credit rating and a capital ratio at an amount sufficient to support business and maximize shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital through leverage ratios, i.e., the net debt-to-total capital ratio. The Company includes in its net debt structure loans and financing, less cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments considering changes in economic conditions.

There were no changes in objectives, policies or processes over the year ended December 31, 2024.

	Pai	rent	Consolidated		
	12/31/24 12/31/23		12/31/24	12/31/23	
	Carrying amount	Carrying amount	Carrying amount	Carrying amount	
Cash and cash equivalents Short-term investments Loans and financing	257,642 - (534,522)	196,972 10,583 (501,290)	489,905 163,107 (534,522)	421,357 110,209 (501,290)	

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## **31. Financial instruments and risk management** (Continued)

# 31.1. Considerations on risk factors that may affect the Company's and its subsidiaries' business (Continued)

#### e) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may find difficulty in meeting obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Management constantly monitors the Company's projected cash flows and manages liquidity risk, funding requirements and liquidity in the short, medium and long terms. Accordingly, the Company manages liquidity risk, maintaining adequate reserves, bank and other credit facilities for borrowings it considers appropriate, through continuous monitoring of forecast and actual cash flows, and also by combining the maturity profile of financial assets and liabilities.

Summarized maturity profile of the Company's financial assets and liabilities based on undiscounted payments provided for by contracts is as follows:

		Pare	ent		
Carrying	Contractual				4 years or
amount	cash flow	12 months	2 years	3 years	more
534,522	539,483	198,812	155,109	145,109	40,453
451,585	451,585	451,585	-	-	-
19,296	19,296	19,296	-	-	-
526,917	760,762	122,954	117,743	104,539	415,526
11,642	11,642	-	-	-	11,642
		Consoli	dated		
Carrying	Contractual				4 years or
amount	cash flow	12 months	2 years	3 years	more
				-	
534,522	539,483	198,812	155,109	145,109	40,453
	·	·		•	
944,352	948,850	355,972	303,050	155,774	134,054
333,432	333,432	333,432	-	· -	-
451,585	451,585	451,585	-	-	_
19.296	19,296	19.296	-	_	_
526,917	760,762	122,954	117,743	104,539	415,526
,	,	•	•	•	,
11,642	11,642	_	_	_	11,642
	amount  534,522 451,585 19,296 526,917  11,642  Carrying amount  534,522  944,352 333,432 451,585 19,296 526,917	amount         cash flow           534,522         539,483           451,585         451,585           19,296         19,296           526,917         760,762           11,642         11,642           Carrying amount         Contractual cash flow           534,522         539,483           944,352         948,850           333,432         333,432           451,585         451,585           19,296         19,296           526,917         760,762	Carrying amount         Contractual cash flow         12 months           534,522         539,483         198,812           451,585         451,585         451,585           19,296         19,296         19,296           526,917         760,762         122,954           11,642         11,642         -           Carrying amount         Contractual cash flow         12 months           534,522         539,483         198,812           944,352         948,850         355,972           333,432         333,432         333,432           451,585         451,585         451,585           19,296         19,296         19,296           526,917         760,762         122,954	amount         cash flow         12 months         2 years           534,522         539,483         198,812         155,109           451,585         451,585         451,585         -           19,296         19,296         19,296         -           526,917         760,762         122,954         117,743           11,642         11,642         -         -           Consolidated           Carrying amount         Contractual cash flow         12 months         2 years           534,522         539,483         198,812         155,109           944,352         948,850         355,972         303,050           333,432         333,432         333,432         -           451,585         451,585         451,585         -           19,296         19,296         19,296         -           526,917         760,762         122,954         117,743	Carrying amount         Contractual cash flow         12 months         2 years         3 years           534,522         539,483         198,812         155,109         145,109           451,585         451,585         451,585         -         -           19,296         19,296         -         -         -           526,917         760,762         122,954         117,743         104,539           Consolidated           Contractual cash flow         12 months         2 years         3 years           534,522         539,483         198,812         155,109         145,109           944,352         948,850         355,972         303,050         155,774           333,432         333,432         333,432         -         -           451,585         451,585         451,585         -         -           19,296         19,296         19,296         -         -           526,917         760,762         122,954         117,743         104,539

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## **31. Financial instruments and risk management** (Continued)

#### 31.2. Sensitivity analysis of financial instruments

The Company presents below information on its financial instruments, which is required under the IFRS and the accounting practices adopted in Brazil.

