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Banco BMG S.A.

BMGB B3 LISTED N1

Individual and consolidated interim financial statements on September 30, 2026, and independent auditor's report on the financial statements

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MANAGEMENT REPORT

The Management of Banco Bmg S.A. and its subsidiaries ("Bank"), in accordance with the accounting practices adopted in Brazil, established by the Brazilian Corporate Legislation and the Central Bank of Brazil, is presenting the Financial Statements for the period ended September 30, 2026, along with the independent auditors' report.

Banco Bmg

Throughout nearly a century of operation, Banco Bmg has maintained as its central guideline proximity to its clients, offering financial solutions suitable to their needs, combining technology, operational efficiency, and humanized service. This approach has sustained the building of trusting relationships and strengthened our presence in the credit and financial services market.

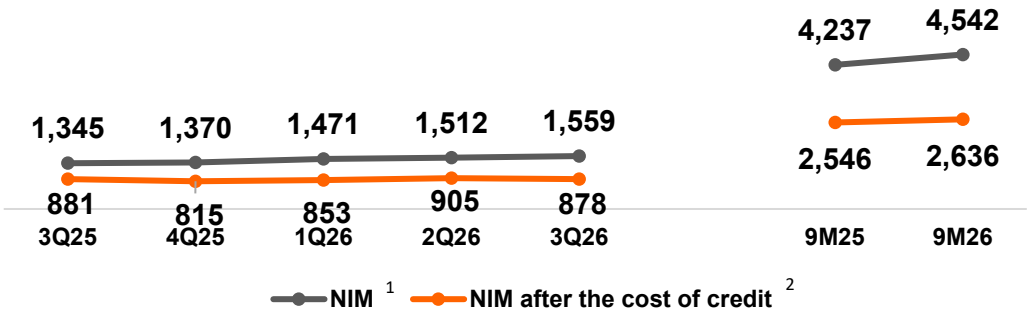
We serve millions of clients throughout the country, including retirees and pensioners, salaried employees, and investors. We offer a diversified portfolio comprised of payroll loans, personal loans, insurance, assistance services, and solutions for investors. We operate in a complementary manner through physical and digital channels, integrating technology, convenience, and empathy in our relationships.

Our main verticals are **Retail, Wholesale, and Insurance**, evolving to become an increasingly relational Bank, with the client at the center of the strategy, expansion of business opportunities and sustainable profitability.

Financial Performance

The financial margin totaled R$ 4,542 million in the period ended September 30, 2026, representing an increase of 7.2% in comparison to the same period of the previous year. In 3Q26, the margin reached R$ 1,559 million, an increase of 3.1% compared to 2Q26. The financial margin after the cost of credit (net of provision and commission expenses) totaled R$ 2,636 million in the period ended September 30, 2026, representing an increase of 3.5% in comparison with the same period of the previous year. In 3Q26, margin after the cost of credit reached R$ 878 million, a reduction of 3.1% compared to 2Q26. In the quarter, the reduction in financial margin after the cost of credit was due to the increase of provision for loan losses, reflecting a more challenging macroeconomic environment with increased household income commitment and the new portfolio mix.

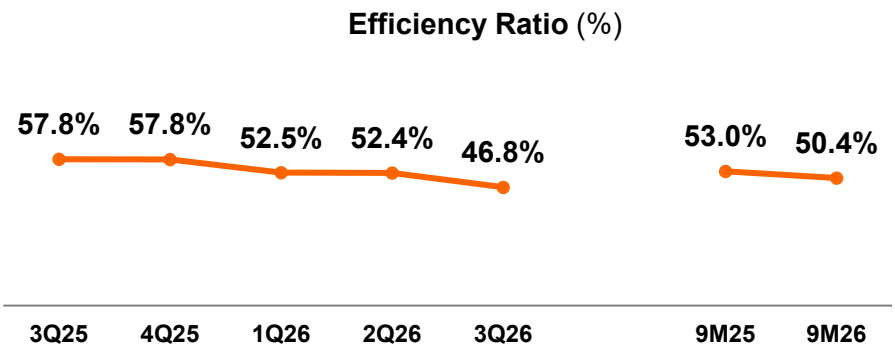
Financial Margin (R$ million)



1 - based on Managerial Income Statements, includes income from credit operations + income from marketable securities transactions + funding and derivatives expenses + income from services rendered + insurance operations.
2 - net interest margin + net provision expense + commission expense.

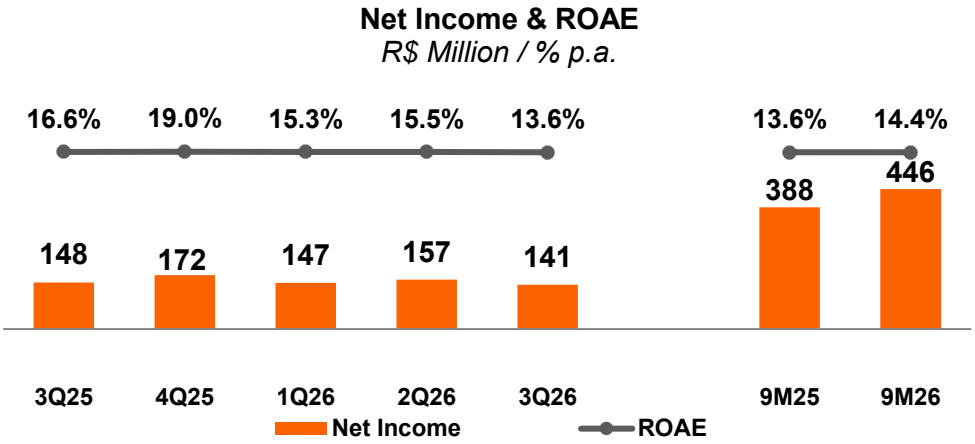
In the period ended September 30, 2026, the efficiency ratio was 50.4%, an improvement of 2.6 p.p. compared to the same period in 2025. In 3Q26, the index reached 46.8%, an improvement of 5.6 p.p. compared to 2Q26. The Bank remains focused on cost management, delivering more technological and operational efficiencies to the business and, consequently, generating better security and lower service costs.

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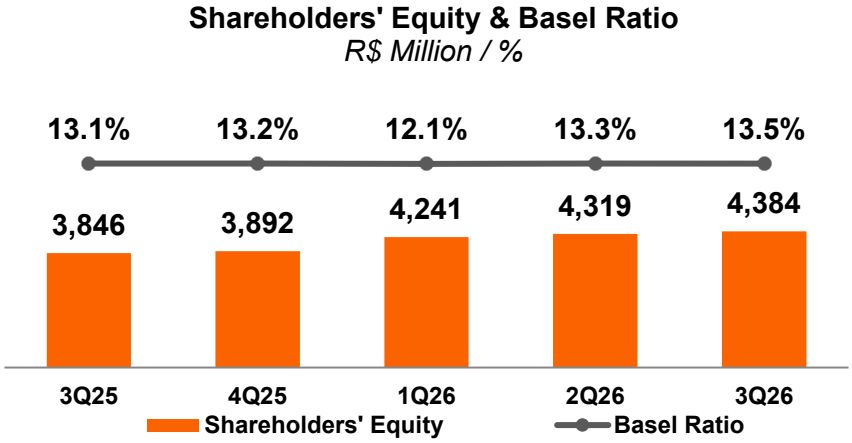


Methodology: Personnel Expenses + Other Administrative Expenses (doesn't consider amortization) + Other Operating Expenses (net from operating income)/ Gross Profit from Financial Intermediation before allowance for loan losses + Income from Services Rendered + Tax Expenses.

The net income in the period ended September 30, 2026, was R$ 446 million, an increase of 14.8% when compared to the same period of 2025. In 3Q26, net income reached R$ 141 million, a reduction of 10.2% compared to 2Q26. The Return on Average Equity (ROAE) was 14.4% per year in the period ended September 30, 2026.



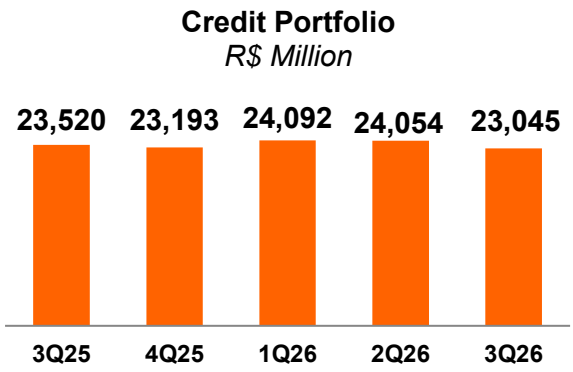
Consolidated Shareholders' Equity on September 30, 2026, amounted to R$ 4,384 million, the capitalization ratio of risk-weighted assets (Basel Ratio) was 13.5%, and the tier 1 capital reached 10.2%.
The Bank provisioned R$ 194.4 million in Interest on Shareholders' Equity related to the period ended September 30, 2026, of which R$ 64.0 million were declared relating to the third quarter of 2026 and will be paid on December 04, 2026.

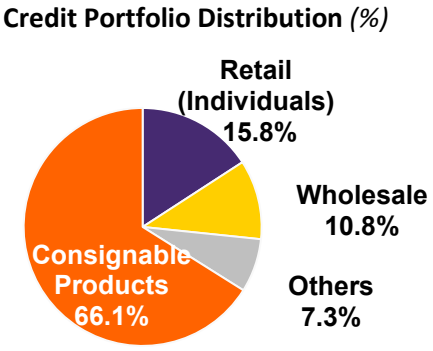


The total consolidated portfolio ended September 30, 2026, with a balance of R$ 23,045 million, representing a reduction of 2.0% in twelve months and 4.2% compared to 2Q26. In the quarter, the reduction in the credit portfolio was mainly due to the assignment without retention of risks and benefits from the INSS payroll card and benefit payroll

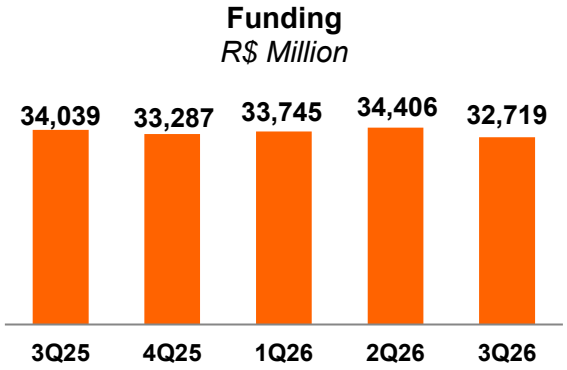
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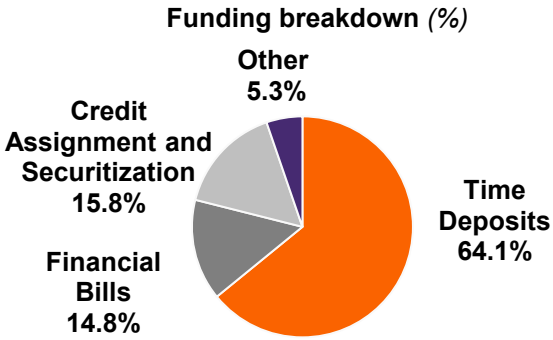
card. On the other hand, there was growth in private payroll loans and personal credit, reflecting the change in the asset mix that the Bank has been implementing.





The consolidated funding balance totaled R$ 32,719 million in September 30, 2026, representing a reduction of 3.9% compared to the same period of the previous year and 4.9% compared to 2Q26. Furthermore, the Bank's strategy is to be a recurring issuer in the capital market, with the aim of approaching institutional investors, promoting Bmg's liquidity and creating a reference interest curve in the institutional market. In October 2026, the Bank concluded the funding of R$ 426 million in its 8th public issuance of Financial Bills for a term of 2-year and ten days at an interest rate of CDI + 1.15% p.a. and a term of 3 years at an interest rate of CDI + 1.25% p.a., representing the Bank's lowest risk premiums in these category.





In September 30, 2026, The Bank's investments in subsidiaries totaled R$ 107 million, the main variation being the positive equity of equivalence result of Bmg Corretora.

ESG Principles

The Bank remains focused on delivering financial solutions to live well as they age. This strategic guideline directs product development, the value proposition, and the service model, reconciling business growth with a positive impact for customers and society. In this context, with the aim of strengthening financial citizenship through ethical and inclusive practices, the ESG agenda remains a cross-cutting pillar of the business model, integrating governance, customer service, and value proposition.

We are also one of the sponsors of the Marina and Flávio Guimarães Institute (IMFG), which centralizes the social actions of the Bmg Group. Founded to drive social transformation, IMFG promotes human development and the strengthening of the communities in which it operates.

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Bmg is signatory of important movements such as UN Global Compact, the Pact for the Promotion of Racial Equality, the Business Network for Social Inclusion, the Women 360 Movement, Women on Board (WOB), Business and LGBTI+ Rights Forum, OUTstand Brasil and Business Pact for Integrity and Against Corruption (Clean Company) of the Ethos Institute.
Learn more about our ESG initiatives on the website: https://www.bancobmg.com.br/compromisso-ASG/.

Corporate Governance
The Bank has a robust corporate governance structure. In addition to the obligations established in Level 1 of corporate governance of B3 S.A – Brasil, Bolsa, Balcão, the Bank adopted some of the obligations set forth in the Novo Mercado: (i) the 100% tag-along right, guaranteeing all shareholders the same price and conditions offered to the controlling shareholder in case of sale of control; (ii) simultaneous disclosure in Portuguese and English earnings results and material facts; and (iii) Board of Directors composed of 2 or 20% (whichever is greater) of Independent Members, and currently 44% is composed of independent members, including the chairwoman. Furthermore, the Bank has: (i) an Audit Committee composed of one independent member, (ii) five other committees directly subordinated to the Board of Directors, all with the presence of independent members; and (iii) a permanent Fiscal Council approved at the Shareholder's Meeting.
Based on best risk management practices, the Bank has developed policies, systems and internal controls to mitigate and control possible losses arising from exposure to the risks to which its activities are exposed, with a set of appropriate processes and routines applied to its operating modalities.
For more information on corporate governance, please visit: www.bancobmg.com.br/ir.

Relationship with Independent Auditors
The adopted policy adheres to the principles that preserve the independence of the auditor, in accordance with internationally accepted criteria, ie, the auditor should not audit his or her own work and neither perform managerial functions at his client nor promote its interests. In the period ended September 30, 2026, Bmg did not contract and did not have services rendered by PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditores Independentes not related to the external audit, at a level higher than 5% of the total relative fees to external audit services.

Capital Management
The assessment of capital adequacy is made to ensure that the organization maintains a strong capital base to support its activities. It also considers a prospective vision, designed to anticipate possible changes in market conditions.

Acknowledgements
All these achievements reflect the firm commitment of the Shareholders and Management to continually strive to exceed expectations and always offer its clients high quality service and a healthy environment for its employees.
These gains have been possible thanks to our clients' support and trust and the dedicated efforts of our collaborators and partners/correspondents.
To them all, our deep appreciation.

BANK'S MANAGEMENT
São Paulo, November 05, 2026.

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FISCAL COUNCIL'S OPINION

In the exercise of their legal and statutory duties, the members of Banco Bmg S.A. Fiscal Council, after examining the Management Report and the Individual and Consolidated interim Financial Statements for the period ended on September 30, 2026, prepared in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil, established by the Brazilian Corporate Law and the Central Bank of Brazil (BACEN), concluded that all the elements assessed, considering the report of the PricewaterhouseCoopers Independent Auditors Ltd., reflect the asset situation, the financial position and the activities developed by the Bank in the period.

São Paulo, November 5, 2026.

Roberto Faldini
Coordinating Member

Mirtes Kinuko Yamamoto
Member

Luciano Luiz Barsi
Member

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Report on review of parent company and consolidated interim financial statements

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders
Banco Bmg S.A.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim balance sheet of Banco Bmg S.A. ("Bank") as at September 30, 2026 and the related statements of income, comprehensive result, changes in equity and cash flows for the nine-month period then ended, as well as the accompanying consolidated interim balance sheet of Banco Bmg S.A. and its subsidiaries ("Consolidated") as at September 30, 2026 and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive result, changes in equity and cash flows for the nine-month period then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies.

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these parent company and consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil applicable to institutions authorized to operate by the Brazilian Central Bank (BCB). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Reviews of Interim Financial Information (NBC TR 2410 - "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity", and ISRE 2410 - "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity", respectively). A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying parent company and consolidated interim financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Banco Bmg S.A. and of Banco Bmg S.A. and its subsidiaries as at September 30, 2026, and the parent company financial performance and its cash flows for the nine-month period then ended, as well as the consolidated financial performance and the consolidated cash flows for the nine-month period then ended, in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil applicable to institutions authorized to operate by the Brazilian Central Bank (BCB).

PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditores Independentes Ltda.
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Banco BMG S.A.

Other matters

Statement of value added

The interim financial statements referred to above include the parent company and consolidated statements of value added for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2026. These statements are the responsibility of the Bank's management and presented as supplementary information. These statements have been subjected to review procedures performed together with the review of the interim financial statements for the purpose concluding whether they are reconciled with the interim financial statements and accounting records, as applicable, and if their form and content are in accordance with the criteria defined in the Accounting Standard CPC 09 - "Statement of Value Added". Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that these statements of value added have not been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the criteria established in this accounting standard, and that they are consistent with the parent company and consolidated interim financial statements taken as a whole.

São Paulo, November 05, 2026

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Auditores Independentes Ltda.
CRC 2SP000160/O-5

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Fabio Araujo
Signed By: FABIO DE OLIVEIRA ARAUJO:27382814866
CPF: 27382814866
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BANCO BMG S.A. (BANK) AND BANCO BMG S.A. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES (CONSOLIDATED)
BALANCE SHEET
ON SEPTEMBER 30, 2026 AND DECEMBER 31, 2025

In thousands of reais (A free translation of the original in Portuguese)

		Consolidated		Bank	
	Note	2026	2025	2026	2025
Assets					
Available cash	**4**	**469,291**	**544,312**	**424,831**	**490,409**
Financial assets		**33,229,744**	**37,816,509**	**29,879,034**	**34,493,656**
At amortized cost		**26,620,597**	**25,269,192**	**23,900,050**	**22,510,174**
Investments in interbank deposits	5.1	25,561	22,880	840,503	633,276
Marketable securities	5.2	6,023,542	4,575,966	3,818,066	2,370,036
Credit operations	5.4	22,335,590	22,143,729	20,893,459	20,743,013
Provision for expected loss	5.4	(1,807,821)	(1,559,532)	(1,651,978)	(1,236,151)
Insurance operations	14(d)	43,725	86,149	-	-
At fair value through other comprehensive income		**4,588,560**	**8,143,968**	**4,291,824**	**7,881,397**
Marketable securities	5.2	4,588,560	8,143,968	4,291,824	7,881,397
At fair value through profit or loss		**2,020,587**	**4,403,349**	**1,687,160**	**4,102,085**
Marketable securities	5.2	1,963,432	4,349,007	1,630,005	4,047,743
Derivatives	5.3	57,155	54,342	57,155	54,342
Interfinancial Relations	**5.5(b)**	824,266	873,866	824,057	873,657
Other credits	**5.5(a)**	**8,695,717**	**8,407,423**	**7,897,946**	**7,898,788**
Tax assets		5,835,235	5,777,606	5,336,887	5,269,630
Sundry		2,860,482	2,629,817	2,561,059	2,629,158
Other assets		**464,709**	**455,164**	**310,554**	**355,308**
Assets not in use	6(a)	24,351	24,248	24,113	24,021
Prepaid expenses	6(b)	440,358	430,916	286,441	331,287
Permanent assets		**1,078,498**	**950,407**	**6,053,873**	**5,672,459**
Investments		**106,767**	**125,747**	**5,097,949**	**4,857,875**
Subsidiary and associated companies	**7**	**106,767**	**125,747**	**5,097,949**	**4,857,875**
Foreign		-	-	402,388	447,926
Local		106,767	125,747	4,695,561	4,409,949
Property and equipment	**8**	**169,591**	**117,099**	**155,233**	**108,488**
Intangible assets	**9**	**802,140**	**707,561**	**800,691**	**706,096**
Total Assets		**44,762,225**	**49,047,681**	**45,390,295**	**49,784,277**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Individual and Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

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BANCO BMG S.A. (BANK) AND BANCO BMG S.A. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES (CONSOLIDATED)
BALANCE SHEET
ON SEPTEMBER 30, 2026 AND DECEMBER 31, 2025

In thousands of reais (A free translation of the original in Portuguese)

		Consolidated		Bank	
	Note	2026	2025	2026	2025
Liabilities and Equity					
Financial liabilities		**30,819,260**	**34,264,963**	**31,879,414**	**35,489,745**
At amortized cost		**30,694,674**	**34,181,205**	**31,754,828**	**35,405,987**
Deposits	10.1	22,253,949	22,390,791	23,415,512	23,774,851
Funds obtained in the open market - own portfolio	10.1(c)	2,106,645	5,682,641	2,106,645	5,682,641
Funds from acceptance and issue of securities	10.2	3,713,974	3,504,996	3,713,974	3,504,996
Borrowings and onlendings	10.3	2,518,697	2,443,499	2,518,697	2,443,499
Insurance operations	14(d)	101,409	159,278	-	-
At fair value through profit or loss		**124,586**	**83,758**	**124,586**	**83,758**
Derivative financial instruments	5.3	124,586	83,758	124,586	83,758
Interfinancial relations		**246,954**	**273,224**	**246,862**	**273,137**
Provisions	**11(a)**	**1,868,406**	**1,817,535**	**1,802,116**	**1,759,291**
Tax liabilities	**11(a)**	**61,691**	**239,568**	**10,278**	**121,019**
Other liabilities	**11(b)**	**7,246,658**	**8,429,592**	**7,067,196**	**8,249,077**
Total Liabilities		**40,242,969**	**45,024,882**	**41,005,866**	**45,892,269**
Equity managed by the parent company		**4,519,256**	**4,022,799**	**4,384,429**	**3,892,008**
Non-controlling interests		**134,827**	**130,791**	**-**	**-**
Equity	**13**	**4,384,429**	**3,892,008**	**4,384,429**	**3,892,008**
Capital - local residents		4,006,104	3,792,104	4,006,104	3,792,104
Carrying value adjustment		(42,517)	(9,723)	(42,517)	(9,723)
Capital reserves		21,233	20,923	21,233	20,923
Other accumulated comprehensive income		(6,429)	(87,488)	(6,429)	(87,488)
Revenue reserves		406,038	176,192	406,038	176,192
Total Liabilities and Equity		**44,762,225**	**49,047,681**	**45,390,295**	**49,784,277**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Individual and Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

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BANCO BMG S.A. (BANK) AND BANCO BMG S.A. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES (CONSOLIDATED)
STATEMENT OF INCOME
NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30
In thousands of reais, unless otherwise indicated

(A free translation of the original in Portuguese)