In preparing this supplementary sensitivity analysis, the Company adopted the following assumptions:

- Identification of market risks that can generate material losses for the Company, which are the same as those disclosed in Note 31.1.b.
- Definition of a probable scenario for risk behavior that, if materialized, may generate adverse results for the Company, and which is benchmarked by an independent external source.
- Presentation of impact of the scenario defined at fair value of financial instruments managed by the Company.

#### 31.2.1. Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The Company's profit or loss is subject to changes in interest rates on short-term investments, and loans and financing and debentures, which are pegged to variable interest rates, mainly the Interbank Deposit Certificate (CDI) rate. The Company management is not aware of any events that have or may have significant impacts on this rate that could affect the Company's P&L.

An increase or decrease of 299 base points is used to present internally the interest rate risks to key management personnel and corresponds to management's assessment of the possible changes in interest rates.

If interest rates were 25% higher/lower, equivalent to an increase or decrease of 299 base points, and all other variables remained constant, income for the year ended December 31, 2024 would decrease/increase by R\$13,449, primarily due to the Company's exposure to floating interest rates in connection with its payables.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## 31. Financial instruments and risk management (Continued)

#### 31.3. Fair value measurement

The Company discloses the fair values of the financial instruments measured at fair value and at amortized cost, which differ from their carrying amounts, as prescribed by CPC 46 and IFRS 13, referring to measurement concepts and disclosure requirements.

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, trade accounts receivable, other receivables, short-term investments, trade accounts payable, trade accounts payable - agreement, payables to accredited establishments, accounts payable for investment acquisition, and Senior Shares - FIDC Verdecard are equivalent to their carrying amounts.

The fair values are calculated by projecting future cash flows and discounted to present value, at the current market rates prevailing for each transaction.

The following table presents the fair value hierarchy for financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at fair value and financial instruments measured at amortized cost, the fair value of which is being disclosed in the financial statements:

		Parent			
		12/3	1/24	12/3	1/23
		Carrying	Carrying	Carrying	Carrying
	Level	amount	value	amount	value
Financial assets					
Short-term investments (CDB)	2	-	-	10,583	10,583
Financial liabilities					
Loans and financing (amortized	2				
cost)	2	534,522	537,984	501,290	502,431
		Consolidated			
		12/3	1/24	12/3	1/23
		Carrying	Carrying	Carrying	Carrying
	Level	amount	value	amount	value
Financial assets					
Short-term investments (LFT)	1	163,107	163,107	99,626	99,626
Short-term investments (CDB)	2	-	-	10,583	10,583
Financial liabilities					
Loans and financing (amortized	2				
cost)	2	534,522	537,984	501,290	502,431

Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Fair value measurement at the balance sheet date, using other significant observable assumptions.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

#### 32. Leases

The table below discloses the discount rates used for the discount to present value of lease payment flows, vis-à-vis agreement terms:

Agreements per term and average discount rate				
Parent and Consolidated				
Agreement terms Rates % p.a.				
1 to 5 years 5 to 10 years > 10 years	10.73% 9.96% 8.07%			

Changes in the balances of lease liabilities are as follows:

	Р		
Lease liabilities	Right of use - Property rent	Machinery and equipment	Consolidated
Balance at 12/31/22	528,805	4,557	533,362
Additions	54,272	-	54,272
Remeasurements/write-offs	6,749	-	6,749
Considerations paid	(115,391)	(1,086)	(116,477)
Interest for the year	45,049	76	45,125
Balance at 12/31/23	519,484	3,547	523,031
Balance at 12/31/23	519,484	3,547	523,031
Additions	44,734	909	45,643
Remeasurements/write-offs	33,754	-	33,754
Considerations paid	(120,233)	(1,169)	(121,402)
Interest for the year	45,808	83	45,891
Balance at 12/31/24	523,547	3,370	526,917

The table below shows the analysis of contractual maturity and undiscounted portions reconciled with the accounting balance for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	Pa	rent and Consolidated						
Maturity of agreements	12/31/23							
Maturities of portions (R\$ thousands)	Right of use - Property rent	Machinery and equipment	Consolidated					
< 1 year	115,564	1,086	116,650					
1 to 5 years	378,316	2,734	381,050					
5 to 10 years	188,971	-	188,971					
> 10 years	81,787	-	81,787					
Undiscounted amounts	764,638	3,820	768,458					
Embedded interest	(245,154)	(273)	(245, 427)					
Balance at 12/31/2023	519,484	3,547	523,031					