		Consolidated		Bank	
	Note	2026	2025	2026	2025
Income from financial intermediation		**7,262,955**	**6,934,267**	**6,706,071**	**6,560,905**
Credit operations	14(a)	5,727,263	5,014,151	5,412,395	4,813,259
Marketable securities transactions	14(b)	1,535,692	1,920,116	1,293,676	1,747,646
Expenses on financial intermediation	**14(c)**	**(3,856,393)**	**(3,879,000)**	**(4,029,540)**	**(4,376,568)**
Funds obtained in the market		(3,769,697)	(4,119,868)	(3,935,652)	(4,580,640)
Loans, assignments and onlendings		(193,525)	(123,052)	(200,717)	(123,052)
Derivative financial instruments		106,829	363,920	106,829	327,124
Insurance Result	**14(d)**	**88,796**	**93,423**	**-**	**-**
Net income from financial intermediation before provision for expected loss		**3,495,358**	**3,148,690**	**2,676,531**	**2,184,337**
Provision for expected loss	5.4(e)	(1,397,655)	(1,176,475)	(1,187,571)	(701,157)
Credit operations recovered	5.4(e)	177,138	203,355	152,576	174,666
Net income from financial intermediation		**2,274,841**	**2,175,570**	**1,641,536**	**1,657,846**
Other operating income (expenses)		**(1,848,112)**	**(1,710,931)**	**(1,344,671)**	**(1,387,654)**
Income from services rendered	15	153,097	198,522	91,116	107,855
Personnel expenses	16(a)	(372,965)	(334,467)	(313,971)	(288,268)
Other administrative expenses	16(b)	(903,242)	(893,483)	(846,803)	(849,735)
Tax expenses	17	(172,131)	(185,636)	(126,979)	(142,858)
Equity in the earnings(loss) of subsidiary and associated companies	7	18,950	36,874	424,779	324,182
Other operating income (expenses)	18	(571,821)	(532,741)	(572,813)	(538,830)
Operating result		**426,729**	**464,639**	**296,865**	**270,192**
Non-operating income		**176**	**2,059**	**361**	**183**
Profit before taxation and profit sharing		**426,905**	**466,698**	**297,226**	**270,375**
Income tax and social contribution - current	19(c)	(67,831)	(203,653)	6,736	(84,625)
Income tax and social contribution - deferred	19(c)	210,123	274,401	235,554	289,287
Statutory profit sharing		(94,567)	(88,198)	(93,602)	(86,648)
Non-controlling stake in consolidated subsidiaries		**(28,716)**	**(60,859)**	**-**	**-**
Profit for the period		**445,914**	**388,389**	**445,914**	**388,389**
Basic and diluted earnings per share - R$	**13(d)**			**0.7123**	**0.6660**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Individual and Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

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BANCO BMG S.A. (BANK) AND BANCO BMG S.A. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES (CONSOLIDATED)
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30
In thousands of reais (A free translation of the original in Portuguese)

	Consolidated and Bank	
	2026	2025
Net profit for the period	**445,914**	**388,389**
Other comprehensive income		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
Securities at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income - Own	61,632	83,537
Securities at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income - From Subsidiaries	-	2
Securities at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income - Tax effects	(27,751)	(39,752)
Cash flow hedge	92,935	(78,797)
Cash flow hedge - Tax effects	(45,757)	34,507
Goodwill on acquisition of investment	-	(17,848)
Change in other comprehensive income	**81,059**	**(18,351)**
Total comprehensive income for the period	**526,973**	**370,038**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Individual and Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

Docusign Envelope ID: 166EDC7E-A46C-875B-8381-62BE1CC68761

BANCO BMG S.A. (BANK) AND BANCO BMG S.A. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES (CONSOLIDATED)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30

In thousands of reais

(A free translation of the original in Portuguese)

	Attributed to owners of the parent company										Non-controlling interest	Total
	Capital	Capital increase	Capital reserves	Profit reserves			Other comprehensive income	Treasury shares	Retained earnings	Total		
				Legal	Statutory	Other						
On December 31, 2024	**3,742,571**	**-**	**14,070**	**169,826**	**458,817**	**5,894**	**(74,439)**	**(11,101)**	**-**	**4,305,638**	**173,533**	**4,479,171**
Effect of the adoption of Resolution 4,966/21		-		-	(694,182)	-	-		-	**(694,182)**		**(694,182)**
On January 1, 2025	**3,742,571**	**-**	**14,070**	**169,826**	**(235,365)**	**5,894**	**(74,439)**	**(11,101)**		**3,611,456**	**173,533**	**3,784,989**
Capital increase	-	49,534	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**49,534**	-	**49,534**
Recognition of share-based payment plans (note 20b(ii))	-	-	(383)	-	(2,489)	-	-	7,012	-	**4,140**	-	**4,140**
Goodwill on acquisition of investment	-	-	-	-	-	-	(17,848)	-	-	**(17,848)**	-	**(17,848)**
Change in other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	(503)	-	-	**(503)**	-	**(503)**
Net income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	388,389	**388,389**	60,859	**449,248**
Changes in non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**-**	(100,546)	**(100,546)**
Use of Net Profit												
Transfer from reserves	-	-	-	19,419	368,970	-	-	-	(388,389)	**-**	-	**-**
Interest on capital (note 13)	-	-	-	-	(189,081)	-	-	-	-	**(189,081)**	-	**(189,081)**
On September 30, 2025	**3,742,571**	**49,534**	**13,687**	**189,245**	**(57,965)**	**5,894**	**(92,790)**	**(4,089)**	**-**	**3,846,087**	**133,846**	**3,979,933**
On December 31, 2025	**3,792,104**	**-**	**20,923**	**197,860**	**(27,562)**	**5,894**	**(87,488)**	**(9,723)**	**-**	**3,892,008**	**130,791**	**4,022,799**
Capital increase	214,000	-	-	-	-	(1,268)	-	-	-	**212,732**	-	**212,732**
Recognition of share-based payment plans (note 20b(ii))	-	-	310	-	(20,385)	-	-	(32,794)	-	**(52,869)**	-	**(52,869)**
Change in other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	81,059	-	-	**81,059**	-	**81,059**
Net income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	445,914	**445,914**	28,716	**474,630**
Changes in non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	**-**	(24,680)	**(24,680)**
Use of Net Profit												
Transfer from reserves	-	-	-	22,296	423,618	-	-	-	(445,914)	**-**	-	**-**
Interest on capital (note 13)	-	-	-	-	(194,415)	-	-	-	-	**(194,415)**	-	**(194,415)**
On September 30, 2026	**4,006,104**	**-**	**21,233**	**220,156**	**181,256**	**4,626**	**(6,429)**	**(42,517)**	**-**	**4,384,429**	**134,827**	**4,519,256**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Individual and Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

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BANCO BMG S.A. (BANK) AND BANCO BMG S.A. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES (CONSOLIDATED)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30

In thousands of reais (A free translation of the original in Portuguese)

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit for the period	**445,914**	**388,389**	**445,914**	**388,389**
Adjustments to profit	**1,473,517**	**1,011,196**	**824,880**	**478,601**
Recognition of share-based payment plans	(310)	383	(310)	383
Depreciation	24,359	25,859	23,266	24,885
Provision for impairment of credits	1,397,655	1,176,475	1,187,571	701,157
Amortization	6,174	6,410	5,869	5,869
Amortizations of other intangible assets	115,787	100,842	115,787	100,842
Deferred income tax and social contribution	(210,123)	(274,401)	(235,554)	(289,287)
Equity accounting result	(18,950)	(36,874)	(424,779)	(324,182)
Provision for legal cases	109,316	88,442	100,339	82,011
Effects of exchange rate changes on assets and liabilities	49,609	(75,940)	52,691	176,923
Adjusted profit for the period	**1,919,431**	**1,399,585**	**1,270,794**	**866,990**
Changes in assets and liabilities	**(1,495,082)**	**(2,415,332)**	**(1,042,605)**	**(1,961,655)**
(Increase) / decrease in assets				
Interbank deposits	(2,681)	179,271	(207,227)	2,018,977
Marketable securities	4,574,466	(3,139,938)	4,640,340	(2,651,865)
Interbank and interdepartmental accounts	49,600	59,258	49,600	59,594
Operations with credit granting characteristics	(1,341,227)	1,761,443	(922,190)	358,244
Other receivables	(35,747)	(975,638)	236,396	(973,371)
Other assets	(9,545)	66,027	44,754	68,166
Increase / (Decrease) in liabilities				
Deposits	(136,842)	(1,659,550)	(359,339)	(1,833,159)
Open market funding	(3,625,605)	(1,665,214)	(3,628,687)	(1,918,077)
Funds from acceptance and issue of securities	208,978	1,003,887	208,978	1,003,887
Borrowings and onlendings	75,198	171,951	75,198	171,951
Interbank accounts	(26,270)	(143,207)	(26,275)	(143,546)
Derivative financial instruments	38,015	(73,744)	38,015	(60,427)
Other liabilities	(1,263,422)	2,000,122	(1,192,168)	1,937,971
Cash used in operations	**424,349**	**(1,015,747)**	**228,189**	**(1,094,665)**
Income tax and social contribution paid	(213,389)	(246,918)	(138,571)	(167,191)
Net cash used in operating activities	**210,960**	**(1,262,665)**	**89,618**	**(1,261,856)**
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchases of property and equipment	(81,252)	(24,522)	(73,781)	(21,959)
Sale of property and equipment	4,401	1,702	3,769	367
Capital decrease in subsidiary	-	-	-	180,000
Capital increase in subsidiary	-	(65,000)	-	(343,368)
Sale of equity interest	-	92,388	-	-
Interest on share equity received from subsidiaries	-	-	127,998	-
Increase of intangible assets	(210,366)	(195,956)	(210,382)	(195,910)
Net cash provided (used) in investing activities	**(287,217)**	**(191,388)**	**(152,396)**	**(380,870)**
Cash flows from financing activities				
Issuance of financial bills	-	300,000	-	300,000
Capital increase	214,000	49,534	214,000	49,534
Decrease in non-controlling interests	4,036	(39,675)	-	-
Interest on share equity paid out	(216,800)	(116,585)	(216,800)	(116,585)
Net cash provided by financing activities	**1,236**	**193,274**	**(2,800)**	**232,949**
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	**(75,021)**	**(1,260,779)**	**(65,578)**	**(1,409,777)**
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	544,312	1,687,620	490,409	1,654,900
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (Notes 2.2 & 4)	469,291	426,841	424,831	245,123
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	**(75,021)**	**(1,260,779)**	**(65,578)**	**(1,409,777)**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Individual and Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

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BANCO BMG S.A. (BANK) AND BANCO BMG S.A. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES (CONSOLIDATED)

STATEMENT OF VALUE ADDED

NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30

In thousands of reais (A free translation of the original in Portuguese)

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
1 – Income	**6,770,980**	**6,680,916**	**6,231,676**	**6,530,822**
Financial intermediation	7,262,955	6,934,267	6,706,071	6,560,905
Services rendered	153,097	198,522	91,116	107,855
Provision for expected loss	(1,397,655)	(1,176,475)	(1,187,571)	(701,157)
Credit operations recovered	177,138	203,355	152,576	174,666
Other operating income	485,312	419,240	468,147	382,593
Insurance Result	88,796	93,423	-	-
Non-operating	1,337	8,584	1,337	5,960
2 - Expenses	**(4,914,687)**	**(4,837,506)**	**(5,071,476)**	**(5,303,768)**
Expenses on financial intermediation	(3,856,393)	(3,879,000)	(4,029,540)	(4,376,568)
Other operating expenses	(1,057,133)	(951,981)	(1,040,960)	(921,423)
Non-operating	(1,161)	(6,525)	(976)	(5,777)
3 - Materials and services purchased from third parties	**(744,640)**	**(756,168)**	**(696,782)**	**(718,140)**
Materials, energy and other	(97,209)	(100,410)	(77,054)	(82,141)
Third-party services	(117,984)	(121,433)	(114,043)	(118,483)
Others	(529,447)	(534,325)	(505,685)	(517,516)
Communication expenses	(16,972)	(21,958)	(16,120)	(21,498)
Promotions and public relations	(46,186)	(49,766)	(39,263)	(45,420)
Data processing	(225,959)	(196,625)	(215,326)	(192,392)
Specialist technical services	(210,513)	(240,068)	(205,655)	(232,791)
Bank fees	(27,143)	(23,545)	(26,833)	(23,215)
Transport	(2,674)	(2,363)	(2,488)	(2,200)
4 - Gross value added (1 - 2 - 3)	**1,111,653**	**1,087,242**	**463,418**	**508,914**
5 - Depreciation and amortization	**(146,320)**	**(133,111)**	**(144,922)**	**(131,595)**
6 - Net value added generated by the entity (4 - 5)	**965,333**	**954,131**	**318,496**	**377,319**
7 - Value added received as transfer	**18,950**	**36,874**	**424,779**	**324,182**
Equity in the earnings (loss) of subsidiary and associated companies	18,950	36,874	424,779	324,182
8 - Value added to be distributed (6 + 7)	**984,283**	**991,005**	**743,275**	**701,501**
9 - Distribution of value added	**984,283**	**991,005**	**743,275**	**701,501**
9.1 Personnel and Charges	**401,165**	**358,082**	**346,202**	**313,811**
Direct remuneration	308,980	274,511	264,117	238,646
Benefits	68,563	65,046	61,097	58,796
FGTS	23,622	18,525	20,988	16,369
9.2 Taxes, contributions and fees	**96,206**	**179,471**	**(53,941)**	**(699)**
Federal	85,134	170,126	(58,339)	(6,041)
Municipal	11,072	9,345	4,398	5,342
9.3 Third-party capital remuneration	**12,282**	**4,204**	**5,100**	**-**
Rents	12,282	4,204	5,100	-
9.4 Remuneration of equity	**474,630**	**449,248**	**445,914**	**388,389**
Interest on equity	194,415	189,081	194,415	189,081
Profits retained for the period	251,499	199,308	251,499	199,308
Non-controlling interest in retained profits	28,716	60,859	-	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Individual and Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

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1. Operating context

The operations of Banco BMG S.A. ("Bmg" or "Bank") are conducted in the context of a group of financial institutions that operate together in the financial market, and certain operations have the co-participation or intermediation of institutions of the Bmg Financial Conglomerate. Bmg is authorized to operate as a multiple service bank with commercial and credit, financing and investment portfolios. The benefits of the services rendered between these institutions and the costs of the operational and administrative structures are absorbed, according to the practicality and reasonableness of being attributed to them, jointly or individually, being judged appropriate by the administration of the institutions.

Banco Bmg S.A. (“Bmg” or “Bank”), constituted as a Publicly Traded Company, controlled by the Pentagna Guimarães Family, and located at Avenida Presidente Juscelino Kubitschek, No. 1,830, São Paulo/SP, Brazil, currently has more than 9 million clients, and offers as retail products: payroll credit card, payroll loan, personal credit and mass market insurance. It also provides a full range of retail products and services available to its clients through its digital bank. Wholesale customers are offered financing, structured financial services and derivative instruments. In addition, Bmg offers investment products to both groups.

Pursuant to the EGM held on February 7, 2025, approved by the Central Bank of Brazil, we hereby announce a change in the corporate name of the company Banco Cifra S.A. to Banco BMG Soluções Financeiras S.A..

Pursuant to BCB Resolution No. 2/20, the Financial Statements include the individual Financial Statements, as well as the consolidated Financial Statements (note 2.2 p), as follows:

			Interest (%)	
Subsidiaries	**Country of incorporation**	**Activity**	**2026**	**2025**
Araújo Fontes Investimentos Ltda.	Brazil	Investment	50	50
BMG Leasing S.A.	Brazil	Leasing	99.99	99.99
BMG Bank Cayman Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Banking	100	100
Banco BMG Consignado S.A.	Brazil	Banking	100	100
Banco BMG Soluções Financeiras S.A.	Brazil	Banking	100	100
BMG S.A. Distribuidora de Títulos e Valores Mobiliários	Brazil	Securities distributor	100	100
CBFácil Corretora de Seguros e Negócios Ltda.	Brazil	Business intermediation	99.99	99.99
R&C Franchising Intermediações Ltda.	Brazil	Business intermediation	100	100
Rara Intermediação de Negócios Ltda.	Brazil	Business intermediation	100	100
Help Franchising Participações Ltda.	Brazil	Business intermediation	99.98	99.98
ME Promotora de Vendas Ltda.	Brazil	Business intermediation	80	80
BMG Soluções Eletrônicas S.A.	Brazil	E-commerce	99.38	99.38
Bmg Estrutura Corporativa Ltda. (*)	Brazil	Holding	99.99	99.99
BMG Seguridade	Brazil	Insurance	100	100
BMG Participações em Seguradoras Ltda.	Brazil	Holding	100	100
BMG Seguradora S.A.	Brazil	Insurance	100	100

(*) On September 19, 2025, BMG Participações em Negócios Ltda. changed its corporate name to BMG Estrutura Corporativa Ltda.

In December 2018, the Bank obtained its register as a public company with the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM).

2. Presentation of Interim Financial Statements and main accounting policies

2.1. Presentation of the Individual and consolidated interim Financial Statements

The interim Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil applicable to institutions authorized to operate by the Central Bank of Brazil (BACEN), and accounting guidelines issued by Law 6,404/76 and the changes introduced by Laws 11,638/07 and 11,941/09, for the accounting of operations, associated with the rules and instructions of the National Monetary Council (CMN) and the Central Bank of Brazil (BACEN) and show all the relevant information specific to the Financial Statements, and only them, which are consistent with those used by management in its administration activities. For the purposes of disclosing these interim Financial Statements, Banco Bmg complies with CMN Resolution 4,818/20 and BCB Resolution 2/20, presenting the balance sheet in order of liquidity and the segregation between current and non-current assets in an explanatory note.

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The interim Financial Statements were completed and approved by the Bank's Board of Directors on 11/05/2026.

The Accounting Pronouncements Committee – CPC issued pronouncements related to the international accounting convergence process. Accordingly, the Consolidated, in preparing the Financial Statements, has adopted the following pronouncements to date:

- CMN Resolution No. 4,924/21 - CPC 00 (R2) - Basic Conceptual Pronouncement, CPC 01 (R1) - Asset impairment, CPC 23 - Accounting Policies, Estimate Change and Error Correction, CPC 46 (R1) - Fair Value Measurement and CPC 47 - Revenue from Contract with Client.
- CMN Resolution 3,989/11 - CPC 10 (R1) – Share-Based Payment.
- CMN Resolution 3,823/09 - CPC 25 - Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets.
- CMN Resolution No. 4,818/20 - CPC 03 (R2) - Statement of Cash Flows, CPC 05 (R1) - Disclosure on Related Parties, CPC 24 - Subsequent Event and CPC 41 (R1) - Earnings per Share.
- CMN Resolution 4,967/21 - Technical Pronouncement CPC 28 - Investment Property.
- CMN Resolution 4,877/20 - Technical Pronouncement CPC 33 (R1) - Employee Benefits. Some amounts included in this Report have been subject to rounding adjustments.
- CMN Resolution No. 4,975/21 – Technical Pronouncement CPC 06 (R2) – Leases
- CMN Resolution No. 4,966/21 and BCB Resolution No. 352/23 – IFRS 9 – Financial instruments

Accordingly, amounts shown as totals in some tables may not be the arithmetic sum of the amounts that precede them.

2.2. Description of the main accounting policies adopted

(a) Functional and presentation currency

The financial information is presented in Brazilian reais, which is the functional currency of Banco Bmg and its subsidiaries. The operations of the foreign subsidiary (Note 7) are, in essence, an extension of the activities in Brazil; therefore, its assets, liabilities, and results are adjusted in accordance with Brazilian accounting standards and converted into reais based on local currency exchange rates. Gains and losses arising from the conversion process are recognized in the income statement.

(b) Calculation of results

The result is calculated on an accrual basis, adjusted by the attributable portion of income tax and social contribution levied on taxable profits and, where applicable, by deferred income tax and social contribution which will be recovered or demanded in subsequent years. In addition, for the purposes of presenting the Financial Statements, Consolidated discloses recurring and non-recurring results separately, showing the nature and effects calculated for the year, non-recurring results are those not related or occasionally related to the institution's activities and which are not expected to occur in the future. No non-recurring results were recorded in this period.

(c) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents, in accordance with CPC 03 (R2) - Statement of Cash Flows, include cash on hand, bank deposits, highly liquid short-term investments with an insignificant risk of change in value and limits, with a maturity of 90 days or less on the date of acquisition, which are used by the Bank to manage its short-term commitments.

(d) Financial instruments

(i) Classification of Financial instruments

Financial Assets

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

(i) Amortized Cost;
(ii) Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income;
(iii) Fair Value through Profit or Loss.

The classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on the business model in which they are managed and the characteristics of the cash flows - SPPI Test.

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The business model refers to how the Bank manages its financial assets to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows result from the recognition of contractual cash flows, the sale of assets or both. Financial assets can be managed with the purpose of: i) obtaining contractual cash flows; ii) obtaining contractual cash flows and selling; or iii) others.

The assessment of business models considers the risks that affect the performance of the business model; how the managers of the business are remunerated; and how the performance of the business model is assessed and reported to management. If cash flows are realized differently from expectations, the classification of the remaining financial assets held in this business model is not changed.

Accordingly, the Group classifies its financial instruments by the following business models:

- Held for collection of contractual cash flows
- Held for collection of contractual cash flows and sale
- Held for trading/other

Held for collection of contractual cash flows - financial assets held in this business model are managed with the aim of being held to maturity so that the Group obtains cash flows by receiving the cash flows from principal and interest over the life of the financial instruments.

Held for collection of contractual cash flows and sale - financial assets held in this business model are managed with the aim of the Group obtaining cash flows through both the collection of contractual cash flows over the life of the financial instruments and also through the sale of financial assets.

Held for trading/other - the financial assets held in this business model are managed with the aim of the Group obtaining cash flows through the sale of financial assets or these do not fall under the other business models.

The definition of the Group's business models was approved by the Board of Directors, in accordance with the requirements of CMN Resolution 4,966/21 and BCB Resolution No. 352/23.

Solely Payments of Principal and Interest (SPPI)

When the financial asset is held under the business models i) obtain contractual cash flows and ii) obtain contractual cash flows and sell, the SPPI Test must be applied.

The Group analyzes the contractual characteristics of the cash flows of its financial assets in order to assess whether they consist solely of principal payments and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The Group considers the following criteria to determine whether or not an asset passes the assessment:

(i) the time value of money;
(ii) credit risk;
(iii) the costs of the operation;
(iv) the profit margin; and
(v) other related risks.

The methodology for applying the SPPI Test and the effectiveness of the valuation procedures are periodically reviewed by management.

Financial assets that do not represent only principal and interest payments are classified in the category of measurement at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial asset categories

The Group classifies its financial assets based on the contractual characteristics of the contractual cash flows (SPPI test) and the business models in which the assets are managed into one of three categories:

(i) amortized cost;
(ii) fair value in other comprehensive income (“FVTOCI”); and
(iii) fair value in profit or loss (“FVTPL”).

The Group's measurement accounting policies are applied to the categories of financial instruments under the following conditions:

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(i) Amortized Cost

Amortized cost is the amount at which the financial asset or liability is measured on initial recognition, plus updates made using the effective interest method, less amortization of principal and interest, adjusted for any provision for expected credit losses.

Assets measured at amortized cost are managed to obtain cash flows consisting only of principal and interest payments (SPPI Test).

Assets are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate.

Interest, including amortization of premiums and discounts, is recognized in the Consolidated Income Statement under Interest Income and Similar Income.

(ii) At Fair Value in Other Comprehensive Income

This category includes financial assets held under the business model of collecting contractual cash flows and selling them, and which meet the SPPI test criteria.

- Assets managed either to obtain cash flows consisting solely of principal and interest payments (SPPI Test) or for sale;

- These assets are initially and subsequently recognized at fair value plus transaction costs; and

- Unrealized gains and losses (except expected credit losses, exchange differences, dividends and interest income) are recognized, net of applicable taxes, under Accumulated Comprehensive Income.

(iii) At Fair Value through Profit or Loss and Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value

- Assets that do not meet the classification criteria of the previous categories; or assets designated on initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss to reduce “accounting mismatches”;

- These assets are initially and subsequently recognized at fair value;

- Transaction costs are recorded directly in the Income Statement; and

- Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized under Net Gain (Loss) on financial assets and liabilities.

At the time of initial recognition, the entity has the option of designating a debt security that would otherwise qualify for amortized cost or fair value in other comprehensive income as fair value in profit or loss. This optional, irrevocable designation is permitted only if it eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting inconsistency.

Bmg does not use this option and classifies debt securities based on the business model with which they are held and the SPPI test.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments are classified, as a rule, at fair value through profit or loss. However, at the time of initial recognition, the Group has the irrevocable option to present in other comprehensive income (OCI) changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading. This choice can be made individually for each equity instrument.

For some equity securities, the Group has chosen to present in other comprehensive income (OCI), since they are not held for trading.

Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities as amortized cost, except for:

(i) Derivatives classified as liabilities should be categorized as fair value in profit or loss;
(ii) Financial liabilities arising from transactions related to the loan or lease of financial assets should be classified in the fair value in profit or loss category;
(iii) Financial liabilities resulting from the transfer of financial assets must be measured and recognized in accordance with the established guidelines;

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(iv) Credit commitments and credits to be released must be recognized and measured in accordance with the applicable provisions;
(v) Financial guarantees provided should be measured after initial recognition at the higher of:

a. The provision for expected losses related to credit risk; and

b. The fair value at initial recognition less the cumulative amount of revenue recognized, in accordance with the specific standards.

The reclassification of financial liabilities is expressly forbidden.

(ii) Initial Recognition and Measurement

Financial instruments must be initially recognized on the date they are acquired, originated or issued. For receivables from contracts with customers that do not have a significant financing component, recognition should occur at the transaction price, in accordance with current regulations. In other cases, recognition should be made at fair value, also in accordance with the applicable standards.

If, when measuring the instrument at fair value, there is a difference between this value and the consideration paid or received in the acquisition, origination or issue, the Group proceeds as follows:

(i) recognize the difference in profit or loss for the period, for financial instruments measured at level 1 or level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, in accordance with current regulations; or

(ii) defer the difference according to the realization of the gain or loss, in other cases.

It is important to note that this deferral rule does not apply to instruments classified in the amortized cost category, which are measured at level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. In these cases, recognition must be made at the value of the consideration paid or received at the time of acquisition, origination or issue of the instrument.

The Group uses information to measure the fair value of an asset or liability to be classified in the different levels of the fair value hierarchy. The Group assesses that the importance of specific information for the measurement as a whole requires judgment, considering factors specific to the financial asset or liability. The hierarchy is divided into three levels:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities to which the entity has access at the measurement date. The quoted price in an active market provides the most reliable evidence of fair value and should be used without adjustment to measure fair value whenever available.

Level 2: is information that is observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, except for quoted prices included in Level 1 (similar instrument or pricing with observable inputs).

Level 3: is data that is not observable for the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs should be used to measure fair value to the extent that relevant observable inputs are not available, thus allowing for situations in which there is little or no market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date.

Adjustments made to fair value measurements, such as costs to sell, are not considered in determining the level of the fair value hierarchy.

If market prices are not available, fair values are based on quotes from market operators, pricing models, discounted cash flow or similar techniques, for which the determination of fair value may require significant judgment or estimation.

(iii) Effective Interest Rate

The effective interest rate of financial instruments should be determined by the rate that equalizes the present value of all receipts and payments over the contractual term of the financial asset or liability to its gross book value.

On initial recognition of financial instruments classified in the amortized cost or fair value categories in other comprehensive income, the amount initially determined on the date of their acquisition, origination or issue must be adjusted as follows:

(i) in the case of financial assets, the transaction costs individually attributable to the operation should be added and any amounts received on the acquisition or origination of the instrument should be deducted; and

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(ii) in the case of financial liabilities, the transaction costs individually attributable to the operation should be deducted and any amounts received on the issue of the instrument should be added.

Transaction costs, amounts received and payments made individually attributable to the operation include:

(i) revenues received by the Group related to the acquisition or origination of the financial asset;
(ii) fees for assessing the financial situation and credit risk of the counterparty for each specific instrument;
(iii) costs of evaluating and registering guarantees linked to each financial instrument;
(iv) document processing and transaction closing costs;
(v) origination costs paid on the issue of financial assets and liabilities;
(vi) transaction costs with fees and commissions paid to agents, consultants, brokers and resellers;
(vii) other transaction costs individually attributable to the operation.

Costs incurred in the acquisition, origination or issue of the instrument that cannot be calculated and controlled individually, without the use of apportionment, over the entire term of the transaction, must be recognized as an expense in the period in which they occur and cannot be included in the gross book value of the instrument.

Transaction costs and amounts received in the acquisition or origination of the instrument that are considered immaterial may be recognized in the income statement. Costs and revenues that represent more than 1% of the total revenue to be obtained from the financial asset and of the total charges to be incurred with the financial liability are presumed to be material. At Bmg, such costs represent less than 1% of total revenue and are considered immaterial.

Using the Effective Interest Rate method, interest income or expense is allocated in such a way as to reflect a constant periodic return on the book value of the asset or liability. This means that each period, the portion of interest recognized by the Group is calculated based on the Effective Interest Rate applied to the balance of the book value, thus ensuring an equitable distribution of interest over time and a gradual amortization of the asset or liability.

Distinctive methodology

The Group calculates the Effective Interest Rate of financial instruments by opting for the differentiated methodology for recognizing income and expenses related to transaction costs based on BCB Resolution 352/23 for its credit operations and other operations with credit granting characteristics, classified in the amortized cost category. According to the methodology, interest income and other charges are recognized pro rata temporis over the period, considering the original contractual interest rate. Subsequently, income and expenses related to transaction costs and other amounts received on origin or issue of the financial instrument are recognized on a straight-line basis with contractual income, according to the characteristics of the contract.

(iv) Losses Associated with Credit Risk

The Group's credit portfolio is made up of interbank deposits, securities classified as amortized cost, credit operations, other operations with credit granting characteristics (foreign exchange advances, advances to suppliers and purchases to be invoiced), debtors for deposits in guarantee and amounts to be passed on by public bodies and are classified under the terms of BCB Resolution 352/23.

The Group classifies its financial instruments as financial assets with credit recovery problems (problem assets) when there is a delay of more than ninety days in the payment of principal or charges or when it identifies indications that the respective obligation will not be fully honored under the agreed conditions.

To classify an asset as a problematic asset, the Group evaluates the following indicators:

(i) finding that the counterparty no longer has the financial capacity to honor the obligation under the agreed conditions;
(ii) restructuring of the financial asset associated with the obligation;
(iii) bankruptcy decreed, judicial or extrajudicial reorganization or similar acts requested in relation to the counterparty;
(iv) judicial measure that limits, delays or prevents the fulfillment of the obligations under the agreed conditions;
(v) a significant decrease in the liquidity of the financial asset associated with the obligation, due to a reduction in the counterparty's financial capacity to honor its obligations under the agreed conditions;
(vi) non-compliance with relevant contractual clauses by the counterparty; or
(vii) trading in financial instruments issued by the counterparty at a significant discount that reflects losses incurred associated with credit risk.

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When a financial instrument is characterized as an asset with a credit recovery problem, all the financial instruments of the same counterparty must, on the base date of the balance sheet for the month in which the characterization occurred, be characterized as a financial asset with a credit recovery problem, exceptionally allowing the non-characterization of a certain instrument which, by virtue of its nature or purpose, presents a significantly lower credit risk.

For the Group, the asset only ceases to be characterized as a financial asset with a credit recovery problem in the case of:

(i) no overdue installments, including charges;
(ii) maintenance of timely payment of principal and charges for a period sufficient to demonstrate that there has been a significant improvement in the counterparty's financial capacity to honor its obligations;
(iii) compliance with other contractual obligations for a period sufficient to demonstrate that there has been a significant improvement in the counterparty's financial capacity to honor its obligations; and
(iv) evidence that the obligation will be fully honored under the conditions originally agreed or modified, in the case of renegotiation, without the need to resort to guarantees or collateral.

The Resolution introduces a new concept of stop accrual, in which it is forbidden to recognize, in the income statement for the period, revenue of any kind not yet received relating to a financial asset with a credit recovery problem.

Revenue can only be recognized in the income statement when it is actually received. However, this does not apply to revenue generated by the recovery of written-off assets.

The Group re-recognizes revenue relating to the asset, prospectively, from the period in which the instrument ceases to be characterized as a financial asset with a credit recovery problem.

Expected Loss Model

The Group assesses on a prospective basis the expected credit loss associated with financial assets measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts. The provision for expected credit losses is recognized monthly against the income statement.

Measurement of Expected Credit Losses

- Financial assets: the loss is measured at the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows and the cash flows the Bank expects to receive discounted at the rate actually charged;
- Loan commitments: the loss is measured at the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that would be due if the commitment were contracted and the cash flows that the Bank expects to receive;
- Financial guarantees: the loss is measured by the difference between the expected payments to reimburse the counterparty and the amounts the Bank expects to recover.

The methodology for estimating the expected loss considers the use of the following factors:

- Exposure at Default (EAD): this is the amount exposed to credit risk, using as a reference the outstanding balance of the contracts and the possibility of using the approved limits;
- Probability of Default (PD): is defined as the probability of the counterparty not honoring its contractual payment obligations, using historical data and registration information on clients and contracts as an estimate;
- Loss Given Default (LGD): is the percentage of exposure that is not expected to be recovered in the event of default, using historical parameters for estimating levels of arrears, guarantees for operations and cover for loan insurance.

At each reporting period, the Group assesses whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly by means of reasonable and sustainable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort, including qualitative, quantitative and forward-looking information. Forward-looking information is based on macroeconomic scenarios that are reassessed annually or when market conditions require it.

The Group classifies assets into three stages to measure the expected credit loss, in which financial assets migrate from one stage to another according to changes in credit risk.

Stage 1: It is understood that a financial instrument at this stage does not have a significant increase in risk since its initial recognition. The provision on this asset represents the expected loss resulting from possible defaults over the next 12 months;

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Stage 2: If a significant increase in risk is identified since initial recognition, without deterioration having materialized, the financial instrument will fall within this stage. In this case, the amount relating to the provision for expected loss through default reflects the estimated loss of the residual life of the financial instrument. For the assessment of the significant increase in credit risk, the quantitative measurement indicators used in normal credit risk management will be used, as well as other qualitative variables, such as the indication of being a non-deteriorated operation if considered to be refinanced or operations included in a special agreement, and;

Stage 3: A financial instrument is recorded within this stage when it shows obvious signs of deterioration as a result of one or more events that have already occurred and have materialized into a loss. In this case, the amount relating to the provision for losses reflects the expected losses due to credit risk over the expected residual life of the financial instrument.

Calculation of Incurred Loss

The Group observes the provision levels established by the Resolution for losses incurred associated with credit risk for defaulted financial assets, without prejudice to the Group's responsibility for setting up a provision in amounts sufficient to cover the total expected loss on the realization of these assets.

The level of provision for operations corresponds to the amount resulting from the application of the percentages defined in Annex I of BCB Resolution 352/23, observing the periods of delay and the defined portfolios, on the gross book value of the asset.

The portfolios (C1 to C5) are defined as follows:

Portfolio 1 (C1):

(i) credits secured by fiduciary sale of real estate; and
(ii) credits with a fiduciary guarantee from the Federal Government, central governments of foreign jurisdictions and their respective central banks or multilateral organizations and multilateral development entities;

Portfolio 2 (C2):

(i) leasing credits, pursuant to the provisions of Law No. 6,099 of September 12, 1974;
(ii) credits secured by first-degree mortgages on residential properties, by pledges of movable or immovable assets or by fiduciary alienation of movable assets;
(iii) credits secured by demand, term or savings deposits;
(iv) credits arising from financial assets issued by a federal public entity or by institutions authorized to operate by the Central Bank of Brazil;
(v) credits with a fiduciary guarantee from institutions authorized to operate by the Central Bank of Brazil; and
(vi) credits covered by credit insurance issued by an entity that is not a related party of the institution, under the terms of CMN Resolution No. 4,818, of May 29, 2020;

Portfolio 3 (C3):

(i) credits arising from credit rights discounting operations, including commercial receivables acquired and operations formalized as the acquisition of commercial receivables from a person who is not a member of the National Financial System and in which the same person is the joint or subsidiary debtor of the receivables;
(ii) credits arising from transactions guaranteed by fiduciary assignment, pledge of credit rights; and
(iii) credits covered by credit insurance, real guarantee or fiduciary guarantee not covered by the hypotheses set out in portfolios C1 and C2;

Portfolio 4 (C4):

(i) working capital loans, advances on foreign exchange contracts, advances on foreign exchange delivered, debentures and other securities issued by private companies, without guarantees or collateral; and
(ii) rural credit operations without guarantees or collateral aimed at investments; or

Portfolio 5 (C5):

(i) personal credit operations, with or without consignment, direct consumer credit, rural credit not covered by the hypotheses set out in the C4 portfolio and revolving credit without guarantees or collateral;
(ii) loans without guarantees or collateral not covered by the hypotheses set out in portfolio C4; and

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(iii) loans arising from commercial operations and other operations with credit granting characteristics not covered by the hypotheses set out in portfolios C1 to C4.

(v) Write-off

Financial assets must be written off due to expected losses associated with credit risk if it is not probable that the Group will recover their value.

The Group maintains controls to identify financial assets written off as long as all collection procedures have not been exhausted, observing a minimum period of 5 years. Instruments written off that are renegotiated must be allocated, on the date of renegotiation, in the third stage, with a provision for expected losses associated with credit risk equal to 100% of the value of the instrument, also applying to financial instruments used for settlement or refinancing of instruments written off.

(vi) Financial guarantees

Financial guarantee contracts are defined as those in which the Group undertakes to make specific payments on behalf of a third party if the latter fails to do so. These contracts can take various legal forms, such as guarantees, irrevocable documentary credits issued or confirmed by the entity, among others.

In accordance with the parameters established by CMN Resolution 4,966/21, financial guarantee fees are initially recognized as liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet at fair value. This fair value generally corresponds to the present value of the fees, commissions or interest receivable from these contracts over their term.

Financial guarantees are periodically reviewed to determine the credit risk to which they are exposed and, if necessary, to consider the provision for expected losses. After initial recognition, financial guarantees should be measured at the higher of:

- The provision for expected losses associated with the credit risk;
- The fair value at initial recognition minus the accumulated value of the revenue recognized in accordance with the specific regulations.

(e) Other current assets and other long-term receivables

These assets are stated at realizable values including, when applicable, accrued income calculated on a daily pro rata basis, less the related unearned income.

(f) Other assets - prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses include the investment of resources, the benefits of which will occur in future periods, and are recorded in the statement of income on the accrual basis.

The costs incurred for the corresponding assets, which will generate income in subsequent periods, are appropriated to the statement of income based on the terms and amounts of the expected benefits and written off directly to expenses when the corresponding assets and rights no longer comprise the Bank's assets or when future benefits are no longer expected.

(g) Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, which have significant influence, are valued using the equity method (see percentage ownership in Note 7) in the individual statements. Other investments are recorded at cost and, when applicable, adjusted to their recoverable value through the constitution of a provision, in accordance with current rules. Additionally, investments that are available for immediate sale and whose disposal is highly probable, are classified as held for sale, and measured at the lower of the net book value and the fair value of the asset.

(h) Property and equipment

As provided for in CMN Resolution No. 4,535, dated 11/24/2016, represent own tangible assets and improvements made in third-party real estate, provided they are used in the performance of the Consolidated activities for a period of more than one year and must be recognized at cost and adjusted for impairment. They are stated at acquisition cost, less accumulated depreciation and allowance for impairment losses, when applicable.

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Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method at the following annual rates that consider the useful lives of these assets: property in use - 4%; machinery, equipment, furniture and fixtures, installations and communication systems - 10% and vehicles and data processing equipment - 20%.

(i) Intangible assets

Intangible assets comprise identifiable non-monetary assets without physical substance. They arise from business combinations, software licenses and other intangible assets. These assets are recognized at cost. The cost of an intangible asset acquired in a business combination corresponds to its fair value at the acquisition date. Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortized over their estimated useful lives. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortized.

The carrying amount of intangible assets with indefinite useful lives, such as goodwill, as well as intangible assets not yet available for use, is tested for impairment annually. Intangible assets subject to amortization are assessed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication that they may be impaired. An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

i. **Goodwill**

Goodwill arises from the acquisition of subsidiaries and represents the excess of the acquisition cost over the carrying amount of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the subsidiary at the acquisition date. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of subsidiaries is recognized under “Investments” in the Individual Financial Statements. For investees included in the consolidation, goodwill is classified under “Intangible Assets.” Goodwill arising from the acquisition of subsidiaries that are consolidated and subsequently merged into the Bank is recognized in Equity in the Individual and Consolidated Financial Statements, in accordance with CMN Resolution No. 4,817/20.

Goodwill based on expected future profitability was recognized on acquisitions of equity interests and is supported by the expected future profitability of the respective investments. Such goodwill represents the difference between the acquisition cost and the equity value of the subsidiaries determined at the acquisition date and is amortized (Note 9), as required by the regulations issued by the Central Bank of Brazil. The goodwill is supported by projections of the future results of the respective investees and is amortized over the periods covered by the projections supporting its recognition, or upon disposal or loss of the related investment. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually.

(j) Impairment of non-financial assets

Impairment losses are recognized in the statements of income if there is evidence that the assets are recorded at a non-recoverable amount. This procedure is performed annually.

(k) Current and non-current liabilities

The separation between short and long term is presented in the explanatory notes, shown at known or estimated values, including, when applicable, the charges incurred on a daily "pro-rata" basis, less the corresponding expenses to be appropriated.

(l) Income tax and social contribution on net income

The provision for current taxes is constituted at the rate of 15% on the calculated profit plus an additional 10% on that which exceeds R$20/month, for income tax, 20% for Social Contribution on Net Profit "CSLL" according to Constitutional Amendment No. 103 of November 12, 2019 from January 2022 to July 2022 and, 21% between August 1 and December 31, 2022 according to Law No. 14,446/22.

The deferred income tax and social contribution are represented by the tax credits and deferred tax liabilities obtained by the differences between the accounting calculation basis and the tax calculation basis, in accordance with the tax rules and legislation, at the tax rates in effect on the date they are created.

The tax credit arising from tax loss carryforwards is only recognized if there is sufficient future taxable income for its offset.

(m) Operations in foreign currency

The criterion for converting the asset and liability balances of operations in foreign currencies consists of converting these amounts into local currency (R$) at the exchange rate in effect on the closing date of the period. On September 30, 2026, the applicable exchange rate was: US$ 1.00 = R$5.1809 (R$5.5024 - 12/31/2025).

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(n) Contingent assets and liabilities and legal obligations - tax and social security

Contingent assets, provisions and contingent liabilities are assessed, recognized and disclosed in accordance with the requirements of CMN Resolution No. 3,823, dated December 16, 2009.

Contingent Assets - Contingent assets are not recognized in the Financial Statements, except when the realization of the gain is virtually certain and the recoverability of the related amount through receipt or offset against other taxes falling due has been confirmed.

Provisions - Provisions are recognized in the Financial Statements when the risk of loss arising from legal or administrative proceedings is considered probable, an outflow of resources is expected to be required to settle the obligation, and the amounts involved can be reliably estimated. Contingent liabilities classified as possible losses are not recognized in the Financial Statements and are disclosed only in the Notes to the Financial Statements when individually material. Contingent liabilities classified as remote losses require neither recognition nor disclosure (see Note 12).

Legal Obligations - Tax and Social Security - These obligations arise from legal proceedings related to tax and social security obligations in which the legality or constitutionality of the underlying obligations is challenged. Regardless of the assessment of the likelihood of a favorable outcome, the related amounts are recognized in full in the Financial Statements (see Note 12).

(o) Compensation plan - Administrators

Bmg has a specific remuneration plan for management, which includes rules for the payment of fixed and variable remuneration in line with the Bank's risk management policy and best market practices, in compliance with CMN Resolution 5,177/24. The fixed remuneration amount is approved annually at the Annual General Meeting. The right to variable remuneration is subject to the achievement of the Consolidated strategic goals, the individual goals and the goals of the management's operational areas.

Additionally, at an extraordinary shareholders' meeting of the Company held on April 3, 2020, the Bank implemented a Long-Term Incentive Plan, to allow the directors and certain employees of the Bmg Group designated by the Company's Compensation and Personnel Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company (together, "Employees") to receive preferred shares issued by the Company as a long-term incentive that will compose their respective variable remuneration. On April 29, 2022, the Plan's reform was approved at the Bank's Extraordinary General Meeting.

(p) Consolidation principles - Consolidated

The consolidated Financial Statements were prepared in accordance with BACEN's consolidation standards and instructions for the preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements and are being presented pursuant to art. 77 of CMN Resolution 4,966/21. Thus, the interests of one Institution in another, the balances of equity accounts and the income and expenses between them were eliminated, as well as the portions of net income and shareholders' equity referring to the interests of non-controlling shareholders.

Goodwill calculated on the acquisition of investments in subsidiaries is disclosed in Note 9 - Intangible Assets.

The Financial Statements of the company headquartered overseas, BMG Bank (Cayman) Ltd., whose functional currency is the Brazilian real, are originally prepared in accordance with accounting practices adopted in Brazil and BACEN standards.

(q) Insurance

Insurance contracts establish an obligation for one of the parties, upon payment (premium) by the other party, to pay the latter a certain amount in the event of a claim. Insurance risk is defined as a future and uncertain event of a sudden and unforeseen nature, independent of the will of the insured, the occurrence of which may cause economic losses.