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

# 32. Leases (Continued)

	Parent and Consolidated								
Maturity of agreements		12/31/24							
Maturities of portions (R\$ thousands)	Right of use - Property rent	Machinery and equipment	Consolidated						
< 1 year	122,954	1,284	124,238						
1 to 5 years	386,490	2,355	388,845						
5 to 10 years	176,978	-	176,978						
> 10 years	74,340	-	74,340						
Undiscounted amounts	760,762	3,639	764,401						
Embedded interest	(237,215)	(269)	(237,484)						
Balance at 12/31/2024	523,547	3,370	526,917						

Changes in the balances of right-of-use assets are presented in the table below, according to the class of the asset:

	Parent and Consolidated							
Lease asset	Right of use - Property rent	Machinery and equipment	Consolidated					
Balance at 12/31/22	485,960	7,013	492,973					
Additions	54,272	-	54,272					
Remeasurements	4,424	-	4,424					
(-) Write-offs	(8,842)	-	(8,842)					
Depreciation	(71,466)	(950)	(72,416)					
Balance at 12/31/23	464,348	6,063	470,411					
Balance at 12/31/23	464,348	6,063	470,411					
Additions	44,735	909	45,644					
Remeasurements	31,297	-	31,297					
(-) Write-offs	(6,236)	-	(6,236)					
Depreciation	(74,500)	(995)	(75,495)					
Balance at 12/31/24	459,644	5,977	465,621					

The table below shows the potential recoverable PIS/COFINS embedded in the lease/rental consideration, based on the expected payment periods, undiscounted balances and balances discounted to present value:

	Parent and Consolidated								
	12/	31/24	12/31/23						
Cash flows	Total obligations	Adjusted to present value	Total obligations	Adjusted to present value					
Lease considerations	764,401	526,917	768,457	523,031					
Right-of-use considerations	760,762	523,547	764,637	519,484					
Machinery and equipment considerations	3,639	3,370	3,820	3,547					
Potential tax credits	(50,897)	(35,084)	(50,657)	(34,478)					

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## **32. Leases** (Continued)

	Parent and Consolidated								
		12/31/24		12/31/23					
		Machinery							
	Right of use -	and		Right of use -	Machinery and				
	Property rent	equipment	Consolidated	Property rent	equipment	Consolidated			
Considerations noid	(120, 222)	(4.460)	(424,402)	(445 204)	(4.096)	(116 177)			
Considerations paid	(120,233)	(1,169)	(121,402)	(115,391)	(1,086)	(116,477)			
Considerations paid, net	(112,788)	(1,169)	(113,957)	(108,245)	(1,086)	(109,331)			
PIS and COFINS paid	(7,445)	-	(7,445)	(7,146)	-	(7,146)			
Tax credits - right-of-use asset	(4,989)	-	(4,989)	(4,821)	-	(4,821)			
Tax credits - lease liabilities	(2,456)	-	(2,456)	(2,325)	-	(2,325)			

## Impacts from full adoption of CPC06 (R2)

The Company, in full compliance with IFRS16 / CPC06 (R2), started to adopt the discounted actual cash flow method to measure and remeasure its lease liability and right of use, without considering projected future inflation on the flows to be discounted (as prohibited by CPC 06 (R2)), while the present value was obtained by applying a nominal interest rate, that is, a rate that includes a future inflation component. Therefore, although the accounting methodology used is in line with the rule set forth in IFRS 16/ CPC 06 (R2), it generates differences in the information due to the mismatch between cash flow and present value, given the current reality of long-term interest rates in the Brazilian economic environment.

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

## 32. Leases (Continued)

The following table details the differences between asset and liability balances, depreciation and interest amounts, on a year-to-year basis, between the methodology suggested in Memorandum Circular/CVM/SNC/SEP/No. 02/2019 and the one adopted by the Company, in full compliance with IFRS 16/CPC06 (R2). The table shows that at the end of the lease agreements, the methodology adopted has no effect on equity.

Comparative Table - Application of IFRS 16 / CPC 06 (R2) considering Inflation (Right of	of Use)

(In thousands of																											
reais)	Year 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11	Year 12	Year 13	Year 14	Year 15	Year 16	Year 17	Year 18	Year 19	Year 20	Year 21	Year 22	Year 23	Year 24	Year 25	Year 26
Lease liabilities IFRS 16 / CPC 06																											
(R2) Explanatory note	152,096 174,324	204,842 247.524	306,123 353,187	452,570 557,650	528,805 685,559	519,484 741.688	523,547 825,918	465,195 749,192	385,335 656,521	312,054 554,126	247,796 458,573	192,172 355,386	147,491 276,776	112,717 220.314	88,417 186,993	71,484 155,535	59,904 117,120	50,727 101,418	41,418 81,189	31,969 64,770	22,011 44,414	11,197 23,683	3,492 8.442	513 1,102	126 276	-	-
% balance sheet on explanatory																											
note	(12.75%)	(17.24%)	(13.33%)	(18.84%)	(22.87%)	(29.96%)	(36.61%)	(37.91%)	(41.31%)	(43.69%)	(45.96%)	(45.93%)	(46.71%)	(48.84%)	(52.72%)	(54.04%)	(48.85%)	(49.98%)	(48.99%)	(50.64%)	(50.44%)	(52.72%)	(58.64%)	(53.49%)	(54.24%)	-	-
Lease asset IFRS 16 / CPC 06																											
(R2) Explanatory note	141,478 158,159	191,096 222,621	286,170 318,847	421,925 497.863	485,960 568,742	464,348 604,210	459,644 642.013	396,529 532,156	318,126 428,560	249,994 337,593	192,838 261.034	145,656 197,928	109,656 150,831	82,908 115,201	64,366 89,548	51,234 70,547	41,879 57,220	34,271 46,695	26,888 36,537	19,716 26,680	12,577 16,888	5,461 7,141	1,620 2,137	220 304	55 74	-	-
% balance sheet on explanatory	130,139	222,021	310,047	497,003	300,742	004,210	042,013	332,130	420,300	337,393	201,004	197,920	130,031	113,201	09,040	70,547	37,220	40,033	30,037	20,000	10,000	7,141	2,137	304	/4		
note	(10.55%)	(14.16%)	(10.25%)	(15.25%)	(14.56%)	(23.15%)	(28.41%)	(25.49%)	(25.77%)	(25.95%)	(26.13%)	(26.41%)	(27.30%)	(28.03%)	(28.12%)	(27.38%)	(26.81%)	(26.61%)	(26.41%)	(26.10%)	(25.52%)	(23.52%)	(24.19%)	(27.57%)	(25.96%)	-	-
Finance costs IFRS 16 / CPC 06																											
(R2)		(14,762) (16,981)	(19,086) (25,266)	(30,426) (40,139)	(41,452) (57,804)	(45,048) (66,507)	(45,806) (71,686)	(46,584) (72,497)	(39,409) (65,677)	(32,184) (56,942)	(25,695) (47,058)	(20,009) (37,877)	(15,166) (28,521)	(11,097) (22,152)	(8,006) (17,240)	(6,037) (14,239)	(4,804) (10,623)	(4,128) (8,468)	(3,585) (7,363)	(3,045) (6,362)	(2,472) (5,301)	(1,854) (4,130)	(1,156) (2,683)	(297) (740)	(63) (148)	(11) (27)	-
Explanatory note % balance sheet		(10,961)	(25,266)	(40,139)	(57,604)	(66,507)	(71,000)	(72,497)	(65,677)	(50,942)	(47,056)	(37,077)	(20,521)	(22,152)	(17,240)	(14,239)	(10,623)	(0,400)	(7,363)	(0,302)	(5,301)	(4,130)	(2,003)	(740)	(140)	(21)	-
on explanatory note		(13.07%)	(24.46%)	(24.20%)	(28.29%)	(32.27%)	(36.10%)	(35.74%)	(40.00%)	(43.48%)	(45.40%)	(47.17%)	(46.83%)	(49.91%)	(53.56%)	(57.60%)	(54.78%)	(51.25%)	(51.31%)	(52.14%)	(53.36%)	(55.10%)	(56.91%)	(59.88%)	(57.10%)	(60.98%)	-
Depreciation																											
charges IFRS 16 / CPC 06		/a= .a=		(== 440)		(== +0.0)				/aa aaa	(=====)		(00.00=)	(0= 00.1)	//= aa=1		(0.500)	(0.044)	(0.000)	(0.510)	(0.404)	(0.450)	(0.400)	(4.000)		(40)	
(R2) Explanatory note		(35,197) (36,764)	(43,674) (44,119)	(55,419) (60,177)	(68,363) (72,854)	(75,486) (87,784)	(75,747) (97,331)	(78,398) (103,023)	(73,522) (97,120)	(63,836) (85,188)	(53,535) (71,696)	(44,145) (59,042)	(33,695) (44,102)	(25,031) (33,365)	(17,307) (23,965)	(12,181) (17,668)	(8,596) (12,272)	(6,944) (9,614)	(6,720) (9,249)	(6,513) (8,955)	(6,481) (8,891)	(6,458) (8,845)	(3,486) (4,541)	(1,270) (1,663)	(150) (209)	(49) (67)	-
% balance sheet on explanatory																											
note		(4.26%)	(1.01%)	(7.91%)	(6.16%)	(14.01%)	(22.18%)	(23.90%)	(24.30%)	(25.07%)	(25.33%)	(25.23%)	(23.60%)	(24.98%)	(27.78%)	(31.06%)	(29.95%)	(27.78%)	(27.35%)	(27.27%)	(27.11%)	(26.99%)	(23.24%)	(23.63%)	(28.09%)	(26.38%)	-