Once a contract is classified as an insurance contract, it remains so until the end of its life even if the insurance risk is significantly reduced during this period, unless all rights and obligations are extinguished or expire.

Insurance premiums, coinsurance accepted and sales expenses are booked when the policy is issued or according to the maturity of the insurance policy, through the constitution and reversal of the provision for unearned premiums

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and deferred marketing expenses. Interest arising from the fractioning of insurance premiums is recorded when incurred.

Insurance Premiums: Insurance premiums are recorded when the policy is issued or during the term of the contracts in proportion to the amount of insurance protection provided.

If there is evidence of impairment losses related to insurance premium receivables, the Insurer establishes a provision sufficient to cover such losses based on an analysis of the risks of realization of premiums receivable with installments more than 60 days past due.

Reinsurance: in the normal course of business, the Insurer reinsures a portion of the risks underwritten, particularly accident risks that exceed the maximum liability limits it believes are appropriate for each segment and product (following a study that takes into account the size, experience, specificities and capital required to support these limits). These reinsurance contracts allow a portion of the losses to be recovered from the reinsurer, although they do not release the insurer from its main obligation as direct insurer of the risks being reinsured.

Acquisition Costs: acquisition costs include direct and indirect costs related to insurance origination. These costs are recorded directly in the income statement when incurred, with the exception of deferred acquisition costs (commissions paid to brokers, agencies and sales agents), which are recorded in proportion to the recognition of premium income, i.e. for the period corresponding to the insurance contract.

Technical Provisions: technical provisions are liabilities arising from the Insurer's obligations to its policyholders. These obligations may be short term (damage insurance) or medium or long term (life insurance).

Determining the value of the actuarial liability depends on numerous uncertainties inherent in the coverage of insurance contracts, such as assumptions of persistence, mortality, disability, longevity, morbidity, expenses, frequency of claims, severity and others. The estimates of these assumptions are based on macroeconomic projections, the Insurer's historical experience, comparative evaluations and the experience of the actuary, and seek convergence with the best market practices and aim to continually review the actuarial liability. Adjustments resulting from these continuous improvements, when necessary, are recognized in the income statement for the respective period.

Liability Adequacy Test: the Insurer performs a liability adequacy test using current actuarial assumptions of the future cash flow of all insurance contracts outstanding on the balance sheet date. If the analysis shows an insufficiency, any deficiency identified will be accounted for in the result for the period.

3. Capital requirements and fixed asset limits

Basel and Fixed Asset Ratios

In accordance with CMN Resolution No. 4,958/21 and subsequent regulations, financial institutions are obliged to maintain equity compatible with the degree of risk of their assets, weighted by factors that vary from 0% to 1,250% and a minimum index of equity in relation to assets weighted by risk of 8% plus the respective portions of Additional Principal Capital and Countercyclical.

In order to demonstrate compliance with the capital requirements provided for in the regulations in force, we present below the Basel Ratio and the equity requirements, which can be demonstrated as follows:

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	Basel III	
	2026	2025
Reference equity - Tier I	**2,899,277**	**2,851,325**
Capital	**2,782,733**	**2,739,290**
Equity (i)	4,384,508	3,892,083
Prudential adjustments – Resolution CMN 4,955/21 and Resolution BCB 452/25	(1,601,775)	(1,152,793)
Complementary capital (ii)	**116,544**	**112,035**
Subordinated debts	116,544	112,035
Reference equity - Tier II (ii)	**933,912**	**878,060**
Subordinated debts	933,912	878,060
Reference equity - PR (Tier I + Tier II) (a)	**3,833,189**	**3,729,385**
Risk-weighted assets – RWA (b)	**28,448,768**	**28,171,314**
Capital allocation		
Credit risk	24,703,723	24,846,351
Market risk	100,925	210,458
Operational risk	3,644,120	3,114,505
Margin of capital allocation (a / b)	**13.47%**	**13.24%**
Tier I capital	**10.19%**	**10.12%**
Main Capital	9.78%	9.72%
Complementary capital	0.41%	0.40%
Tier II capital	**3.28%**	**3.12%**
- Capital to hedge the risk of transactions subject to the variation of interest rates classified in the banking portfolio per Resolution No. 3,876/18 of BACEN - Installment “IRRBB”.	201,144	253,389
Asset investment index	**33.27%**	**28.97%**
Excess capital in relation to asset investment	**641,250**	**784,455**

(i) Equity of the Prudential Conglomerate, as Resolution n. 4,955 of October 21, 2021;
(ii) See note 11(c).

4. Available Cash

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Cash and balances at banks	348,291	494,323	303,831	440,420
Interbank deposits	121,000	49,989	121,000	49,989
Total	**469,291**	**544,312**	**424,831**	**490,409**

(i) includes transactions with maturities of 90 days or less on the effective date of the investment and which present an insignificant risk of change in value.

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5. Financial Assets

5.1 Investments in interbank deposits

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Interbank deposits	25,561	22,880	25,561	22,880
Applications in foreign currencies	-	-	814,942	610,396
Total	**25,561**	**22,880**	**840,503**	**633,276**
Current	**25,561**	**5,605**	**359,537**	**481,054**
Non-current	**-**	**17,275**	**480,966**	**152,222**

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5.2 Marketable securities

(a) Marketable securities can be summarized as follows:

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Fixed rate notes				
Free				
Federal Public Securities				
Financial Treasury Bills – LFT	749,508	818,949	526,045	621,541
National Treasury Bills – LTN	1,206,349	1,173,297	1,206,349	1,173,297
National Treasure Notes - NTN	2,751,880	3,896,225	2,751,880	3,896,225
Securities Abroad	270,502	275,775	-	-
Private Securities				
Shares	50,293	53,819	50,293	53,819
Debentures	49,742	49,899	49,742	49,899
Rural Producer Credit Not	164,026	102,150	164,026	102,150
Bank Certificate of Deposit	73,174	59,900	-	-
Commercial Notes	248,020	200,049	199,802	155,037
Quotas in investment funds	653,754	593,948	320,328	292,684
Subject to buyback transactions				
Federal Public Securities				
Financial Treasury Bills – LFT	-	430,791	-	430,791
National Treasury Bills – LTN	458,041	440,129	458,041	440,129
National Treasury Notes – NTN	1,559,293	4,643,290	1,559,293	4,643,290
Private Securities				
Commercial Notes	92,076	182,741	92,076	182,741
Subject to guarantees				
Federal Public Securities				
Financial Treasury Bills - LFT	471,922	437,842	471,822	432,579
National Treasury Bills – LTN	155,854	292,164	155,854	292,164
National Treasury Notes – NTN	-	422,718	-	422,718
Securities Abroad	2,707,461	1,885,143	820,705	-
Private Securities				
Debentures	880,984	1,042,599	880,984	1,042,599
Agribusiness Receivables Certificates	2,718	5,946	2,718	5,946
Certificate of real estate receivables	20,542	26,956	20,542	26,956
Commercial Notes	9,395	34,611	9,395	34,611
Derivative financial instruments (i)				
Private securities				
Swap receivables	33,292	5,215	33,292	5,215
Option contracts	197	130	197	130
Forward contract	23,666	48,997	23,666	48,997
Total	**12,632,689**	**17,123,283**	**9,797,050**	**14,353,518**
Current	**6,379,160**	**10,404,929**	**4,490,452**	**9,426,967**
Non-current	**6,253,529**	**6,718,354**	**5,306,598**	**4,926,551**

(i) See information on derivative financial instruments in Note 5.3.

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(b) Marketable securities fall due as follows:

Description	Consolidated											
	Value by the Amortized cost curve	Adjustment to market value	Book Value (i)	Maturity							2026	2025
				Without maturity	Up to 30 days	From 31 to 60 days	From 61 to 90 days	From 91 to 180 days	From 181 to 360 days	Over360 days	Total	Total
Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	**4,635,220**	**(34,347)**	**4,600,873**	**-**	**321,616**	**15,252**	**16,281**	**389,140**	**1,012,591**	**2,845,993**	**4,600,873**	**8,188,792**
LFT	1,220,569	861	1,221,430	-	223,462	-	-	343,055	355,310	299,603	1,221,430	1,687,582
LTN	1,840,807	(20,563)	1,820,244	-	-	-	-	-	547,140	1,273,104	1,820,244	1,905,590
NTN	802,532	(7,532)	795,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	795,000	795,000	3,777,240
Debentures	674,691	(6,926)	667,765	-	24,492	14,770	14,632	43,530	105,188	465,153	667,765	725,578
Agribusiness Receivables Certificates	2,698	20	2,718	-	102	102	100	297	575	1,542	2,718	5,946
Certificate of Real Estate Receivables	20,749	(207)	20,542	-	386	380	1,549	2,258	4,378	11,591	20,542	26,956
Bank Deposit Certificate	73,174	-	73,174	-	73,174	-	-	-	-	-	73,174	59,900
MTM equity of securities reclassified - Fair Value through OCI	**-**	**(12,313)**	**(12,313)**	**-**	**-**	**(2,661)**	**(2,575)**	**(3,171)**	**(1,346)**	**(2,560)**	**(12,313)**	**(44,824)**
NTN	-	(12,313)	(12,313)	-	-	(2,661)	(2,575)	(3,171)	(1,346)	(2,560)	(12,313)	(44,824)
Amortized cost	**6,023,542**	**-**	**6,023,542**	**-**	**115,842**	**53,829**	**52,675**	**1,430,059**	**982,397**	**3,388,740**	**6,023,542**	**4,575,966**
Debentures	262,961	-	262,961	-	12,514	12,514	12,514	37,541	73,919	113,959	262,961	366,920
Commercial Paper	349,491	-	349,491	-	62,405	13,071	22,714	80,242	80,287	90,772	349,491	417,401
NTN	2,269,101	-	2,269,101	-	-	-	-	590,630	191,740	1,486,731	2,269,101	1,528,577
Agribusiness Receivables Certificates	164,026	-	164,026	-	1,458	1,355	2,514	59,437	60,094	39,168	164,026	102,150
Foreign Securities	2,977,963	-	2,977,963	-	39,465	26,889	14,933	662,209	576,357	1,658,110	2,977,963	2,160,918
Securities available for sale – fair value through profit or loss	**1,958,946**	**4,486**	**2,020,587**	**704,047**	**1,261,028**	**6,463**	**3,568**	**4,008**	**20,117**	**21,356**	**2,020,587**	**4,403,349**
NTN	1,266,186	(6,801)	1,259,385	-	1,259,385	-	-	-	-	-	1,259,385	3,701,240
Shares	39,006	11,287	50,293	50,293	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,293	53,819
Quotas in investment funds	653,754	-	653,754	653,754	-	-	-	-	-	-	653,754	593,948
Derivative financial instruments-Differential receivable	-	-	57,155	-	1,643	6,463	3,568	4,008	20,117	21,356	57,155	54,342
Total	**12,617,708**	**(42,174)**	**12,632,689**	**704,047**	**1,698,486**	**72,883**	**69,949**	**1,820,036**	**2,013,759**	**6,253,529**	**12,632,689**	**17,123,283**

Description	Bank											
	Value by the Amortized cost curve	Adjustment to market value	Book Value (i)	Maturity							2026	2025
				Without maturity	Up to 30 days	From 31 to 60 days	From 61 to 90 days	From 91 to 180 days	From 181 to 360 days	Over360 days	Total	Total
Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	**4,338,484**	**(34,347)**	**4,304,137**	**-**	**24,980**	**15,252**	**16,281**	**389,040**	**1,012,591**	**2,845,993**	**4,304,137**	**7,926,221**
LFT	997,007	860	997,867	-	-	-	-	342,955	355,310	299,602	997,867	1,484,911
LTN	1,840,807	(20,563)	1,820,244	-	-	-	-	-	547,140	1,273,104	1,820,244	1,905,590
NTN	802,532	(7,531)	795,001	-	-	-	-	-	-	795,001	795,001	3,777,240
Debentures	674,691	(6,926)	667,765	-	24,492	14,770	14,632	43,530	105,188	465,153	667,765	725,578
Agribusiness Receivables Certificates	2,698	20	2,718	-	102	102	100	297	575	1,542	2,718	5,946
Certificate of Real Estate Receivables	20,749	(207)	20,542	-	386	380	1,549	2,258	4,378	11,591	20,542	26,956
MTM equity of securities reclassified - Fair Value through OCI	**-**	**(12,313)**	**(12,313)**	**-**	**-**	**(2,661)**	**(2,575)**	**(3,171)**	**(1,346)**	**(2,560)**	**(12,313)**	**(44,824)**
NTN	-	(12,313)	(12,313)	-	-	(2,661)	(2,575)	(3,171)	(1,346)	(2,560)	(12,313)	(44,824)
Amortized cost	**3,818,066**	**-**	**3,818,066**	**-**	**97,736**	**24,973**	**35,785**	**783,765**	**433,998**	**2,441,809**	**3,818,066**	**2,370,036**
Debentures	262,961	-	262,961	-	12,514	12,514	12,514	37,541	73,919	113,959	262,961	366,920
Commercial Paper	301,273	-	301,273	-	62,216	11,104	20,757	74,490	69,134	63,572	301,273	372,389
NTN	2,269,101	-	2,269,101	-	-	-	-	590,630	191,740	1,486,731	2,269,101	1,528,577
Agribusiness Receivables Certificates	164,026	-	164,026	-	1,458	1,355	2,514	59,437	60,094	39,168	164,026	102,150
Foreign Securities	820,705	-	820,705	-	21,548	-	-	21,667	39,111	738,379	820,705	-
Securities available for sale – fair value through profit or loss	**1,625,520**	**4,485**	**1,687,160**	**370,621**	**1,261,027**	**6,463**	**3,568**	**4,008**	**20,117**	**21,356**	**1,687,160**	**4,102,085**
NTN	1,266,186	(6,802)	1,259,384	-	1,259,384	-	-	-	-	-	1,259,384	3,701,240
Shares	39,006	11,287	50,293	50,293	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,293	53,819
Quotas in investment funds	320,328	-	320,328	320,328	-	-	-	-	-	-	320,328	292,684
Derivative financial instruments-Differential receivable	-	-	57,155	-	1,643	6,463	3,568	4,008	20,117	21,356	57,155	54,342
Total	**9,782,070**	**(42,175)**	**9,797,050**	**370,621**	**1,383,743**	**44,027**	**53,059**	**1,173,642**	**1,465,360**	**5,306,598**	**9,797,050**	**14,353,518**

(i) The carrying amount is being presented net of the Expected Loss, which as of September 30, 2026, corresponds to a balance of R$14,823 (12/31/2025 - R$10,036) in the Consolidated and R$12,617 (12/31/2025 – R$8,108) in the Bank.

5.3 Derivative financial instruments

The Bank participates in transactions involving financial instruments, recorded in balance sheet or memorandum accounts at amounts compatible with those currently practiced in the market, in order to manage its exposure to market, foreign exchange and interest rate risks. The transactions are principally designed to protect assets and

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liabilities, involving changes in indexes in the application and obtaining of resources, contracted at maturities, rates and amounts compatible with the protection necessary.

The transactions involving derivative financial instruments (swap, futures and forward contracts) are entered into in order to protect their own and clients' assets and liabilities. The risks are managed through control policies, establishment of operating strategies, determination of limits and various techniques for monitoring positions, with a view to liquidity, profitability and security. The utilization of derivative financial instruments in order to minimize market risks arising from fluctuations in interest rates, currencies, asset prices, and other factors, is an integral part of good accounting practice and is an indispensable tool in financial management.

Market risk is the exposure created by potential fluctuations in interest rates, exchange rates, prices of goods, prices quoted on the stock market and for other securities, and is the function of the type of product, the volume of operations, the duration and conditions of the contract and the underlying volatility. Risk management is controlled and monitored independently of the areas generating the risk exposure. The assessment and measurement are carried out daily based on indexes and statistical data, utilizing tools such as non-parametric "VaR" and sensitivity analysis in stress scenarios.

The derivative financial instruments are registered at the B3 - Brasil, Bolsa, Balcão.

(a) Swaps by maturity

	Consolidated						
Description	Up to 30 days	From 31 to 60 days	From 61 to 90 days	From 91 to 180 days	From 181 to 360 days	Over 360 days	Total
Swap contracts							
Asset position							
Foreign currency	886	785	1,856	2,352	7,494	931	**14,304**
Interest rate	-	-	818	758	9,260	14,501	**25,337**
Indexes	757	5,678	894	898	3,363	5,924	**17,514**
Total – 2026	**1,643**	**6,463**	**3,568**	**4,008**	**20,117**	**21,356**	**57,155**
Total – 2025	**10,569**	**9,641**	**2,535**	**18,522**	**5,147**	**7,928**	**54,342**
Swap contracts							
Liability position							
Foreign currency	(32,355)	(6,413)	(4,317)	(13,834)	(57,273)	(2,809)	**(117,001)**
Interest rate	-	-	-	(107)	(973)	(126)	**(1,206)**
Indexes	(4,003)	(1,705)	(4)	(51)	(8)	(608)	**(6,379)**
Total – 2026	**(36,358)**	**(8,118)**	**(4,321)**	**(13,992)**	**(58,254)**	**(3,543)**	**(124,586)**
Total – 2025	**(26,710)**	**(13,456)**	**(2,251)**	**(20,318)**	**(6,215)**	**(14,808)**	**(83,758)**

	Bank						
Description	Up to 30 days	From 31 to 60 days	From 61 to 90 days	From 91 to 180 days	From 181 to 360 days	Over 360 days	Total
Swap contracts							
Asset position							
Foreign currency	886	785	1,856	2,352	7,494	931	**14,304**
Interest rate	-	-	818	758	9,260	14,501	**25,337**
Indexes	757	5,678	894	898	3,363	5,924	**17,514**
Total – 2026	**1,643**	**6,463**	**3,568**	**4,008**	**20,117**	**21,356**	**57,155**
Total – 2025	**10,569**	**9,641**	**2,535**	**18,522**	**5,147**	**7,928**	**54,342**
Swap contracts							
Liability position							
Foreign currency	(32,355)	(6,413)	(4,317)	(13,834)	(57,273)	(2,809)	**(117,001)**
Interest rate	-	-	-	(107)	(973)	(126)	**(1,206)**
Indexes	(4,003)	(1,705)	(4)	(51)	(8)	(608)	**(6,379)**
Total – 2026	**(36,358)**	**(8,118)**	**(4,321)**	**(13,992)**	**(58,254)**	**(3,543)**	**(124,586)**
Total – 2025	**(26,710)**	**(13,456)**	**(2,251)**	**(20,318)**	**(6,215)**	**(14,808)**	**(83,758)**

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(b) Swaps by index and notional amount

	Consolidated		
Swap, options and forward	Notional amount	Yield curve value - amortized cost	Market value
Foreign currency	353,918	4,572	14,304
Interest rate	1,098,002	25,497	25,337
Indexes	987,684	(5,163)	17,514
Asset position – 2026	**2,439,604**	**24,906**	**57,155**
Asset position – 2025	**1,226,409**	**43,912**	**54,342**
Foreign currency	2,161,518	(68,610)	(97,307)
Interest rate	64,862	(1,473)	(1,206)
Indexes	680,456	(10,852)	(26,073)
Liability position – 2026	**2,906,836**	**(80,935)**	**(124,586)**
Liability position – 2025	**1,704,714**	**(65,507)**	**(83,758)**
Exposure – 2026	**5,346,440**	**(56,029)**	**(67,431)**
Exposure – 2025	**2,931,123**	**(21,595)**	**(29,416)**

	Bank		
Swap, options and forward	Notional amount	Yield curve value - amortized cost	Market value
Foreign currency	353,918	4,572	14,304
Interest rate	1,098,002	25,497	25,337
Indexes	987,684	(5,163)	17,514
Asset position – 2026	**2,439,604**	**24,906**	**57,155**
Asset position – 2025	**1,226,409**	**43,912**	**54,342**
Foreign currency	2,161,518	(68,610)	(97,307)
Interest rate	64,862	(1,473)	(1,206)
Indexes	680,456	(10,852)	(26,073)
Liability position – 2026	**2,906,836**	**(80,935)**	**(124,586)**
Liability position – 2025	**1,596,385**	**(65,507)**	**(83,758)**
Exposure – 2026	**5,346,440**	**(56,029)**	**(67,431)**
Exposure – 2025	**2,822,794**	**(21,595)**	**(29,416)**

Swap transactions were marked to market considering quotations obtained from external sources with unrestricted and independent access.

Below are the reference and receivables/payables amount of futures operations.

	Consolidated and Bank		
Futures	Amounts receivable	Amounts payable	Reference value
DAP	613	-	1,478,692
DDI	11,682	-	1,317,769
DI1	-	(2,752)	10,236,691
DOL	-	(3,267)	400,962
Position – 2026	**12,295**	**(6,019)**	**13,434,114**
Position – 2025	**25,051**	**(7,280)**	**28,389,124**

(c) Operations with derivative instruments designated for hedge purposes

(i) Cash flow hedge

The purpose of Bmg's hedge relationship is to protect the portion of the payment cash flows to be disbursed in the funding with floating interest rates indexed by the Interbank Deposit Certificate (CDI) to fixed rates.

In order to hedge future cash flows of a portion of its funding against exposure to variable interest rates (CDI and IPCA), the Bank entered into swaps and one-day DI and DAP futures contracts traded on B3 – Brasil, Bolsa, Balcão, with a notional amount of R$8,261,110 (R$ 18,530,506 as of December 31, 2025). These instruments generated a positive fair value adjustment recognized in equity of R$47,178 (negative R$44,290 as of September 30, 2025), net of tax effects.

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The effectiveness determined for the hedge portfolio was in compliance with the provisions established in BACEN Circular Letter No. 3,082 of January 30, 2002.

(ii) Market risk hedge

To hedge exposure to market-risk volatility arising from CDBs indexed to the IPCA plus a fixed coupon, the Bank uses futures contracts (DAP) traded on B3 – Brasil, Bolsa, Balcão, as hedging instruments, with a notional amount of R$1,880,837 (R$ 896,565 as of December 31, 2025). As of September 30, 2026, these instruments generated a negative fair value adjustment recognized in profit or loss in the amount of R$33,645 (negative R$2,861 as of September 30, 2025).

To hedge exposure to market-risk volatility arising from fixed-rate Subordinated Financial Bills, Bmg has used futures contracts (DI1) traded on B3 – Brasil, Bolsa, Balcão, since June 2022 as hedging instruments, with a notional amount of R$588,714 (R$ 547,541 as of December 31, 2025). As of September 30, 2026, these instruments generated a positive fair value adjustment recognized in profit or loss in the amount of R$16,381 (negative R$51,890 as of September 30, 2025).

To hedge exposure to market-risk volatility arising from the Credit Portfolio, Bmg has used futures contracts (DI1) traded on B3 – Brasil, Bolsa, Balcão, since August 2022 as hedging instruments, with a notional amount of R$899,055 (R$820,027 as of December 31, 2025). As of September 30, 2026, these instruments generated a positive fair value adjustment recognized in profit or loss in the amount of R$4,178 (positive R$42,272 as of September 30, 2025).