(In thousands of

Notes to financial statements December 31, 2024 (In thousands of reais - R\$, unless otherwise stated)

# 33. Insurance coverage

The Company adopts the policy of taking out insurance coverage for assets subject to risks, at amounts deemed sufficient to cover losses, if any, considering the nature of its activities.

As at December 31, 2024, the insurance policies and coverage are as follows:

	12/31/24
<u>Property</u>	
Gross profit	80,000
Loss or payment of rental	1,322
Windstorm, hurricane, cyclone, tornado, hailstorm, vehicle crash and smoke	20,000
Glass breakage	500
Flood and inundation	1,000
Internal goods handling	100
Inclusions/exclusions of assets/sites and change in value at risk	5,000
Third-party assets in the possession of the policyholder	200
Equipment leased and/or assigned to third parties	4,448
Civil liability	1,420
Fire (including riots), lightning, explosion, implosion, smoke and aircraft crash	90,000
Electrical damage	1,500
Small engineering construction works for expansions, repairs and renovations	3,000
Debris removal	5,000
Illuminated advertising	300
Theft of values inside the policyholder's premises	500
Expenses with expert fees	1,000
Expert fees	1,000
Aggravated theft and/or larceny inside the policyholder's premises	2,000
D&O	218,290
Directors and Officers Liability (D&O)	60,000
	60,000
<u>Vehicles</u>	
Property damage	3,800
Bodily injury	3,800
Bodywork	215
	7,815
Total coverage	286,105

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#### 34. Additional cash flow information

The Company management defines as "cash and cash equivalents" the amounts held for the purpose of meeting short-term commitments rather than for investment or other purposes. Short-term investments can be immediately converted into a known cash amount and are not subject to risk of significant change in value.

As at December 31, 2024, the balances that make up such account are described in Note 6.

The Company management classified interest paid on financing, leases and intercompany loans as cash flows from financing activities as they refer to fundraising costs.

Changes in equity not affecting the Company's cash flows are as follows:

	Par	ent	Consolidated		
	12/31/24	12/31/23	12/31/24	12/31/23	
Provision for tax, labor and civil contingencies subject to					
reimbursement by former controlling shareholders	-	152	-	152	
Acquisition of property and equipment	(1,776)	(2,601)	(1,776)	(2,601)	
Additions to intangible assets	(88)	(672)	(88)	(672)	
Right-of-use asset	(76,941)	(58,696)	(76,941)	(58,696)	
Lease liabilities	76,941	58,696	76,941	58,696	
Other comprehensive income – cash flow hedge	(106)	· -	(106)	-	
Other comprehensive income – deferred tax - cash flow	, ,		, ,		
hedge	36	-	36	-	
Dividends and interest on equity payable	23,807	31,597	23,807	31,597	
Withholding income tax (IRRF) and interest on equity	•	•	•	,	
payable	2,227	2,633	2,227	2,633	
Dividends receivable	2,464	5,781	2,464	5,781	

# 35. Events after the reporting period

On December 19, 2024, the Board of Directors approved the declaration of interest on equity, concurrently with the increase in the Company's capital in an equivalent amount, through private subscription of new common shares. The interest on equity was fully settled on January 31, 2025, in the amount of R\$23,807 (R\$21,580 net of income tax). The capital increase is currently in progress.