The effectiveness calculated for the hedge portfolio throughout the period of use of the instruments and strategies was measured in accordance with the provisions of BACEN Circular Letter No. 3,082 of 01/30/2002.

5.4 Credit operations

(a) Classification by product

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Personal credit	13,003,733	11,466,415	11,878,429	10,295,818
Commercial portfolio	2,059,314	1,979,993	1,742,487	1,749,874
Assigned credit operations (i)	7,082,609	8,563,471	7,082,609	8,563,471
Total - credit operations	**22,145,656**	**22,009,879**	**20,703,525**	**20,609,163**
Purchase of trade receivables without co-obligation – commercial portfolio	154,968	149,871	154,968	149,871
Foreign exchange portfolio	276,284	402,424	276,284	402,424
Credit cards	467,789	630,987	467,789	630,987
Total other receivables	899,041	1,183,282	899,041	1,183,282
Total - credit operations and other receivables	**23,044,697**	**23,193,161**	**21,602,566**	**21,792,445**
Other assets linked to the credit portfolio (ii)	189,934	133,850	189,934	133,850
Total credit portfolio	**23,234,631**	**23,327,011**	**21,792,500**	**21,926,295**
Provision for losses associated with credit risk	(1,807,821)	(1,559,532)	(1,651,978)	(1,236,151)
Provision for losses associated with credit risk– other credits	(35,546)	(57,118)	(35,546)	(57,118)
Total	**21,391,264**	**21,710,361**	**20,104,976**	**20,633,026**
Current	**10,502,067**	**11,661,920**	**9,447,606**	**8,769,195**
Non-current	**10,889,197**	**10,048,441**	**10,657,370**	**11,863,831**

(i) Credits assigned with substantial retention of risks and rewards in accordance with CMN Resolution nº 4,966/21.
(ii) Value presented under the heading “Operations with credit granting characteristics”

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(b) Classification by sector of activity

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Private sector				
Individuals	21,041,282	21,124,941	19,656,835	19,777,518
Industry	195,171	195,947	165,623	166,640
Commerce	169,613	170,287	176,519	177,603
Financial intermediaries	306,697	307,917	209,208	210,492
Other Services	1,521,868	1,527,919	1,584,315	1,594,042
Total	**23,234,631**	**23,327,011**	**21,792,500**	**21,926,295**

(c) Credit assignments

(i) Operations with substantial retention of risks

CMN Resolution nº 4,966/21 establishes procedures for the classification, recording and disclosure of operations of sale or transfer of financial assets.

The classification as substantial retention of risks and rewards in the credit assignment operations is characterized by the co-obligation in the credit assignments or by the acquisition of subordinated quotas of the assignee funds. In this classification, the assigned operations remain recorded in the assets of the assignor institution and the funds received are recorded in assets with a corresponding entry in liabilities, due to the assumed obligation. Income and expenses referring to the assignments of credit realized are recognized in the statement of income according to the remaining term of the transactions.

In the period ended September 30, 2026, the Conglomerate did not enter into any credit assignment transactions classified as 'with substantial retention of risks and rewards' (R$1,800,000 in the year ended December 31, 2025).

The value of the assigned operations and obligations assumed, on September 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, are as follows:

	Consolidated and Bank	
Credit assignments after CMN Resolution nº 4,966/21	Assigned Operations	Assumed Obligations
Personal consigned credit:		
With co-obligation - Present value	7,082,609	5,167,934
Balance of settled operations to be transferred	-	121
Total - 2026	**7,082,609**	**5,168,055**
Total - 2025	**8,563,471**	**5,950,920**

(ii) Operations with substantial transfers of risks

In credit assignment operations, the classification of substantial transfers of risks and rewards is characterized by the absence of any type of co-obligation in credit assignments. In this classification, the transfer operations are those in which the seller transfers substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the financial asset object of the operation together with the option to repurchase at the fair value of that asset at the time of repurchase.

In the period ended September 30, 2026, the Consolidated carried out credit assignment operations classified in the category of "with substantial transfer of risks and benefits", represented in the table below:

	Consolidated and Bank	
Assignment with substantial transfer of risks and benefits (current operations) (i)	Present value	Effect on result
Personal consigned credit	2,739,124	403,747
Unsecured personal credit	47,505	4,007
Total - 2026	**2,786,629**	**407,754**
Total - 2025	**1,580,993**	**126,885**

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(i) The gain on the credit assignment comprises the negotiated interest rate differential, net of commission and origination costs.

(d) Analysis of the credit portfolio by product and maturities

	Consolidated		
Maturity/Product	Personal credit	Commercial portfolio	Total
Falling due in up to 30 days	2,608,162	1,091,463	**3,699,625**
Falling due from 31 to 60 days	704,378	126,069	**830,447**
Falling due from 61 to 90 days	572,827	140,744	**713,571**
Falling due from 91 to 180 days	1,433,944	550,665	**1,984,609**
Falling due from 181 to 360 days	2,259,554	213,208	**2,472,762**
Falling due over 360 days	12,163,054	182,380	**12,345,434**
Total not yet due	**19,741,919**	**2,304,529**	**22,046,448**
Overdue up to 14 days	81,948	5,898	**87,846**
Overdue from 15 to 30 days	94,632	465	**95,097**
Overdue from 31 to 60 days	128,395	4,382	**132,777**
Overdue from 61 to 90 days	117,663	575	**118,238**
Overdue from 91 to 180 days	353,855	9,470	**363,325**
Overdue from 181 to 360 days	380,621	10,279	**390,900**
Total overdue	**1,157,114**	**31,069**	**1,188,183**
Total portfolio – 2026	**20,899,033**	**2,335,598**	**23,234,631**
Total portfolio – 2025	**20,794,723**	**2,532,288**	**23,327,011**

	Bank		
Maturity/Product	Personal credit	Commercial portfolio	Total
Falling due in up to 30 days	1,778,486	1,091,463	**2,869,949**
Falling due from 31 to 60 days	611,966	126,069	**738,035**
Falling due from 61 to 90 days	555,414	34,383	**589,797**
Falling due from 91 to 180 days	1,405,876	340,205	**1,746,081**
Falling due from 181 to 360 days	2,253,790	213,203	**2,466,993**
Falling due after 360 days	12,162,512	182,379	**12,344,891**
Total not yet due	**18,768,044**	**1,987,702**	**20,755,746**
Overdue up to 14 days	53,492	5,898	**59,390**
Overdue from 15 to 30 days	68,997	465	**69,462**
Overdue from 31 to 60 days	95,268	4,382	**99,650**
Overdue from 61 to 90 days	79,762	575	**80,337**
Overdue from 91 to 180 days	327,545	9,470	**337,015**
Overdue from 181 to 360 days	380,621	10,279	**390,900**
Total overdue	**1,005,685**	**31,069**	**1,036,754**
Total portfolio – 2026	**19,773,729**	**2,018,771**	**21,792,500**
Total portfolio – 2025	**19,624,126**	**2,302,169**	**21,926,295**

(e) Changes in the provision for losses associated with credit risk and credit recovery

Data relating to doubtful debts written off as a debit to provisions and revenue from the recovery of credits written off as losses can be summarized as follows:

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Balance at beginning of period	**1,616,650**	**1,131,975**	**1,293,269**	**760,099**
Effect of the initial adoption of Resolution 4,966/21	-	1,261,311	-	579,263
Balance on January 1st	**1,616,650**	**2,393,286**	**1,293,269**	**1,339,362**
Constitution of provision	1,397,655	876,257	1,187,571	485,000
Reversal/write-off of provision	(1,170,938)	(1,299,190)	(793,316)	(391,504)
Balance at the end of the period	**1,843,367**	**1,970,353**	**1,687,524**	**1,432,858**
Credits recovered	(177,138)	(143,561)	(152,576)	(116,459)
Effect on the result (i)	**1,220,517**	**732,696**	**1,034,995**	**368,541**

(i) Refers to the net value of provision and recovered credits.

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(f) Composition of the portfolio and provision for losses associated with credit risk by stages

i. Credit portfolio movement

	Consolidated							
Stage 1	**Balance on 12/31/2025**	**Transfer to Stage 2**	**Transfer to Stage 3**	**Transfer from Stage 2**	**Transfer from Stage 3**	**Origination / (Payment)**	**Write Off**	**Balance on 09/30/2026**
Retail Loan Portfolio	17,865,211	(172,493)	(524,976)	147,062	37,982	19,571	(34,059)	17,338,298
Wholesale Credit Operation	2,283,461	(4,359)	(25,124)	4,707	3,565	1,815	-	2,264,065
Foreign Credit Operations	835,694	(47,915)	(19,279)	4,097	-	308,662	(97,735)	983,524
Total Stage 1	**20,984,366**	**(224,767)**	**(569,379)**	**155,866**	**41,547**	**330,048**	**(131,794)**	**20,585,887**
Stage 2	**Balance on 12/31/2025**	**Transfer to Stage 1**	**Transfer to Stage 3**	**Transfer from Stage 1**	**Transfer from Stage 3**	**Origination / (Payment)**	**Write Off**	**Balance on 09/30/2026**
Retail Loan Portfolio	600,577	(147,062)	(268,516)	172,493	14,291	139,605	(33,547)	477,841
Wholesale Credit Operation	35,217	(4,707)	(3,741)	4,359	19,290	(21,056)	-	29,362
Foreign Credit Operations	187,116	(4,097)	(6,892)	47,915	922	(35,689)	(80,578)	108,697
Total Stage 2	**822,910**	**(155,866)**	**(279,149)**	**224,767**	**34,503**	**82,860**	**(114,125)**	**615,900**
Stage 3	**Balance on 12/31/2025**	**Transfer to Stage 1**	**Transfer to Stage 2**	**Transfer from Stage 1**	**Transfer from Stage 2**	**Origination / (Payment)**	**Write Off**	**Balance on 09/30/2026**
Retail Loan Portfolio	1,024,489	(37,982)	(14,291)	524,976	268,516	410,869	(564,070)	1,612,507
Wholesale Credit Operation	213,609	(3,565)	(19,290)	25,124	3,741	(9,417)	(12,882)	197,320
Foreign Credit Operations	147,787	-	(922)	19,279	6,892	(64,056)	(75,897)	33,083
Total Stage 3	**1,385,885**	**(41,547)**	**(34,503)**	**569,379**	**279,149**	**337,396**	**(652,849)**	**1,842,910**

	Bank							
Stage 1	**Balance on 12/31/2025**	**Transfer to Stage 2**	**Transfer to Stage 3**	**Transfer from Stage 2**	**Transfer from Stage 3**	**Origination / (Payment)**	**Write Off**	**Balance on 09/30/2026**
Retail Loan Portfolio	17,865,213	(172,493)	(524,976)	147,062	37,982	19,571	(34,059)	17,338,300
Wholesale Credit Operation	2,053,342	(4,359)	(25,124)	4,707	3,565	(84,895)	-	1,947,236
Total Stage 1	**19,918,555**	**(176,852)**	**(550,100)**	**151,769**	**41,547**	**(65,324)**	**(34,059)**	**19,285,536**
Stage 2	**Balance on 12/31/2025**	**Transfer to Stage 1**	**Transfer to Stage 3**	**Transfer from Stage 1**	**Transfer from Stage 3**	**Origination / (Payment)**	**Write Off**	**Balance on 09/30/2026**
Retail Loan Portfolio	600,577	(147,062)	(268,516)	172,493	14,291	139,605	(33,547)	477,841
Wholesale Credit Operation	35,217	(4,707)	(3,741)	4,359	19,290	(21,056)	-	29,362
Total Stage 2	**635,794**	**(151,769)**	**(272,257)**	**176,852**	**33,581**	**118,549**	**(33,547)**	**507,203**
Stage 3	**Balance on 12/31/2025**	**Transfer to Stage 1**	**Transfer to Stage 2**	**Transfer from Stage 1**	**Transfer from Stage 2**	**Origination / (Payment)**	**Write Off**	**Balance on 09/30/2026**
Retail Loan Portfolio	1,024,487	(37,982)	(14,291)	524,976	268,516	410,869	(564,070)	1,612,505
Wholesale Credit Operation	213,609	(3,565)	(19,290)	25,124	3,741	(9,415)	(12,882)	197,322
Total Stage 3	**1,238,096**	**(41,547)**	**(33,581)**	**550,100**	**272,257**	**401,454**	**(576,952)**	**1,809,827**

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ii. Movement of loss associated with credit risk

	Consolidated							
Stage 1	**Balance on 12/31/2025**	**Transfer to Stage 2**	**Transfer to Stage 3**	**Transfer from Stage 2**	**Transfer from Stage 3**	**(Constitution) / Reversal**	**Write Off**	**Balance on 09/30/2026**
Retail Loan Portfolio	(293,992)	28,186	372,881	(7,510)	(1,403)	(436,870)	34,059	(304,649)
Wholesale Credit Operation	(37,728)	196	11,277	(581)	(140)	(5,996)	-	(32,972)
Foreign Credit Operations	(56,773)	35,483	18,942	(798)	-	(151,674)	97,733	(57,087)
Total Stage 1	**(388,493)**	**63,865**	**403,100**	**(8,889)**	**(1,543)**	**(594,540)**	**131,792**	**(394,708)**
Stage 2	**Balance on 12/31/2025**	**Transfer to Stage 1**	**Transfer to Stage 3**	**Transfer from Stage 1**	**Transfer from Stage 3**	**(Constitution) / Reversal**	**Write Off**	**Balance on 09/30/2026**
Retail Loan Portfolio	(156,087)	7,510	218,151	(28,186)	(3,489)	(188,617)	33,547	(117,171)
Wholesale Credit Operation	(1,067)	581	2,374	(196)	(2,415)	(1,927)	-	(2,650)
Foreign Credit Operations	(120,822)	798	6,765	(35,483)	(315)	2,516	80,578	(65,963)
Total Stage 2	**(277,976)**	**8,889**	**227,290**	**(63,865)**	**(6,219)**	**(188,028)**	**114,125**	**(185,784)**
Stage 3	**Balance on 12/31/2025**	**Transfer to Stage 1**	**Transfer to Stage 2**	**Transfer from Stage 1**	**Transfer from Stage 2**	**(Constitution) / Reversal**	**Write Off**	**Balance on 09/30/2026**
Retail Loan Portfolio	(685,309)	1,403	3,489	(372,881)	(218,151)	(429,408)	564,070	(1,136,787)
Wholesale Credit Operation	(119,148)	140	2,415	(11,277)	(2,374)	23,748	12,882	(93,614)
Foreign Credit Operations	(145,724)	-	315	(18,942)	(6,765)	62,743	75,899	(32,474)
Total Stage 3	**(950,181)**	**1,543**	**6,219**	**(403,100)**	**(227,290)**	**(342,917)**	**652,851**	**(1,262,875)**

	Bank							
Stage 1	**Balance on 12/31/2025**	**Transfer to Stage 2**	**Transfer to Stage 3**	**Transfer from Stage 2**	**Transfer from Stage 3**	**(Constitution) / Reversal**	**Write Off**	**Balance on 09/30/2026**
Retail Loan Portfolio	(293,990)	28,186	372,881	(7,510)	(1,403)	(436,870)	34,059	(304,647)
Wholesale Credit Operation	(37,667)	196	11,277	(581)	(140)	(5,739)	-	(32,654)
Total Stage 1	**(331,657)**	**28,382**	**384,158**	**(8,091)**	**(1,543)**	**(442,609)**	**34,059**	**(337,301)**
Stage 2	**Balance on 12/31/2025**	**Transfer to Stage 1**	**Transfer to Stage 3**	**Transfer from Stage 1**	**Transfer from Stage 3**	**(Constitution) / Reversal**	**Write Off**	**Balance on 09/30/2026**
Retail Loan Portfolio	(156,087)	7,510	218,151	(28,186)	(3,489)	(188,617)	33,547	(117,171)
Wholesale Credit Operation	(1,067)	581	2,374	(196)	(2,415)	(1,927)	-	(2,650)
Total Stage 2	**(157,154)**	**8,091**	**220,525**	**(28,382)**	**(5,904)**	**(190,544)**	**33,547**	**(119,821)**
Stage 3	**Balance on 12/31/2025**	**Transfer to Stage 1**	**Transfer to Stage 2**	**Transfer from Stage 1**	**Transfer from Stage 2**	**(Constitution) / Reversal**	**Write Off**	**Balance on 09/30/2026**
Retail Loan Portfolio	(685,310)	1,403	3,489	(372,881)	(218,151)	(429,408)	564,070	(1,136,788)
Wholesale Credit Operation	(119,148)	140	2,415	(11,277)	(2,374)	23,748	12,882	(93,614)
Total Stage 3	**(804,458)**	**1,543**	**5,904**	**(384,158)**	**(220,525)**	**(405,660)**	**576,952**	**(1,230,402)**

iii. Summary

	Consolidated			
Portfolio Summary – Credit Risk Stages	**Balance on 12/31/2025**	**Origination / (Payment)**	**Write Off**	**Balance on 09/30/2026**
Retail Loan Portfolio	19,490,276	570,045	(631,676)	19,428,645
Wholesale Credit Operation	2,532,289	(28,658)	(12,882)	2,490,749
Foreign Credit Operations	1,170,596	208,917	(254,210)	1,125,303
Subtotal of Credit Operations	**23,193,161**	**750,304**	**(898,768)**	**23,044,697**
Other Assets Related to the Credit Portfolio	133,850	56,084	-	189,934
Total	**23,327,011**	**806,388**	**(898,768)**	**23,234,631**

	Bank			
Portfolio Summary – Credit Risk Stages	**Balance on 12/31/2025**	**Origination / (Payment)**	**Write Off**	**Balance on 09/30/2026**
Retail Loan Portfolio	19,490,276	570,045	(631,676)	19,428,645
Wholesale Credit Operation	2,302,169	(115,366)	(12,882)	2,173,921
Subtotal of Credit Operations	**21,792,445**	**454,679**	**(644,558)**	**21,602,566**
Other Assets Related to the Credit Portfolio	133,850	56,084	-	189,934
Total	**21,926,295**	**510,763**	**(644,558)**	**21,792,500**

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	Consolidated			
Provision Summary – Credit Risk Stages	**Balance on 12/31/2025**	**(Constitution)/ Reversal**	**Write Off**	**Balance on 09/30/2026**
Retail Loan Portfolio	(1,135,388)	(1,054,895)	631,676	(1,558,607)
Wholesale Credit Operation	(157,942)	15,825	12,882	(129,235)
Foreign Credit Operations	(323,320)	(86,415)	254,210	(155,525)
Total	**(1,616,650)**	**(1,125,485)**	**898,768**	**(1,843,367)**

	Bank			
Provision Summary – Credit Risk Stages	**Balance on 12/31/2025**	**(Constitution)/ Reversal**	**Write Off**	**Balance on 09/30/2026**
Retail Loan Portfolio	(1,135,387)	(1,054,895)	631,676	(1,558,606)
Wholesale Credit Operation	(157,882)	16,082	12,882	(128,918)
Total	**(1,293,269)**	**(1,038,813)**	**644,558**	**(1,687,524)**

5.5 Other receivables and interbank relations

(a) Other credits

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	**2025**	**2026**	**2025**
Deferred tax assets (i)	5,220,558	5,142,003	4,876,608	4,774,243
Current tax assets (ii)	614,677	635,603	460,279	495,387
Foreign exchange portfolio (Note 5,4 (a))	276,284	402,424	276,284	402,424
Debtors for guaranteed deposits (iii)	727,009	620,604	721,780	615,982
Sundry debtors - local	451,682	374,692	86,722	62,187
Values to be transferred by public agencies (iv)	453,454	451,528	453,454	451,528
Amounts receivable from associated companies	6,212	8,966	8,568	7,545
Purchase of trade receivables without co-obligation – commercial portfolio (Note 5,4(a))	154,968	149,871	154,968	149,871
Credit cards (Note 5,4 (a))	467,789	630,987	467,789	630,987
(-) Provision for impairment - Other receivables (Note 5,4 (a))	(35,546)	(57,118)	(35,546)	(57,118)
Advance to the Credit Guarantee Fund - FGC (v)	117,565	-	117,565	-
Others	241,065	47,863	309,475	365,752
Total	**8,695,717**	**8,407,423**	**7,897,946**	**7,898,788**
Current	**3,046,145**	**2,973,357**	**2,562,030**	**2,782,888**
Non-current	**5,649,572**	**5,434,066**	**5,335,916**	**5,115,900**

(i) Deferred tax assets refer to income tax and social contribution tax credits calculated and recorded based on the aspects detailed in Note 19(a).

(ii) The balance of current tax assets refers to taxes to be offset and substantially comprises COFINS credit in the amount R$336,991 (12/31/2025 - R$326,396) in the Consolidated and R$321,195 (12/31/2025 - R$311,023) in the Bank, due to of the res judicata on 04/06/2009 of the Rescission Action aiming at the recognition of its right to collect COFINS only on service revenues, pursuant to Complementary Law 70/91, in view of the unconstitutionality of art. 3, §1 of Law 9,718/98, declared by the STF in the judgment of Extraordinary Appeal No. 357,950 and recovery of IR/CSLL referring to the decision of the STF - Topic No. 962 - Non-levy of IRPJ and CSLL on amounts updated by the Selic rate arising from lawsuit for repetition of tax overpayment in the amount of R$8,223 (12/31/2025 - R$24,686).

(iii) The balances of debtors for guaranteed deposits are related to tax, labor and civil lawsuits (Note 12).

(iv) Refers to amounts for installments of payroll loan operations pending transfer by public agencies and provisions for non-recoverable amounts.

(v) This relates to the mandatory advance payment of monthly contributions to the Credit Guarantee Fund (FGC), aimed at restoring the Fund's capital position.

(b) Interbank Relations

Interfinancial assets consist of R$821,226 in deposits with the Central Bank of Brazil (R$873,770 as of December 31, 2025) and R$3,040 in other balances (R$96 as of December 31, 2025) in the Consolidated, and R$821,023 in deposits with the Central Bank of Brazil (R$873,568 as of December 31, 2025) and R$3,034 in other balances (R$89 as of December 31, 2025) in the Bank.

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6. Other assets and property

(a) Assets not for own use

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Non-financial assets held for sale - received (i)	25,094	24,866	24,857	24,629
Provision for devaluation of non-financial assets held for sale - received	(778)	(650)	(778)	(650)
Inventory of supplies	35	32	34	42
Total – Current assets	**24,351**	**24,248**	**24,113**	**24,021**

(i) Basically, comprises real estate and vehicles received as payment in kind.

(b) Prepaid expenses

	Consoidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Customer acquisition costs	233,423	276,443	170,325	208,387
Partnerships	180,863	130,571	96,002	106,798
Other	26,072	23,902	20,114	16,102
Total	**440,358**	**430,916**	**286,441**	**331,287**
Current	**253,646**	**230,391**	**141,279**	**236,531**
Non-current	**186,712**	**200,525**	**145,162**	**94,756**

7. Investments

Investments in subsidiaries and associated companies

	Consolidated						
	2026						2025
	Number of shares/ quotas held	% holding	Equity	Profit (loss) for the period	Equity income for the period	Book value of the investment	Book value of the investment
(i) Direct (Non-financial area)							
BMG Corretora de Seguros	600,000	51.00%	90,205	35,882	18,300	46,004	50,146
O2OBOTS inteligência artificial S.A. (i)	3,745,171	21.99%	682	(285)	-	83	83
Other investments	-	-	-	-	650	10,026	18,690
Goodwill on investment na AF Controle S.A.	-	-	-	-	-	78,250	78,250
Amortization of goodwill - AF Controle S.A.	-	-	-	-	-	(30,143)	(24,274)
Goodwill on investment - O2OBOTS IA S.A.	-	-	-	-	-	4,075	4,075
Amortization of goodwill - O2OBOTS IA S.A.	-	-	-	-	-	(1,528)	(1,223)
Total					**18,950**	**106,767**	**125,747**

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	Bank						
	2026						2025
	Number of shares/ quotas held	% holding	Equity	Profit (loss) for the period	Equity income for the period	Book value of the investment	Book value of the investment
(i) Direct (Financial area)							
BMG Bank (Cayman) Ltd.	64,788	100.00%	402,388	(45,870)	(45,538)	402,388	447,926
BMG Leasing S.A. – Arrendamento Mercantil	548,028,288	99.99%	793,817	69,600	69,591	793,738	747,540
Banco BMG Soluções Financeiras S.A.	16,364	100.00%	1,000,834	81,984	81,984	1,000,834	977,595
Banco BMG Consignado S.A.	8,196	100.00%	1,717,814	144,120	144,120	1,717,814	1,647,290
BMG S.A. - Distribuidora de Títulos e Valores Mobiliários	279,000	100.00%	14,997	631	631	14,997	14,458
(ii) Direct (non-financial area)							
ME Promotora de vendas Ltda.	8,000	80.00%	27,903	1,710	1,368	22,323	20,955
CBFacil Corretora de Seguros e Negócios Ltda.	273,199,054	99.99%	453,642	71,238	71,230	453,595	392,365
BMSE Participações Ltda.	7,006,483	99.38%	2,229	57	56	2,215	2,159
Bmg Estrutura Corporativa Ltda.	86,844,999	99.99%	114,843	8,493	8,492	114,831	111,350
Help Franchising Participações Ltda.	36,992,600	99.98%	59,051	12,283	12,281	59,039	48,757
AF Controle S.A.	599,126	50.00%	258,197	24,844	12,422	129,099	116,677
BMG Seguridade	32,955,331	100.00%	338,969	68,208	68,142	338,969	276,828
Goodwill on investment - Help Franchising Participações Ltda.	-	-	-	-	-	3,091	3,091
Amortization of goodwill - Help Franchising Participações Ltda.	-	-	-	-	-	(3,091)	(3,091)
Goodwill on investment na AF Controle S.A.	-	-	-	-	-	78,250	78,250
Amortization of goodwill - AF Controle S.A.	-		-	-	-	(30,143)	(24,275)
Total					**424,779**	**5,097,949**	**4,857,875**

On January 30, 2025, a capital increase in BMG Cayman in the amount of US$ 20,000, equivalent to R$ 117,180, was completed.

On March 25, 2025, a capital reduction in CBFÁCIL Corretora de Seguros e Negócios Ltda. in the amount of R$ 180,000 was completed.

On April 30, 2025, a capital increase in BMG Cayman in the amount of US$ 40,000, equivalent to R$ 226,432, was completed.

On August 14, 2025, a capital reduction in Bmg Leasing S.A. – Arrendamento Mercantil in the amount of R$ 388,000 was completed.

On August 29, 2025, Banco Bmg S.A., through its subsidiary Bmg Participações em Seguradoras Ltda. (“Bmg Participações em Seguradoras”), completed the acquisition of the entire equity interest held by Phoenix One Participações S.A., representing 40% of the share capital of Bmg Seguradora S.A. (“Bmg Seguradora”) (the “Transaction”). The total consideration for the Transaction amounted to R$ 65.0 million, resulting in goodwill of R$ 17 million, recognized directly in Equity. Upon completion of the Transaction, the Bank, through Bmg Participações em Seguradoras, increased its ownership interest in Bmg Seguradora to 100%, which is expected to create greater value for the Bank’s shareholders and other stakeholders.

The Bank assesses the recoverable amount of goodwill annually, or whenever there is an indication of impairment, in order to obtain Management’s best estimate of the related future cash flows. Based on the impairment test performed using information as of June 30, 2026, no impairment loss on goodwill was identified for the period ended September 30, 2026.

The recoverable amount of goodwill is determined using cash flow projections based on long-term assumptions, taking into account market conditions and factors such as discount rates ranging from 10% to 15% and terminal growth rates ranging from 3% to 5%. The cash flow projections are based on a 10-year budget approved by Management.

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8. Property and Equipment

	Consolidated							
	Terrain	Facilities	Furniture and equipment	Communication system	Data processing system	Transport system	Lease (i)	Total
Annual Depreciation Rate %	**-**	**10**	**10**	**10**	**20**	**20**	**-**	**-**
Cost	3,662	126,674	29,718	4,521	76,900	39,192	185,217	**465,884**
(Accumulate Depreciation)	-	(89,642)	(20,567)	(3,639)	(54,737)	(3,369)	(124,339)	**(296,293)**
Net book Value in 09/30/2026	**3,662**	**37,032**	**9,151**	**882**	**22,163**	**35,823**	**60,878**	**169,591**
Changes								
Net book Value in 12/31/2024	**3,662**	**28,388**	**7,868**	**867**	**20,808**	**3,475**	**60,427**	**125,495**
Purchases	-	16,447	5,441	86	879	1,420	9,164	**33,437**
(Amount written off)	-	(1,215)	(2,927)	(4)	(362)	(408)	-	**(4,916)**
(Depreciation expense)	-	(6,134)	(1,101)	(350)	(7,073)	(1,192)	(21,067)	**(36,917)**
Net book Value in 12/31/2025	**3,662**	**37,486**	**9,281**	**599**	**14,252**	**3,295**	**48,524**	**117,099**
Purchases	-	6,344	1,961	584	13,717	37,041	21,605	**81,252**
(Amount written off)	-	(647)	(83)	(9)	(158)	(3,504)	-	**(4,401)**
(Depreciation expense)	-	(6,151)	(2,008)	(292)	(5,648)	(1,009)	(9,251)	**(24,359)**
Net book Value in 09/30/2026	**3,662**	**37,032**	**9,151**	**882**	**22,163**	**35,823**	**60,878**	**169,591**

	Bank							
	Terrain	Facilities	Furniture and equipment	Communication systems	Data processing system	Transport system	Lease (i)	Total
Annual Depreciation Rate %	**-**	**10**	**10**	**10**	**20**	**20**	**-**	**-**
Cost	3,662	115,314	24,137	3,950	69,365	39,102	185,217	**440,747**
(Accumulate Depreciation)	-	(86,487)	(19,993)	(1,977)	(49,439)	(3,279)	(124,339)	**(285,514)**
Net book Value in 09/30/2026	**3,662**	**28,827**	**4,144**	**1,973**	**19,926**	**35,823**	**60,878**	**155,233**
Changes								
Net book Value in 12/31/2024	**3,662**	**26,308**	**3,918**	**2,201**	**17,816**	**3,473**	**60,427**	**117,805**
Purchases	-	11,091	1,767	67	373	1,420	9,164	**23,882**
(Amount written off)	-	(304)	(130)	(1)	(7)	(408)	-	**(850)**
(Depreciation expense)	-	(5,639)	(918)	(335)	(3,201)	(1,190)	(21,067)	**(32,350)**
Net book Value in 12/31/2025	**3,662**	**31,456**	**4,637**	**1,932**	**14,981**	**3,295**	**48,524**	**108,487**
Purchases	-	1,880	205	304	12,747	37,040	21,605	**73,781**
(Amount written off)	-	(101)	(38)	(7)	(119)	(3,504)	-	**(3,769)**
(Depreciation expense)	-	(4,408)	(660)	(256)	(7,683)	(1,008)	(9,251)	**(23,266)**
Net book Value in 09/30/2026	**3,662**	**28,827**	**4,144**	**1,973**	**19,926**	**35,823**	**60,878**	**155,233**

(i) Refers to the adoption of CMN Resolution No. 4,975/21 – Leasing

9. Intangible assets

(a) Breakdown of intangible assets

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Intangible assets (i)	1,503,447	1,293,137	1,501,998	1,291,672
(Amortization of goodwill)	(701,307)	(585,576)	(701,307)	(585,576)
Total	**802,140**	**707,561**	**800,691**	**706,096**

(i) Refer to licenses for the use and other intangibles, amortized over the estimated economic useful life

(b) Changes in intangible assets

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Opening balance	**707,561**	**555,168**	**706,096**	**555,168**
Other Intangible assets	210,366	286,436	210,382	284,584
(Amortization of other intangible assets)	(115,787)	(134,043)	(115,787)	(133,656)
Total	**802,140**	**707,561**	**800,691**	**706,096**

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10. Financial liabilities

10.1 Interbank deposits and time deposits

(a) Interbank deposits and time deposits

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Demand deposits	331,734	346,867	347,393	369,390
Interbank deposits				
Floating Rate	228,492	93,231	1,052,052	1,105,892
Time deposits				
Fixed rate	9,550,155	9,060,375	9,550,155	9,060,375
Floating rate (i)	12,143,568	12,890,318	12,465,912	13,239,194
Total	**22,253,949**	**22,390,791**	**23,415,512**	**23,774,851**
Current	**9,337,082**	**9,383,307**	**10,366,948**	**10,545,469**
Non-current	**12,916,867**	**13,007,484**	**13,048,564**	**13,229,382**

(i) Of the amount of R$12,143,318 (12/31/2025 - R$12,890,318) and R$12,465,912 (12/31/2025 - R$13,239,194) in post-fixed time deposits in Consolidated and the Bank, respectively, R$716,751 (12/31/2025 - R$940,740) relates to funding through the issuance of DPGE in compliance with the conditions established by CMN Resolution No. 4,785 of March 23, 2020.

(b) Maturity of time and interbank deposits

The information on the maturities of time and interbank deposits is as follows:

	Consolidated					
	Interbank deposits		Time deposits(i)		Total	
	2026	2025	2026	2025	2026	2025
Up to 30 days	147,344	50,143	839,960	949,359	987,304	999,502
From 31 to 60 days	-	-	455,342	376,820	455,342	376,820
From 61 to 90 days	-	-	589,536	1,354,649	589,536	1,354,649
From 91 to 180 days	44,524	7,425	2,390,721	2,416,711	2,435,245	2,424,136
From 181 to 360 days	36,624	2,820	4,501,297	3,878,513	4,537,921	3,881,333
Over 360 days	-	32,843	12,916,867	12,974,641	12,916,867	13,007,484
Total	**228,492**	**93,231**	**21,693,723**	**21,950,693**	**21,922,215**	**22,043,924**
Current	**228,492**	**60,388**	**8,776,856**	**8,976,052**	**9,005,348**	**9,036,440**
Non-current	**-**	**32,843**	**12,916,867**	**12,974,641**	**12,916,867**	**13,007,484**

(i) Of the amount of R$12,916,867 (12/31/2025 - R$12,974,641) of term deposits presented at maturity “Over 360 days” R$10,872,850 (12/31/2025 - R$10,177,106) matures between 1 and 3 years, R$1,944,007 (12/31/2025 - R$2,608,941) between 3 and 5 years and R$100,010 (12/31/2025 - R$188,594) over 5 years.

	Bank					
	Interbank deposits		Time deposits (i)		Total	
	2026	2025	2026	2025	2026	2025
Up to 30 days	147,344	50,143	951,007	1,061,974	1,098,351	1,112,117
From 31 to 60 days	-	-	458,126	376,820	458,126	376,820
From 61 to 90 days	823,560	-	590,838	1,354,649	1,414,398	1,354,649
From 91 to 180 days	44,524	7,425	2,402,709	2,418,568	2,447,233	2,425,993
From 181 to 360 days	36,624	1,015,480	4,564,823	3,891,020	4,601,447	4,906,500
Over 360 days	-	32,844	13,048,564	13,196,538	13,048,564	13,229,382
Total	**1,052,052**	**1,105,892**	**22,016,067**	**22,299,569**	**23,068,119**	**23,405,461**
Current	**1,052,052**	**1,073,048**	**8,967,503**	**9,103,031**	**10,019,555**	**10,176,079**
Non-current	**-**	**32,844**	**13,048,564**	**13,196,538**	**13,048,564**	**13,229,382**

(c) Funds obtained in the open market - own portfolio

Funding in the open market is composed R$2,009,998 (12/31/2025 - R$5,489,999) in public securities and R$96,647 (12/31/2025 - R$192,642) in private securities in the Consolidated and in the Bank.

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10.2 Funds from acceptance and issue of securities

(a) Liabilities from issue of financial and credit bills

	Consolidated and Bank	
	2026	2025
Financial bills (i)	3,653,448	3,467,900
Agribusiness credit bills	57,283	31,582
Real Estate credit Bills	3,243	5,514
Total	**3,713,974**	**3,504,996**
Current	**1,763,098**	**1,068,729**
Non-current	**1,950,876**	**2,436,267**

(i) Includes the 6th and 7th issuances of Public Financial Bills, in the amount of R$ 300,000 each, as disclosed in the Market Announcements issued on June 11, 2025 and December 2, 2025, respectively. The Financial Bills were broadly placed with institutional investors with the purpose of enhancing the Bank's liquidity and establishing a benchmark yield curve in the institutional market.

(b) Maturity

The information on the maturity of the funds from acceptance and issue of securities is as follows:

	Consolidated and Bank	
	2026	2025
Up to 30 days	54,295	-
From 31 to 60 days	400,298	6,516
From 61 to 90 days	86,793	726
From 91 to 180 days	53,351	393,173
From 181 to 360 days	1,168,361	668,314
Over 360 days	1,950,876	2,436,267
Total	**3,713,974**	**3,504,996**

10.3 Borrowings and onlendings

	Consolidated and Bank	
	2026	2025
Local onlendings – Official Institutions	386,421	236,058
Loans abroad (i)	2,132,276	1,635,072
Local loans – Other Institutions (ii)	-	572,369
Total	**2,518,697**	**2,443,499**
Current	**2,399,588**	**2,365,352**
Non-current	**119,109**	**78,147**

(i) Balance maturing between 91 and 360 days (as of December 31, 2025, R$ 62,308 matured within 90 days, and the remaining balance matured between 91 and 360 days).

(ii) Amounts related to the loan obtained from the Credit Guarantee Fund (FGC), which was settled early in June 2026.

(a) Local onlendings – Official institutions

These onlendings refer to funds received from the Ministry of Agriculture - Coffee Economy Defense Fund (FUNCAFÉ). They fall due as follows:

	Consolidated and Bank	
	2026	2025
Up to 30 days	183,932	13,049
From 31 to 60 days	31,168	-
From 181 to 360 days	52,211	144,862
Over 360 days	119,110	78,147
Total	**386,421**	**236,058**
Current	**267,311**	**157,911**
Non-current	**119,110**	**78,147**

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11. Provisions, tax liabilities and other liabilities

(a) Provisions and tax liabilities

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Provision for payments to be made	207,044	235,056	199,089	226,170
Provision for commission payable on assignment without co-obligation	401,795	430,900	401,795	430,900
Provision for financial guarantees provided	5,496	6,824	5,496	6,824
Provision for lawsuits (i)	1,254,071	1,144,755	1,195,736	1,095,397
Provisions	**1,868,406**	**1,817,535**	**1,802,116**	**1,759,291**
Current	32,704	175,967	-	62,792
Deferred (Note 19 (b))	28,987	63,601	10,278	58,227
Tax liabilities	**61,691**	**239,568**	**10,278**	**121,019**
Total	**1,930,097**	**2,057,103**	**1,812,394**	**1,880,310**
Current	**641,543**	**841,923**	**600,884**	**719,862**
Non-current	**1,288,554**	**1,215,180**	**1,211,510**	**1,160,448**

(i) Refers to claims of a civil, labor and tax nature. See Note 12.

(b) Other liabilities

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Social and statutory	195,258	246,863	152,148	195,463
Other taxes and contributions payable	173,292	134,115	58,014	52,953
Card obligations payable	3,264	296,012	3,264	296,012
Sundry creditors	509,966	656,542	479,086	610,907
Payables – Related Parties	129	2,754	9,935	436
Obligations on operations linked to assignments(i)	5,168,055	5,950,920	5,168,055	5,950,920
Financial bills subordinated (Note 11(c))	1,196,694	1,142,386	1,196,694	1,142,386
Total	**7,246,658**	**8,429,592**	**7,067,196**	**8,249,077**
Current	**4,969,813**	**846,301**	**4,790,351**	**665,786**
Non-current	**2,276,845**	**7,583,291**	**2,276,845**	**7,583,291**

(i) Refers to obligations assumed for credit assignment operations with substantial retention of risks and rewards. See Note 5.4(c).

	Consolidated and Bank	
Obligations on operations linked to assignments	2026	2025
Up to 30 days	168,160	108,394
From 31 to 60 days	133,749	67,082
From 61 to 90 days	133,751	67,083
From 91 to 180 days	401,250	267,906
From 181 to 360 days	927,507	702,490
Over 360 days	3,403,638	4,737,965
Total	**5,168,055**	**5,950,920**
Current	**1,764,417**	**1,212,955**
Non-current	**3,403,638**	**4,737,965**

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(c) Subordinated financial bills

			Consolidated and Bank	
	Issue	Maturity	Interest Rate (p,y,)	R$
Local (i):				
Financial bills subordinated	3rd quarter/19	3rd quarter/29	124% of SELIC	1,035
Financial bills subordinated	4th quarter/22	4th quarter/29	CDI + 3.9 to 4.7%	294,568
Financial bills subordinated	2nd quarter/23	2nd quarter/30	Pré + 14,2 to 14.5	13,222
Financial bills subordinated	2nd quarter/23	3rd quarter/30	Pré + 13.7 to 14.2%	36,813
Financial bills subordinated	2nd quarter/22	2nd quarter/34	Pré + 17.82%	254,016
Financial bills subordinated	2nd quarter/22	2nd quarter/32	Pré + 17.82%	253,892
Financial bills subordinated	3rd quarter/23	3rd quarter/33	CDI + 4.12%	207,164
Financial bills subordinated	2nd quarter/23	2nd quarter/30	128% of CDI	4,990
Financial bills subordinated	2nd quarter/23	3rd quarter/30	128% of CDI	14,451
Financial bills subordinated	2nd quarter/19	Perpetual	IPCA + 6.51% to 6.58%	7,591
Financial bills subordinated	3rd quarter/19	Perpetual	126% of SELIC	1,224
Financial bills subordinated	2nd quarter/19	Perpetual	130% of Selic	105,302
Financial bills subordinated	2nd quarter/19	Perpetual	126% of SELIC	2,426
Total - 2026				**1,196,694**
Total - 2025				**1,142,386**

(i) Funding made through the issuance of Financial Bills with subordination clauses, maturing and perpetual, subject to the conditions determined by CMN Resolution 4,955/21, fully approved by BACEN to comprise Additional Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 of the Bank's Regulatory Capital. Fixed rate subordinated financial bills have their exposure to variations in market risk protected by hedges (see note 5.3 (c) (ii)).

The subordinated financial bills mature as follows:

	Consolidated and Bank	
Financial bills subordinated	2026	2025
From 61 to 90 days	-	10,424
From 91 to 180 days	-	24,212
Over 360 days	1,080,151	995,716
Perpetual	116,543	112,034
Total	**1,196,694**	**1,142,386**

12. Contingent assets and liabilities and legal obligations - Tax and social security

The Bank and its subsidiaries are parties to litigation involving labor, civil and tax issues. The criteria described in Note 2.2(r) are utilized to assess the need to record a provision. Management of the Bank believes that the provision recorded is enough to cover the expected losses from the respective processes.

(i) Provision for tax risks – The contingencies are equivalent to the amount of the principal of taxes related to administrative or judicial proceedings, which are subject to self-assessment or official assessment, plus interest and, when applicable, fines and charges. A provision is recorded, regardless of the likelihood of loss, when related to a legal obligation, that is, for a favorable outcome in the matter the law in effect must be declared unconstitutional. For other cases, a provision is recorded whenever the likelihood of loss is probable.

Contingent tax lawsuits assessed as a possible risk of loss are not recognized in the accounting, whose total estimated risk is R$1,496,626 (12/31/2025 - R$1,530,444) Consolidated and R$1,345,882 (12/31/2025 - R$1,380,627) Bank, and these actions refer mainly to judicial proceedings for federal taxes.

The main questions in the Consolidated are:

a) IRPJ/IRRF/CSLL 2012, 2014 to 2019 – R$414,879 (12/31/2025 - R$435,519): questions the collection of income taxes and social contributions on expenses alleged to be non-deductible;

b) IRPJ and CSLL 2011 – R$105,479 (12/31/2025 - R$105,479): questions the exclusion of expenses from the calculation bases of income tax and social contribution

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c) IR and CS 2016 – R$83,353 (12/31/2025 - R$91,847): Tax Deduction of Losses in Credit Operations - Law No. 9,430/96;

d) PIS and COFINS – R$371,189 (12/31/2025 - R$345,774): Losses from Doubtful Credits: the deduction of credit losses under Law No. 9,718/98 is under discussion; and

(ii) Labor Provisions - The calculation is conducted periodically, based on the determination of the amount of the request, the procedural phase and the likelihood of loss, which, in turn, is estimated according to the factual and legal characteristics related to the action. The amounts considered as probable losses are subject to an accounting provision.

Contingent labor lawsuits assessed as a possible risk of loss are not recognized in the accounts. There are no lawsuits classified as risk of possible loss on September 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025. Such processes are classified as probable or remote losses by the Consolidated and the Bank

(iii) Civil Provisions - The provision of individualized civil cases is carried out periodically, based on the determination of the value of the risk and the probability of loss. The provision for class action civil cases is carried out periodically, based on a parameter of the average loss verified temporally and applied to the active cases base. The amounts considered as probable losses are subject to an accounting provision.

Contingent civil lawsuits assessed as a possible loss risk are not recognized in the accounting records, whose estimated total risk of R$717,262 (12/31/2025 - R$637,484) Consolidated and R$710,475 (12/31/2025 - R$552,839) Bank, mainly related to indemnity or collection lawsuits.

Below, we show the segregation by type and movement of provisions and respective deposits in guarantee of Tax and Social Security, labor and civil legal claims:

(iv) Analysis of judicial deposits and provisions by nature

	Consolidated			
	2026		2025	
	Judicial deposits	Provisions	Judicial deposits	Provisions
Tax and social security contingencies	634,749	363,448	527,330	344,283
Labor contingencies	5,505	64,024	5,840	51,867
Civil claims	86,755	826,599	87,434	748,605
Total	**727,009**	**1,254,071**	**620,604**	**1,144,755**

	Bank			
	2026		2025	
	Judicial deposits	Provisions	Judicial deposits	Provisions
Tax and social security contingencies	632,400	318,211	525,373	305,485
Labor contingencies	5,240	51,542	5,520	41,604
Civil claims	84,140	825,983	85,089	748,308
Total	**721,780**	**1,195,736**	**615,982**	**1,095,397**

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(v) Changes

	Consolidated			
	Judicial deposits	Tax Provisions	Labor Provisions	Civil Provisions
On December 31, 2025	**620,604**	**344,283**	**51,867**	**748,605**
Additions	282,860	94,106	29,190	432,797
(Amounts written off)	(176,455)	(74,941)	(17,033)	(354,803)
On September 30, 2026	**727,009**	**363,448**	**64,024**	**826,599**

	Bank			
	Judicial deposits	Tax Provisions	Labor Provisions	Civil Provisions
On December 31, 2025	**615,982**	**305,485**	**41,604**	**748,308**
Additions	281,674	87,136	23,524	432,133
(Amounts written off)	(175,876)	(74,410)	(13,586)	(354,458)
On September 30, 2026	**721,780**	**318,211**	**51,542**	**825,983**

13. Equity (Bank)

(a) Share Capital

As of September 30, 2026, subscribed and paid-in capital amounted to R$ 4,006,104 (R$ 3,792,104 as of December 31, 2025), represented by 648,283,696 shares, of which 414,425,631 are common shares and 233,858,065 are preferred shares, all registered, book-entry shares with no par value.

At a meeting held on September 11, 2025, the Board of Directors approved the ratification of the full amount of the capital increase previously approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on July 15, 2025, following the completion of the private subscription of 15,855,883 new registered shares with no par value, consisting of 10,140,581 new common shares and 5,715,302 new non-voting preferred shares, at an issuance price of R$ 3.124 per share, resulting in a total capital increase of R$ 49,534. The capital increase was approved by the Central Bank of Brazil (BACEN) on October 31, 2025.

At a meeting held on March 19, 2026, the Board of Directors approved the ratification of the full amount of the capital increase previously approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on January 21, 2026, following the completion of the private subscription of 49,195,402 new registered shares with no par value, consisting of 31,588,852 common shares and 17,606,550 non-voting preferred shares, at an issuance price of R$ 4.35 per share, resulting in a total capital increase of R$ 214,000. The capital increase was approved by the Central Bank of Brazil on April 27, 2026.

At a meeting held on June 26, 2025, the Bank's Board of Directors approved a new share repurchase program, effective as of June 27, 2025, authorizing the acquisition of up to 12,961,497 preferred shares issued by the Bank, without a reduction in share capital, corresponding to up to 10.00% of the outstanding shares, net of the shares currently held in treasury. The shares acquired under the program may be held in treasury, cancelled, resold in the market or used for the payment of compensation to executives and other beneficiaries under the Bank's long-term incentive plans, pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article 30 of Law No. 6,404/76 ("Brazilian Corporations Law") and CVM Resolution No. 77/22.

Acquisitions under the new program will be carried out on the stock exchange, at market prices, between June 27, 2025 and December 21, 2026.

	Own shares				
	Own shares 12/31/2025	Acquisition of Own Shares	Long-term incentive payment	Other	Own shares 09/30/2026
Quantity	2,601,348	8,853,000	(3,312,477)	-	8,141,871

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	Number of shares in circulation (i)		
	Common	Preferred	Total
On 12/31/2025	**26,848,253**	**131,931,051**	**158,779,304**
Change of treasury shares	-	(5,540,523)	(5,540,523)
Change in treasury shares held by controllers and administrators	(31,588,852)	576,644	(31,012,208)
Issuance of new shares	31,588,852	17,606,550	49,195,402
On 09/30/2026	**26,848,253**	**144,573,722**	**171,421,975**

(i) Defined as outstanding shares, pursuant to art. 67 of CVM Resolution 80/22, all shares of the issuer, with the exception of those held by the controller, persons related to it, the issuer's managers and those held in treasury.

(b) Reserves

Revenue reserves:

- **Legal:** It is established at the end of each six-month period at the rate of 5% of net income for the period, limited to 20% of share capital.
- **Statutory:** The undistributed annual profit after all appropriations is transferred to this reserve and the accumulated balance is available to stockholders for future appropriations to be decided at General Meetings.

(c) Other comprehensive income

In the nine-month period of 2026, adjustments to other comprehensive income were recognized in the positive amount of R$81,059 (negative amount of R$18,351 on September 30, 2025), comprising a positive fair value adjustment on financial instruments of R$33,881 (positive effect of R$43,787 on September 30, 2025) and positive cash flow hedge adjustments of R$47,178 (negative effect of R$44,290 on September 30, 2025). As of September 30, 2026, the balance was negative R$6,429 (negative R$87,488 as of December 31, 2025) and mainly relates to the fair value measurement of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI) and Cash Flow Hedges.

(d) Dividends and Interest on Equity

Shareholders are entitled to receive a mandatory dividend for each fiscal year in an amount not less than 25% of adjusted net income, as provided for under the Brazilian Corporations Law.

Interest on Equity (“IoE”) was established by Law No. 9,249/95, which, pursuant to Article 9 and subsequent amendments, allows companies to deduct, for purposes of taxable income and the Social Contribution on Net Income (“CSLL”) tax base, the duly recognized financial expense resulting from the application of the Long-Term Interest Rate (“TJLP”) to equity as remuneration to shareholders.

The table below presents the Interest on Equity distributions made in the period ended September 30, 2026 and in the year ended December 31, 2025.

	09/30/2026				
	Period	Approved by Board on	Payment made on	Value per share	Total amount R$ Million
Interest on Equity	1Q26	04/28/2026	05/12/2026	0.10	64.8
Interest on Equity	2Q26	07/30/2026	09/04/2026	0.10	64.3
Interest on Equity (*)	3Q26	11/05/2026	12/04/2026	0.10	64.0
Total					**193.1**

(*) Subsequent event, according note 22(f)

	12/31/2025				
	Period	Approved by Board on	Payment made on	Value per share	Total amount R$ Million
Interest on Equity	1Q25	03/27/2025	04/15/2025	0.10	58.3
Interest on Equity	2Q25	07/15/2025	08/21/2025	0.10	58.3
Interest on Equity	3Q25	11/04/2025	11/11/2025	0.10	59.7
Interest on Equity	4Q25	11/27/2025	12/23/2025	0.10	57.7
Interest on Equity	Additional	12/11/2025	01/14/2026	0.147	87.7
Total					**321.7**

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(e) Net income per share

The basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the Bank's shareholders by the weighted average number of common and preferred shares issued during the year.

Diluted earnings per share are calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of outstanding common and preferred shares to presume the conversion of all diluted potential common and preferred shares.

However, there are no potential common and preferred shares in the Bank for dilution purposes and, therefore, the basic and diluted earnings per share are equal. According to CPC41, we use the retrospective adjustment to calculate basic earnings per share for September 30, 2026 and September 30, 2025.

	09/30/2026	09/30/2025
Profit attributable to the company's shareholders	445,914	388,389
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	625,985,468	583,232,411
Basic and diluted earnings per share (in Brazilian Reais)	**0.7123**	**0.6660**

14. Financial intermediation and insurance operations income and expenses

Analysis of the financial intermediation income and expenses:

(a) Credit operations

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Direct consumer credit	5,885,128	5,679,754	5,660,964	5,140,129
Commercial portfolio	188,580	217,952	154,452	193,291
Income from Credit Transfer (Note 5.4 (c))	407,754	215,923	407,754	215,923
Agent commissions	(685,743)	(717,324)	(803,572)	(789,371)
Exchange variation	(68,456)	(382,154)	(7,203)	53,287
Total	**5,727,263**	**5,014,151**	**5,412,395**	**4,813,259**

(b) Marketable securities transactions

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Interbank investments	107,914	301,859	107,914	301,859
Marketable securities	1,431,202	1,521,411	1,152,123	1,319,803
Overseas applications	(3,424)	96,846	33,639	125,984
Total	**1,535,692**	**1,920,116**	**1,293,676**	**1,747,646**

(c) Financial intermediation expenses

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Derivative financial instruments (i)	106,829	363,920	106,829	327,124
Loans, assignments and onlendings	(193,525)	(123,052)	(200,717)	(123,052)
Exchange variation	31,305	(66,108)	1,425	(357,663)
Expenses with time deposits	(2,214,465)	(2,369,875)	(2,249,649)	(2,407,897)
Expenses with Interbank Deposits	(19,084)	(22,075)	(125,542)	(153,729)
Other funding expenses	(957,384)	(1,097,759)	(951,817)	(1,097,300)
Assigned credit operations	(610,069)	(564,051)	(610,069)	(564,051)
Total	**(3,856,393)**	**(3,879,000)**	**(4,029,540)**	**(4,376,568)**

(i) Includes derivative financial instruments used to hedge the foreign exchange variation presented in note 14(a).

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(d) Insurance Operations

(i) Insurance Assets:

	Consolidated	
	2026	2025
Premiums receivable	-	25,434
Operations with insurance companies	19,412	19,662
Deferred acquisition costs	24,313	41,053
Total	**43,725**	**86,149**
Current	**40,052**	**78,909**
Non-current	**3,673**	**7,240**

(ii) Insurance Liabilities:

	Consolidated	
	2026	2025
Insurance Operations Debits	845	8,556
Technical Provisions	100,564	150,722
Total	**101,409**	**159,278**
Current	**845**	**8,556**
Non-current	**100,564**	**150,722**

(iii) Insurance Results:

	Consolidated	
	2026	2025
Earned Premiums	259,530	294,573
Other Income and Expenses	(23,614)	(33,182)
Claims	(36,251)	(58,618)
Acquisition Costs	(110,869)	(109,350)
Total	**88,796**	**93,423**

15. Income from services rendered

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Wholesale Banking Services	97,673	106,368	78,173	93,777
Retail Banking Services	55,424	92,154	12,943	14,078
Total	**153,097**	**198,522**	**91,116**	**107,855**

16. Personnel expenses and other administrative expenses

(a) Personnel expenses

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Payroll	(214,413)	(186,313)	(170,515)	(151,998)
Social charges	(89,989)	(83,108)	(82,359)	(77,474)
Training	(1,757)	(2,928)	(1,293)	(2,395)
Benefits	(66,806)	(62,118)	(59,804)	(56,401)
Total	**(372,965)**	**(334,467)**	**(313,971)**	**(288,268)**

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(b) Other administrative expenses

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Water, power and gas	(2,575)	(2,426)	(1,882)	(1,992)
Marketing	(33,899)	(34,452)	(27,786)	(31,483)
Rentals	(12,282)	(4,204)	(5,100)	-
Promotions and public relations	(12,287)	(15,314)	(11,477)	(13,937)
Communication expenses	(16,972)	(21,958)	(16,120)	(21,498)
Maintenance and repairs of property	(4,134)	(4,705)	(2,348)	(2,132)
Data processing	(225,959)	(196,625)	(215,325)	(192,392)
Insurance	(9,262)	(8,583)	(8,699)	(7,974)
Third-party services	(88,932)	(96,960)	(86,781)	(95,479)
Surveillance services	(6,291)	(5,371)	(6,235)	(5,313)
Specialist technical services	(210,513)	(240,068)	(205,655)	(232,791)
Sundry materials	(2,144)	(2,676)	(2,033)	(2,017)
Financial system services	(27,143)	(23,545)	(26,833)	(23,215)
Transport	(2,674)	(2,363)	(2,488)	(2,200)
Travel	(22,761)	(19,102)	(21,027)	(17,691)
Amortization and depreciation	(146,320)	(133,111)	(144,922)	(131,595)
Others	(79,094)	(82,020)	(62,092)	(68,026)
Total	**(903,242)**	**(893,483)**	**(846,803)**	**(849,735)**

17. Tax expenses

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
PIS and COFINS	(188,923)	(144,449)	(168,436)	(128,480)
ISS	(11,072)	(9,345)	(4,398)	(5,342)
Others	27,864	(31,842)	45,855	(9,036)
Total	**(172,131)**	**(185,636)**	**(126,979)**	**(142,858)**

18. Other operating income and expenses

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Other operating income				
Recovery of charges and expenses	13,013	4,990	12,176	2,808
Monetary variations	62,175	38,635	60,440	30,712
Reversal of operating provisions (i)	364,129	318,928	360,019	312,358
Adjustment of taxes to be offset	10,089	3,661	3,139	2,050
Other	35,906	53,026	32,373	34,665
Total other operating income	**485,312**	**419,240**	**468,147**	**382,593**
Other operating expenses				
Monetary update	(2,664)	(7,336)	(2,054)	(6,855)
Collection charges	(186)	(233)	(186)	(233)
Transaction expenses with onlending of funds	(113,686)	(103,746)	(113,686)	(103,746)
Operating provisions (i)	(855,800)	(750,134)	(846,227)	(737,059)
Charges	(40,612)	(31,943)	(40,612)	(31,943)
Others	(44,185)	(58,589)	(38,195)	(41,587)
Total other operating expenses	**(1,057,133)**	**(951,981)**	**(1,040,960)**	**(921,423)**
Total other operating income (expenses)	**(571,821)**	**(532,741)**	**(572,813)**	**(538,830)**

(i) Basically, reversal and constitution of civil, labor and tax provisions.

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19. Income tax and social contribution on net income

(a) Deferred tax assets – income tax and social contribution credits

	Consolidated				
	Social contribution MP 2158-35	Temporary differences	Tax loss carryforwards / negative tax base	Adjustment to market value in equity	Total
On 12/31/2024	**547**	**3,481,166**	**611,922**	**64,548**	**4,158,183**
Initial Adoption of CMN Resolution No. 4,966/21	-	570,829	-	-	570,829
On 01/01/2025	**547**	**4,051,995**	**611,922**	**64,548**	**4,729,012**
Increase	-	1,353,781	85,760	880,020	2,319,561
(Realization / Reversal)	-	(821,395)	(171,548)	(913,627)	(1,906,570)
Closing balance 12/31/2025	**547**	**4,584,381**	**526,134**	**30,941**	**5,142,003**
Increase	-	3,529,122	243,810	153,004	3,925,936
(Realization / Reversal)	-	(3,375,221)	(187,588)	(284,572)	(3,847,381)
Closing balance 09/30/2026	**547**	**4,738,282**	**582,356**	**(100,627)**	**5,220,558**

	Bank				
	Social contribution MP 2158-35	Temporary differences	Tax loss carryforwards / negative tax base	Adjustment to market value in equity	Total
On 12/31/2024	**547**	**3,367,884**	**287,076**	**124,332**	**3,779,839**
Initial Adoption of CMN Resolution No. 4,966/21	-	567,970	-	-	567,970
On 01/01/2025	**547**	**3,935,854**	**287,076**	**124,332**	**4,347,809**
Increase	-	1,298,202	45,049	846,389	2,189,640
(Realization / Reversal)	-	(781,668)	(100,132)	(881,406)	(1,763,206)
Closing balance 12/31/2025	**547**	**4,452,388**	**231,993**	**89,315**	**4,774,243**
Increase	-	3,486,642	211,527	153,003	3,851,172
(Realization / Reversal)	-	(3,300,714)	(161,901)	(286,192)	(3,748,807)
Closing balance 09/30/2026	**547**	**4,638,316**	**281,619**	**(43,874)**	**4,876,608**

The Consolidated adopts the practice of constituting deferred tax credits and obligations on all temporary differences, tax losses and negative bases.

Tax credits related to temporary additions refer mainly to Provisions for tax and social security disputes discussed at the judicial or administrative level, labor and civil provisions, the realization of which depends on the closing of the respective processes, and provision for doubtful accounts whose realization depends on the deductibility criteria under Law No. 14,467/2022.

Technical studies carried out in June 2026, demonstrate the institution's capacity to generate sufficient taxable profits to offset existing tax credits.

(b) Deferred tax liabilities – income tax and social contribution

Deferred income tax and social contribution on temporary exclusions in the amount of R$28,987 (12/31/2025 - R$63,601) in the Consolidated and R$10,278 (12/31/2025 - R$58,227) in the Bank mainly refer to Securities Marking-to-Market.

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(c) Reconciliation of income tax and social contribution in the income statement

	Consolidated		Bank	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Profit before income tax, social contribution and after profit sharing	**332,338**	**378,500**	**203,624**	**183,727**
Payable on operations for the period				
Charges (income tax and social contribution) at the rates in effect	(149,552)	(170,325)	(91,631)	(82,677)
Additions / Deductions to Income Tax and Social Contribution charges arising from:				
Equity results from associates and subsidiaries	8,528	16,593	191,151	145,882
Interest on equity	58,103	54,863	58,103	54,863
Other non-deductible expenses net of non taxable income	15,090	(153,344)	(150,887)	(186,327)
Income tax and social contribution expenses	**(67,831)**	**(252,213)**	**6,736**	**(68,259)**
Related to temporary differences				
Increase / (reversal) for the period	210,123	274,401	235,554	289,287
(Expenses) / Income related to deferred taxes	**210,123**	**274,401**	**235,554**	**289,287**
Income tax and Social Contribution	**142,292**	**22,188**	**242,290**	**221,028**

20. Related party transactions (Bank)

Transactions carried out between related parties are disclosed in compliance with CMN Resolution No. 4,818/20, dated 05/29/2020, and with Technical Pronouncement CPC 05. These operations are carried out at the usual values, terms and rates of the bank's other operations.

(a) Related-party transactions

Intercompany transactions are eliminated from the interim Financial Statements on consolidation. The main balances can be summarized as follows:

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	Assets / (Liabilities)		Income / (Expenses)	
Related Parties Transactions	**2026**	**2025**	**2026**	**2025**
Interfinancial liquidity investment				
BMG Bank (Cayman) Ltd.	814,941	610,396	40,298	112,893
Credit operations				
Key management personnel	4,246	5,620	-	-
Other related parties - Legal Person	288,047	193,815	34,192	17,789
Marketable securities				
Companhia Securitizadora de Creditos Financeiros Cartoes Consignados II	2,561,377	2,958,710	285,417	-
Companhia Securitizadora	352,388	-	43,082	-
Vert Companhia Securitizadora	2,249,287	-	263,619	-
Income receivable				
Banco Bmg Soluções Financeiras S.A.	63,195	108,415	-	-
Banco BMG Consignado S.A.	24,597	117,066	-	-
BMG Leasing S.A. – Arrendamento mercantil	11,404	89,530	-	-
Bmg S.A. Distribuidora De Títulos E Valores Mobiliários	93	2,071	-	-
Bmg Corretora de Seguros Ltda.	1,780	1,780	-	-
Araujo Fontes Participações Ltda.	17,062	46	-	-
Other Assets				
Banco BMG Consignado S.A.	145	96	-	-
Bmg Corretora de Seguros Ltda.	3,725	2,332	-	-
Bmg Seguradora S.A.	2,742	4,338	-	-
EGL - Empreendimentos Gerais Ltda.	8	19	-	-
Demand deposits				
BMG Leasing S.A. – Arrendamento mercantil	(298)	(10,494)	-	-
Bmg S.A. Distribuidora De Títulos E Valores Mobiliários	(2,191)	(2,035)	-	-
Help Franchising	(3,178)	(863)	-	-
CBFacil Corretora de Seguros e Negócios Ltda.	(2,204)	(1,855)	-	-
ME Promotora de Vendas Ltda.	(4,256)	(305)	-	-
BMG Soluções Eletrônicas S.A	-	(6)	-	-
Bmg Estrutura Corporativa Ltda.	(7)	(89)	-	-
Bmg Corretora de Seguros Ltda.	(705)	(722)	-	-
Rara Intermediação De Negócios Ltda.	(110)	(813)	-	-
R&C Franchising Intermediações Ltda.	(6)	(68)	-	-
Bmg Seguridade	(561)	(882)	-	-
Bmg Participações em Seguradora Ltda.	(35)	(320)	-	-
Bmg Seguradora S.A.	(572)	(2,789)	-	-
EGL - Empreendimentos Gerais Ltda.	-	(91)	-	-

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	Assets / (Liabilities)		Income / (Expenses)	
Related Parties Transactions	**2026**	**2025**	**2026**	**2025**
Interbank deposits				
Banco BMG Consignado S.A.	(483,384)	(600,398)	(60,194)	(83,363)
Banco Bmg Soluções Financeiras S.A.	(293,908)	(324,054)	(36,160)	(42,419)
BMG Leasing S.A. – Arrendamento mercantil	(36,719)	(77,179)	(8,912)	(58,772)
Bmg S.A. Distribuidora de Títulos e Valores Mobiliários	(9,549)	(11,029)	(1,193)	(1,502)
Time deposits				
Bmg Seguridade	(83,038)	(64,835)	(7,548)	(5,853)
Bmg Participações em Seguradora Ltda.	(11,427)	(16,262)	(1,231)	(4,354)
Help Franchising	(54,278)	(48,257)	(5,560)	(5,755)
ME Promotora de Vendas Ltda.	(19,218)	(21,806)	(2,286)	(2,768)
CBFacil Corretora de Seguros e Negócios Ltda.	(5,018)	(50,427)	(8,260)	(18,745)
BMG Soluções Eletrônicas S.A	(645)	(592)	(67)	(78)
Bmg Estrutura Corporativa Ltda.	(101,439)	(106,127)	(10,231)	(13,050)
Bmg Corretora de Seguros Ltda.	(20,003)	(10,357)	(5,374)	(7,665)
Rara Intermediação De Negócios Ltda.	(35,579)	(29,648)	(3,406)	(3,792)
R&C Franchising Intermediações Ltda.	(11,702)	(10,921)	(1,201)	(1,505)
Other liabilities				
BMG Leasing S.A. – Arrendamento mercantil	(2,606)	-	(1,955)	(3,818)
Banco Bmg Soluções Financeiras S.A.	(2,611)	(393)	(1,928)	(2,753)
Banco BMG Consignado S.A.	(4,490)	(43)	(3,309)	(2,539)
Bmg S.A. Distribuidora De Títulos E Valores Mobiliários	(99)	-	-	-
EGL - Empreendimentos Gerais Ltda.	(40)	(94)	-	-
O2Obots Inteligencia Artificial Sa	-	(110)	-	-

The funds invested in and obtained from related parties were contracted at market rates.

(b) Management remuneration

As mentioned in Note 2.2(s), in accordance with CMN Resolution No. 3,921/10, the Bank has established the management remuneration at each Annual General Meeting, agreed between the Board of Directors and the Executive Board, as determined by the Bank's bylaws.

(i) Short and long-term benefits for management

	2026	2025
Remuneration	94,414	63,123
INSS Contribution	21,243	14,198
Total	**115,657**	**77,321**

(ii) Share-based payment

In order to foster a long-term perspective and align the interests of employees, officers and shareholders of Bmg, while enabling the Company to attract and retain talent, maximize results generation and promote sustainable value creation, a Long-Term Incentive Plan with share-based payment was implemented in 2020, under the supervision, planning and control of the Board of Directors.

Under the Plan, a portion of the variable compensation of officers and other eligible employees is paid in cash and a portion in preferred shares issued by the Company (“BMGB4”), through Performance Share Units (“PSUs”), in compliance, where applicable, with the provisions of CMN Resolution No. 5,177, dated September 26, 2024. Shares are delivered on a deferred basis over a three-year period, with one-third vested annually, subject to compliance with the conditions established in the Plan's internal regulations. Deferred and unpaid installments may be proportionally reversed in the event of a significant reduction in recurring income or the recognition of losses during the period.

The number of shares granted under the Plan may not exceed 10% of the outstanding shares and is determined based on the weighted average closing price of the Company's shares over the 20 trading days immediately preceding the PSU measurement date.

In connection with the Long-Term Incentive Plan with share-based payment, the Bank recognized an expense of R$21,233 in the period ended September 30, 2026 (R$13,062 in the year ended December 31, 2025), net of tax effects, relating to the compensation of officers and other eligible employees.

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Changes in the number of shares	2026	2025
Opening balance	**9,771,977**	**8,739,675**
New	4,281,337	4,629,100
Delivered	(4,569,221)	(3,596,798)
Cancelled	(12,250)	-
Closing balance	**9,471,843**	**9,771,977**
Weighted average remaining contractual life (years)	**1.61**	**1.69**
Weighted average market value (R$)	**6.03**	**3.89**

(iii) Other information

Pursuant to CMN Resolution No. 4,693/18, as of January 2019, financial institutions may carry out credit operations with related parties in compliance with the conditions and limits defined by said resolution. Accordingly, Banco Bmg established a policy to conduct credit operations with related parties, duly approved by the Board of Directors and formalized in a specific document made available to the Central Bank of Brazil.

21. Fair value estimate

The Group uses the following hierarchy to determine and disclose the fair value of financial instruments:

- Level 1: quoted prices in active markets for the same instrument without change.
- Level 2: quoted prices in active markets for similar instruments or valuation techniques for which all significant inputs are based on observable market data.
- Level 3: valuation techniques for which any significant input is not based on observable market data.

The table below presents the assets and liabilities measured at fair value on September 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025.

	Consolidated			
	Book value	Fair value	Level 1	Level 2
	2026			
ASSETS				
Investments in interbank deposits	25,561	25,561	25,561	-
Marketable securities	12,575,534	12,575,534	4,588,560	7,986,974
Derivative financial instruments	57,155	57,155	-	57,155
Credit operations	22,335,590	22,826,409	-	22,826,409
LIABILITIES				
Deposits	22,253,949	22,919,717	-	22,919,717
Funds obtained in the open market - own portfolio	2,106,645	4,696,790	-	4,696,790
Funds from acceptance and issue of securities	3,713,974	3,735,260	-	3,735,260
Borrowings and onlendings	2,518,697	2,518,697	-	2,518,697
Derivative financial instruments	124,586	124,586	-	124,586
Debts and financial bills subordinated	1,196,694	1,196,694	-	1,196,694
	2025			
ASSETS				
Investments in interbank deposits	22,880	22,880	22,880	-
Marketable securities	17,068,941	17,068,941	8,143,968	8,924,973
Derivative financial instruments	57,155	57,155	-	57,155
Credit operations	22,143,729	23,807,294	-	23,807,294
LIABILITIES				
Deposits	22,390,791	23,242,592	-	23,242,592
Funds obtained in the open market - own portfolio	5,682,641	5,717,054	-	5,717,054
Funds from acceptance and issue of securities	3,504,996	3,523,253	-	3,523,253
Borrowings and onlendings	2,443,499	2,443,499	-	2,443,499
Derivative financial instruments	83,758	83,758	-	83,758
Debts and financial bills subordinated	1,142,386	1,142,386	-	1,142,386

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	Bank			
	Book value	Fair value	Level 1	Level 2
	2026			
ASSETS				
Investments in interbank deposits	840,503	840,503	840,503	-
Marketable securities	9,739,895	9,739,895	4,291,824	5,448,071
Derivative financial instruments	57,155	57,155	-	57,155
Credit operations	20,893,459	21,384,278	-	21,384,278
LIABILITIES				
Deposits	23,415,512	23,923,193	-	23,923,193
Funds obtained in the open market - own portfolio	2,106,645	4,696,790	-	4,696,790
Funds from acceptance and issue of securities	3,713,974	3,735,260	-	3,735,260
Borrowings and onlendings	2,518,697	2,518,697	-	2,518,697
Derivative financial instruments	124,586	124,586	-	124,586
Debts and financial bills subordinated	1,196,694	1,196,694	-	1,196,694
	2025			
ASSETS				
Investments in interbank deposits	633,276	633,276	633,276	-
Marketable securities	14,299,176	14,299,176	7,881,397	6,417,779
Derivative financial instruments	54,342	54,342	-	54,342
Credit operations	20,743,013	22,406,178	-	22,406,178
LIABILITIES				
Deposits	23,774,851	24,481,883	-	24,481,883
Funds obtained in the open market - own portfolio	5,682,641	5,717,054	-	5,717,054
Funds from acceptance and issue of securities	3,504,996	3,523,253	-	3,523,253
Borrowings and onlendings	2,443,499	2,443,499	-	2,443,499
Derivative financial instruments	83,758	83,758	-	83,758
Debts and financial bills subordinated	1,142,386	1,142,386	-	1,142,386

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximize the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value of an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3.

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- quoted market prices or financial institution or dealer quotes for similar instruments;
- the fair value of interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on yield curves adopted by the market;
- the fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined using forward exchange rates at the balance sheet date, with the resulting value discounted back to present value;
- other techniques, such as discounted cash flow analysis, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

22. Other Information

(a) Commitments and Guarantees

Guarantees and sureties given by the Consolidated to customers amount to R$361,264 (12/31/2025 - R$351,378) and are subject to financial charges and counter-guarantees from the beneficiaries.

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With the advent of CMN Resolution No. 4,966/21, referring to the treatment for financial guarantees provided, the balance of the provision for endorsements and sureties, had a negative impact on the result in the period ended September 30, 2026 of R$5,496 (09/30/2025 – negative in R$5,356).

(b) Agreements for the clearing and settlement of liabilities in the National Financial System environment

In order to allow the offsetting of credits and debits held with a single counterparty, whose maturities of the rights and obligations may be accelerated to the date on which the event of default by either parties occurs, the Bmg Conglomerate, pursuant to CMN Resolution 3,263, of February 24, 2005, entered into compensation agreements in the scope of derivative agreements, as well as agreements for the offset and settlement of assets and liabilities.

(c) Supplemental information

There were no non-recurring results in the periods ended September 30, 2026 and September 30, 2025.

(d) Commitment Agreement with INSS

As disclosed in the Market Announcement released on October 31, 2025, Banco Bmg S.A. (“Bank”), in compliance with CVM Resolution No. 44/21, informed its shareholders and the market in general that, aiming to ensure the continuity of payroll loan operations with the National Institute of Social Security (INSS), it entered into a Commitment Agreement with INSS. This Agreement reinforces the Bank’s commitment to transparency, governance, and the continuous improvement of the customer experience, including measures to enhance security and clarity in loan agreements.

Among these measures, the expansion of video call-based formalization stands out—a practice already adopted by the Bank in payroll credit card operations and now extended to all INSS payroll loan operations. These initiatives reflect the Bank’s purpose of strengthening its institutional relationship with INSS, promoting an ethical, responsible, and customer-centered credit journey, aligned with best corporate governance practices

(e) CVM Resolution No. 223/24 – OCPC 10 – Carbon Credits, Emission Allowances and Decarbonization Credits (CBIOs)

On December 16, 2024, the Brazilian Securities and Exchange Commission (CVM) issued CVM Resolution No. 223/24, which made Technical Guidance OCPC 10 – Carbon Credits, Emission Allowances and Decarbonization Credits (CBIOs) mandatory for publicly traded companies, effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2025. Management assessed the requirements of such technical guidance and concluded that it did not have a material impact on the Financial Statements for the period, as Banco Bmg S.A. had no material transactions involving carbon credits, emission allowances or CBIOs as of September 30, 2026.

(f) Subsequent event

On November 5, 2026, Banco Bmg S.A. informed its shareholders and the market in general that its Board of Directors, at a meeting held on that date, approved the declaration and payment of Interest on Equity (“IoE”) related to the third quarter of 2026, in the total gross amount of R$ 64.0 million, equivalent to R$ 0.10 per common and preferred share issued by the Bank (the “Shares” or individually a “Share”), subject to a 17.5% withholding income tax, resulting in a net amount of R$ 0.0825 per Share. Legal-entity shareholders that are demonstrably exempt or immune from such withholding tax are excluded from this retention.

Payment to shareholders will be made on December 4, 2026, based on the shareholding position as of the close of business on November 23, 2026. Accordingly, as from November 24, 2026 (inclusive), the Bank’s Shares will be traded on an ex-rights basis.

23. Risk management

1. Risk and Capital Management Structure and Sensitivity Analysis

For Bmg’s Prudential Conglomerate, risk and capital management is essential to maximizing capital efficiency and selecting business opportunities, while ensuring the integrity and independence of its processes. Accordingly, based on risk management best practices, Bmg’s Prudential Conglomerate has developed policies, systems and internal controls designed to mitigate and control potential losses arising from exposure to the risks inherent in its activities, supported by processes and procedures appropriate to its operating activities.

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In this context, Bmg's Prudential Conglomerate manages capital, liquidity, market, credit, operational, and social, environmental and climate-related risks through specific measures for each type of risk, as summarized below. Other Pillar II risks, such as reputational, strategic and socio-environmental risks, are also monitored by the Risk and Compliance Department and reported to the Risk and Capital Management Committee.

The document detailing the risk management framework and related guidelines, together with the Pillar 3 Report, is available on the Bank's Investor Relations website (www.bancobmg.com.br/ri/), under Corporate Governance, Risk Management.

1.1 Capital Management

Banco Bmg opted to create a centralized capital management framework for the Consolidated, appointing a director responsible for the full structure.

The Risk and Capital Management Committee is primarily responsible for promoting discussions about capital management.

The Committee is led by the Finance, Risk and Compliance Board in order to present the current Basel Ratio to the Board of Directors and other executive officers, along with the projections for the next three years.

Among the Committee's main activities are:

- Promote discussions and decisions on issues related to policies, procedures, methodologies and processes related to managing capital and the Capital Plan as set forth in this Policy paper;
- Validate the Capital Management Policy and the Organization's Capital Plan and submit them for approval by the Executive Board and the Board of Directors;
- Submit the committee's deliberations affecting Policy and the Capital Plan to the Executive Board and the Board of Directors;
- Monitor the effectiveness of the capital management process within the Organization, including the possible impacts on capital, deriving from the risks associated with non-financial companies that are part of the consolidated economic-financial group;
- Report to the Board of Directors the significant changes in the financial projections and future capital requirements, as well as possible significant changes in relation to the strategies adopted, the amount of capital to be allocated and the effects of stress tests within the Organization;
- To regularly report all the activities of the Committee to the Board of Directors.

The Finance Superintendence is the unit responsible for managing the Bmg Consolidated capital as well as the assessment of potential impacts on the capital arising from risks associated with non-financial companies that are part of the consolidated economic financial group.

Quantitative data regarding regulatory capital requirements as well as compliance with the capital requirements provided for in the regulations in force can be seen in "Note 3 - Capital requirements and limits of fixed assets."

1.2 Credit Risk

Banco Bmg's operating strategy is focused on the Retail segment, offering efficient credit solutions for different client profiles.

As a result, the main credit products are: Payroll loan, Payroll Loan Credit Card, Crédito na Conta (direct debit personal loans) and BMG Empresas (Companies), the possibility of developing other products that show growth and profitability potential remains open. With the consolidation of Bmg as a digital bank, the non-consigned credit card portfolio has seen significant growth.

The credit policies specific to each product are established based on internal and external factors, taking into account the economic environment and the risk appetite profile of the institution.

Among the most notable internal factors are: portfolio quality, margins, the company's goals and targets; external factors: variation of the clients' capacity to pay due to an economic slowdown, inflation, unemployment, crises, etc.

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The credit award process is based on an assessment of the risk x return of the operation, establishing limits to clients according to their degree of exposure to risk and verification of the reported registration data. As part of the assessment, credit bureaus may be consulted to assist in the decision and risk classification of the client.

The monitoring of credit policies is conducted through regular performance reports that, presenting variations (improved or worsening performance), will indicate a possible need for review, adapting to the new dynamics.

1.3 Market Risk

The shareholders and directors of the Bmg Conglomerate are cognizant that the effective management of this risk, coupled with an effective control based on best practices and operational tools, ensures that the institution is adequately capitalized and secure, and is aware of its advantages and disadvantages in terms of returns and risks.

It also considers that all the hierarchical levels of the institution have roles and responsibilities in relation to the management of market risk in its activities, for the effectiveness of controls.

The management area uses practices and technologies for daily measurements and monitoring of defined limits, sensitivity and stress to fluctuations in foreign exchange exposure, interest rates, stock and commodity prices, even forecasting the risks inherent in new activities and products, adapting the necessary controls and procedures.

The Bmg Prudential Conglomerate is conservative regarding exposure to market risk, establishing limits for positioning in certain markets and products, and limiting losses resulting from fluctuations in market values, with daily monitoring of these limits carried out by an area independent of that of the position manager.

The Market Risk management area monitors compliance with limits and distributes management reports about the control of the positions, as well as reports and regular presentations, to senior management.

In addition to verification of compliance with the established limits, the results of the measurements involving normal and stress situations and the running of compliance tests are disclosed through the Monthly Market Risk Letter to the full Executive Board and the Assets and Liabilities Committee.

1.4 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk management aims to keep structured control systems in line with the institution's operating profiles. They are periodically reassessed to allow ongoing monitoring of positions taken in all financial and capital market operations, to highlight and mitigate the liquidity risk arising from its activities.

Liquidity risk is defined as the occurrence of imbalances between tradable assets and liabilities - "mismatches" between payments and receipts - which may affect the institution's payment capacity, taking into consideration the different currencies and settlement terms of their rights and obligations.

The Bmg Conglomerate is concerned about liquidity risk management, delegating the monitoring mission to suitably qualified professionals with the necessary knowledge for effective control and meeting the requirements of regulatory bodies, in consonance with the principles established by the Basel accord.

Liquidity risk management shall ensure that risks affecting the achievement of the institution's strategies and objectives are continuously assessed. Internal controls should be reviewed to appropriately cover new or previously uncontrolled risks.

1.5 Operational Risk

Bmg Conglomerate considers operational risk management an essential tool for maximizing efficiency in the use of capital and in the choice of business opportunities, providing an adequate understanding of the risks associated with its business, so that events that may adversely interfere with the achievement of the objectives are identified and treated.

It also considers that the responsibility for risk management must be exercised by all employees, regardless of their hierarchical level, who must express concerns when failures in controls or violations of the rules defined by the Bmg Conglomerate are identified.

The strategy is characterized by the monitoring of all known and potential risks of the institution and service providers, aiming at the implementation of adequate controls, considering the cost/benefit of each item evaluated.

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The risk events that materialize and have financial, image or regulatory impact must be controlled, in order to identify and treat the root cause in order to avoid recurrences. These events will be reported according to their impact and criticality to Banco Bmg's senior management.

1.6 Social, Environmental and Climate Risk

Social, environmental and climate-related risks are defined as the possibility of financial or reputational losses to the Institution arising from events associated with violations of fundamental rights and guarantees or matters of common interest (social risk), environmental degradation and the excessive use of natural resources (environmental risk), the transition to a low-carbon economy (climate transition risk), and changes in climate patterns (physical climate risk).

The management of these risks is one of the guidelines that contribute to compliance with the principles of social, environmental and climate-related responsibility that guide the Group's business activities, as established in the Social, Environmental and Climate-related Responsibility Policy (PRSAC).

Risk management practices are designed to identify, measure, assess, monitor, report, control and mitigate the social, environmental and climate-related risks to which Bmg is exposed through its operations, activities, businesses, products, investments and relationships with stakeholders.

These activities are detailed in the Social, Environmental and Climate-related Risk Standard (NRSAC), in accordance with the guidelines set forth in CMN Resolution No. 4,557/2017 and other applicable regulations. The processes described therein include social, environmental and climate-related risk assessments performed during onboarding and as part of the credit approval process.

All retail and wholesale customers, as well as suppliers and other stakeholders subject to the onboarding process, undergo a standard social, environmental and climate-related risk assessment (RSAC), focused on identifying social, environmental and climate-related risk issues.

As part of the credit approval process, and taking into account the principles of relevance and proportionality, wholesale customers operating in sectors classified as critical or restricted are also subject to a detailed RSAC assessment, under which a social, environmental and climate-related risk rating is assigned to each customer based on the Bank's internal methodology.

Developments related to this matter within the Institution, together with social, environmental and climate-related risk management indicators, are reported every two months to the Risk and Capital Management Committee (CGRC).

1.7 Sensitivity Analysis

(a) Assets and liabilities

In compliance with art. 35 of BCB Resolution No. 2/20, Banco Bmg conducted a sensitivity analysis through the "Stress Testing Program" as defined in its risk policies, applying the following factors to assets and liabilities, adopting each of the scenarios listed below:

- **Optimistic:** we considered a productivity improvement of 10%, increase in credit quality by 10% (lower loan loss provision - Expected Loss), reduction of funding rates by 10%, reduction in provisions for contingencies by 10%.

- **Pessimistic 1:** we considered a 10% worsening in productivity, a 10% worsening credit quality (higher expected loss), an increase in funding rates by 10%, and an increase in contingency provisions by 10%.

- **Pessimistic 2:** we considered a productivity decrease of 20%, credit quality worsening by 20% (higher expected loss), increase in funding rates by 20%, increase in provisions for contingencies by 20%.

- **Pessimistic 3**: simulation of reverse stress where we stress the main variables to the point of zeroing out the Bank's Net Profit.

	Consolidated			
	Net effect on the result			
	Optimistic	Pessimistic 1	Pessimistic 2	Pessimistic 3
Productivity	180,532	(180,532)	(361,063)	(541,595)
Credit quality	154,048	(154,048)	(308,095)	(462,143)
Funding rates	62,787	(62,787)	(125,574)	(188,362)
Provisions for contingencies	59,762	(59,762)	(119,525)	(179,288)

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	Bank			
	Net effect on the result			
	Optimistic	Pessimistic 1	Pessimistic 2	Pessimistic 3
Productivity	99,292	(99,292)	(198,585)	(297,877)
Credit quality	84,726	(84,726)	(169,452)	(254,179)
Funding rates	34,533	(34,533)	(69,066)	(103,599)
Provisions for contingencies	32,869	(32,869)	(65,739)	(98,608)

(b) Market Risk

In compliance with CVM, Banco Bmg carried out a sensitivity analysis for relevant market risk factors.

Financial instruments are segregated in the trading and banking (non-trading) portfolios, such as in the management of the market risk exposure, in accordance with the best market practices and with the classification criteria of operations and capital management of the BACEN Basel III new standardized method. The banking portfolio consists of commercial and structural operations arising from the Group's various lines of business and possible hedges. Therefore, the entire Group portfolio to be analyzed for market risk is classified as banking.

The summary table below shows the effects of changes in prices in the projected scenarios and does not necessarily reflect the current position, due to the dynamism of the market and the Group's activities.

Stress tests provide an indication of the potential volume of losses that could arise from extreme market situations. For the non-trading portfolio, stress tests are performed by the Risk area.

Risk Factors	Definition	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3
Foreign currency	Exposures subject to exchange variation	(1,159)	(2,897)	(5,795)
Interest rate in reais	Exposures subject to pre-fixed interest rate changes	(58,105)	(145,261)	(290,523)
Foreign exchange coupon	Exposures subject to variation of coupon rates in foreign currency	(1,674)	(4,186)	(8,372)
IPCA/IGPM	Exposures subject to price index coupon rate variation	699	1,747	3,494
TR	Exposures subject to the Reference Rate (TR)	(7,877)	(19,692)	(39,384)
Total		**(68,116)**	**(170,289)**	**(340,580)**

The Group's financial instruments are classified as Banking Portfolio. They consist of credit operations, instruments for raising funds to finance the loan portfolio, securities classified fair value through other comprehensive income and derivative financial instruments intended to hedge other operations classified in this portfolio (assets or liabilities),

The identified risk factors:

Interest curve – loss due to price variations due to changes in the fixed interest rate in reais;

Foreign exchange coupon – loss due to changes in price due to changes in the domestic interest rate for operations indexed to the exchange rate variation;

Exchange – loss arising from changes in price due to changes in any currency.

Assumptions for risk factors		
Scenario	Interest curve (pre) and Currency Coupon Curve	Foreign Exchange
1	Parallel offset + 100 basis points	Increase of 10%
2	Parallel offset + 250 basis points	Increase of 25%
3	Parallel offset + 500 basis points	Increase of 50%

- Scenario 1 represents a parallel shock of 100 basis points (+1%) on interest and exchange coupon curves plus a 10% shock on exchange rates.
- Scenario 2 represents a parallel shock of 250 basis points (+2.5%) on interest and exchange coupon curves plus a 25% shock on the exchange rates.
- Scenario 3 represents a parallel shock of 500 basis points (+5%) on interest and exchange coupon curves plus a 50% shock on the exchange rates.

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Carlos André Hermesindo da Silva
(Controller and Chief Finance Officer)

Marco Antonio Antunes
(Chairman and Specialist Member of the Audit Committee)

Emerson Jezuino Teodoro Silvestre
CRC - 1SP183479/O-1
(Accountant in Charge)

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STATEMENT OF THE DIRECTORS ABOUT THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In compliance with the provisions of art. 27, paragraph 1, item VI, of the CVM Resolution No. 80/2022, Banco Bmg S.A.'s Directors hereby declare that, according to their cognizance of the matter, they reviewed, discussed and agreed with the Bank's individual and consolidated interim Financial Statements for the period ended September 30, 2026.

STATEMENT OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND INVESTOR RELATIONS OFFICER

In compliance with the provisions of art. 27, paragraph 1, item V, of the CVM Resolution No. 80/2022, the directors of the Banco Bmg S.A., hereby declare that they have reviewed, discussed and agree with the individual and consolidated interim Financial Statements for the period ended September 30, 2026, disclosed in this date, as well as that they had reviewed, discussed and agreed with the conclusions expressed in the audit report of the independent auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditores Independentes Ltda., and in the opinion of the Fiscal Council for the period ended September 30, 2026.

São Paulo, November 5, 2026.

Executive Officers

Carlos André Hermesindo da Silva

Flávio Pentagna Guimarães Neto